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(54) **GENES AND POLYMORPHISMS
ASSOCIATED WITH CARDIOVASCULAR
DISEASE AND THEIR USE**

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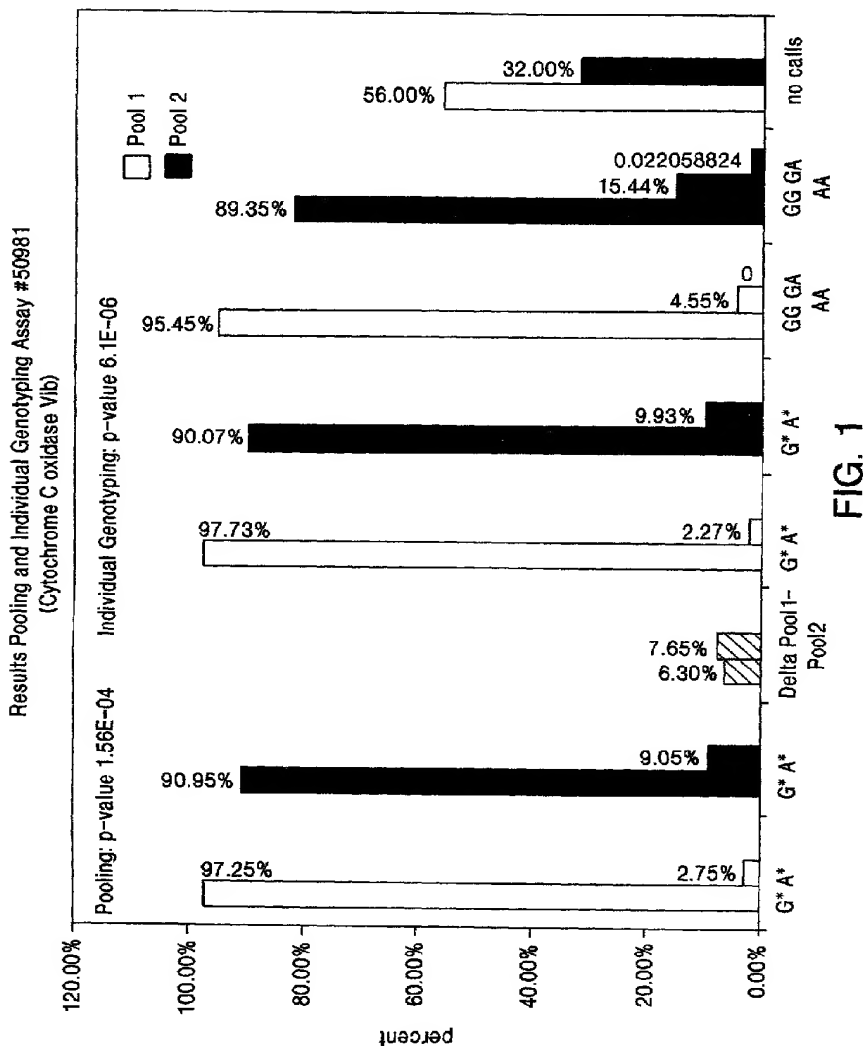
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Genes and polymorphisms associated with cardiovascular disease, methods that use the polymorphism to detect a predisposition to developing high cholesterol, low HDL or cardiovascular disease, to profile the response of subjects to therapeutic drugs and to develop therapeutic drugs are provided.



Results Pooling and Individual Genotyping Assay # 52278
(N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component)

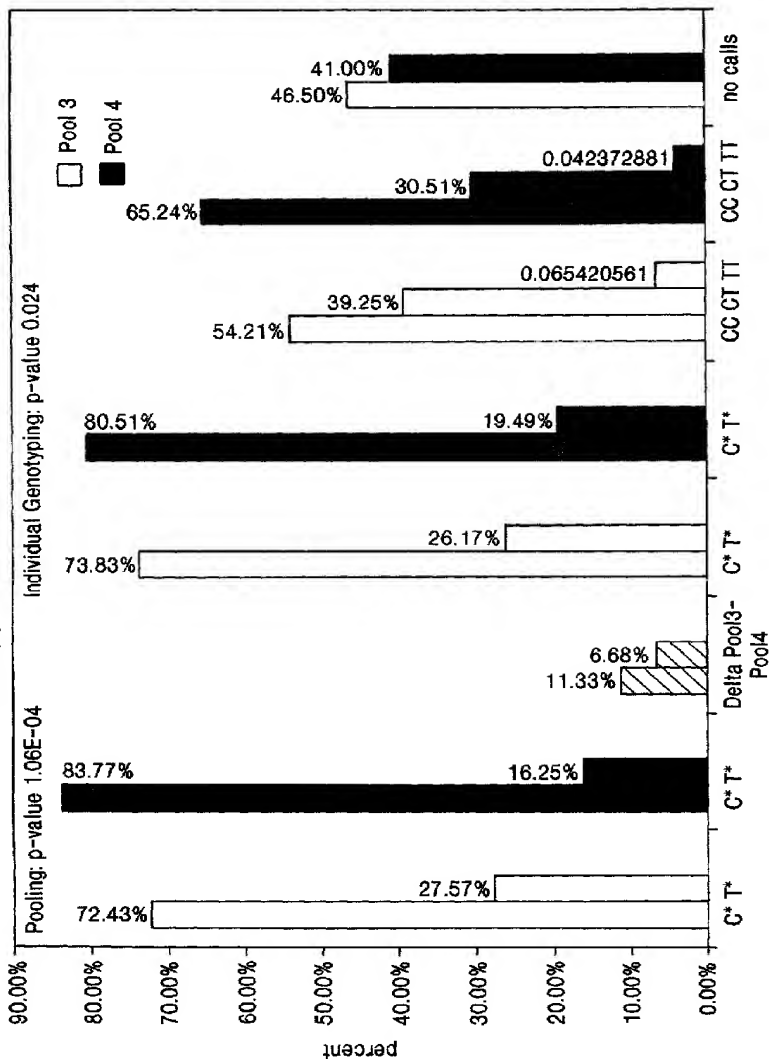


FIG. 2

GENES AND POLYMORPHISMS ASSOCIATED WITH CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE AND THEIR USE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The field of the invention involves genes and polymorphisms of these genes that are associated with development of cardiovascular disease. Methods that use polymorphic markers for prognosticating, profiling drug response and drug discovery are provided.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Diseases in all organisms have a genetic component, whether inherited or resulting from the body's response to environmental stresses, such as viruses and toxins. The ultimate goal of ongoing genomic research is to use this information to develop new ways to identify, treat and potentially cure these diseases. The first step has been to screen disease tissue and identify genomic changes at the level of individual samples. The identification of these "disease" markers has then fueled the development and commercialization of diagnostic tests that detect these errant genes or polymorphisms. With the increasing numbers of genetic markers, including single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), microsatellites, tandem repeats, newly mapped introns and exons, the challenge to the medical and pharmaceutical communities is to identify genotypes which not only identify the disease but also follow the progression of the disease and are predictive of an organism's response to treatment.

[0003] Polymorphisms

[0004] Polymorphisms have been known since 1901 with the identification of blood types. In the 1950's they were identified on the level of proteins using large population genetic studies. In the 1980's and 1990's many of the known protein polymorphisms were correlated with genetic loci on genomic DNA. For example, the gene dose of the apolipoprotein E type 4 allele was correlated with the risk of Alzheimer's disease in late onset families (see, e.g., Corder et al. (1993) *Science* 261: 921-923; mutation in blood coagulation factor V was associated with resistance to activated protein C (see, e.g., Bertina et al. (1994) *Nature* 369:64-67); resistance to HIV-1 infection has been shown in Caucasian individuals bearing mutant alleles of the CCR-5 chemokine receptor gene (see, e.g., Samson et al. (1996) *Nature* 382:722-725); and a hypermutable tract in antigen presenting cells (APC, such as macrophages), has been identified in familial colorectal cancer in individuals of Ashkenazi Jewish background (see, e.g., Laken et al. (1997) *Nature Genet.* 17:79-83). There may be more than three million polymorphic sites in the human genome. Many have been identified, but not yet characterized or mapped or associated with a disease. Polymorphisms of the genome can lead to altered gene function, protein function or mRNA instability. To identify those polymorphisms that have clinical relevance is the goal of a world-wide scientific effort. Discovery of such polymorphisms will have a fundamental impact on the identification and development of diagnostics and drug discovery.

[0005] Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) Much of the focus of genomics has been in the identification of SNPs, which are important for a variety of reasons. They allow

indirect testing (association of haplotypes) and direct testing (functional variants). They are the most abundant and stable genetic markers. Common diseases are best explained by common genetic alterations, and the natural variation in the human population aids in understanding disease, therapy and environmental interactions.

[0006] The organization of SNPs in the primary sequence of a gene into one of the limited number of combinations that exist as units of inheritance is termed a haplotype. Each haplotype therefore contains significantly more information than individual unorganized polymorphisms and provides an accurate measurement of the genomic variation in the two chromosomes of an individual. While it is well-established that many diseases are associated with specific variation in gene sequences and there are examples in which individual polymorphisms act as genetic markers for a particular phenotype, in other cases an individual polymorphism may be found in a variety of genomic backgrounds and therefore shows no definitive coupling between the polymorphism and the phenotype. In these instances, the observed haplotype and its frequency of occurrence in various genotypes will provide a better genetic marker for the phenotype.

[0007] Although risk factors for the development of cardiovascular disease are known, such as high serum cholesterol levels and low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL) levels, the genetic basis for the manifestation of these phenotypes remains unknown. An understanding of the genes that are responsible for controlling cholesterol and HDL levels, along with useful genetic markers and mutations in these genes that affect these phenotypes, will allow for detection of a predisposition for these risk factors and/or cardiovascular disease and the development of therapeutics to modulate such alterations. Therefore, it is an object herein to provide methods for using polymorphic markers to detect a predisposition to the manifestation of high serum cholesterol, low serum HDL and cardiovascular disease. The ultimate goals are the elucidation of pathological pathways, developing new diagnostic assays, determining genetic profiles for positive responses to therapeutic drugs, identifying new potential drug targets and identifying new drug candidates.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] A database of twins was screened for individuals which exhibit high or low levels of serum cholesterol or HDL. Using a full genome scanning approach SNPs present in DNA samples from these individuals were examined for alleles that associate with either high levels of cholesterol or low levels of HDL. This lead to the discovery of the association of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene and the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene with these risks factors for developing cardiovascular disease. Specifically, a previously undetermined association of an allelic variant at nucleotide 86 of the COX6B gene and high serum cholesterol levels has been discovered. In addition, it has been discovered that an allelic variant at nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene is associated with low serum HDL levels. There was no previously known association between these two genes and risk factors related to cardiovascular disease.

[0009] Methods are provided for detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant associated with high

cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease by detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B gene or the GPI-1 gene, individually or in combination with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0010] Also provided are methods for indicating a predisposition to manifesting high serum cholesterol, low serum HDL and/or cardiovascular disease based on detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes, alone or in combination with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. These methods, referred to as haplotyping, are based on assaying more than one polymorphism of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes. One or more polymorphisms of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease may also be assayed at the same time. A collection of allelic variants of one or more genes may be more informative than a single allelic variant of any one gene. A single polymorphism of a collection of polymorphisms present in the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes and in other genes associated with cardiovascular disease may be assayed individually or the collection may be assayed simultaneously using a multiplex assay method.

[0011] Also provided are microarrays comprising a probe selected from among an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence, an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding the position of the antisense strand of COX6B corresponding to position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence; an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene and an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding the position of the antisense strand of GPI-1 corresponding to position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene. Microarrays are well known and can be made, for example, using methods set forth in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,837,832; 5,858,659; 6,043,136; 6,043,031 and 6,156,501.

[0012] Further provided are methods of utilizing allelic variants of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene individually or together with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease to predict a subject's response to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, serum HDL, or a cardiovascular drug.

[0013] Also provided are methods to screen candidate biologically active agents for modulation of cholesterol, HDL or other factors associated with cardiovascular disease. These methods utilize cells or transgenic animals containing one or more allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene alone or in combination with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. Such animals should exhibit high cholesterol, low HDL or other known phenotypes associated with cardiovascular disease. Also, provided are methods to construct transgenic animals that are useful as models for cardiovascular disease by using one or more allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene alone or in combination with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0014] Further provided are combinations of probes and primers and kits for predicting a predisposition to high

serum cholesterol, low HDL levels and/or cardiovascular disease. In particular, combinations and kits comprise probes or primers which are capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at polymorphic regions of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 gene. The combinations and kits can also contain probes or primers which are capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at polymorphic regions of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. The kits also optionally contain instructions for carrying out assays, interpreting results and for aiding in diagnosing a subject as having a predisposition towards developing high serum cholesterol, low HDL levels and/or cardiovascular disease. Combinations and kits are also provided for predicting a subject's response to a therapeutic agent directed toward modulating cholesterol, HDL, or another phenotype associated with cardiovascular disease. Such combinations and kits comprise probes or primers as described above.

[0015] In particular for the methods, combinations, kits and arrays described above, the polymorphisms are SNPs. The detection or identification is of a T nucleotide at position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence or the detection or identification of an A nucleotide at the corresponding position in the antisense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence. Also embodied is the detection or identification of an A nucleotide at position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene or the detection or identification of a T nucleotide at the corresponding position in the antisense strand of the GPI-1 gene. In addition to the SNPs discussed above, other polymorphisms of the COX6B and GPI-1 genes can be assayed for association with high cholesterol or low HDL, respectively, and utilized as disclosed above.

[0016] Other genes containing allelic variants associated with high serum cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease, include, but are not limited to: cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

[0017] The detection of the presence or absence of an allelic variant can utilize, but are not limited to, methods such as allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

[0018] In particular, primers utilized in primer specific extension hybridize adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the COX6B gene or nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene or the corresponding positions on the antisense strand (numbers refer to GenBank sequences, see pages 15-17). A primer can be extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide, particularly ddG, or two dideoxynucleotides, particularly ddG and ddC. Preferably, detection of extension products is by mass spectrometry. Detection of allelic variants can also involve signal moieties such as radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

[0019] Other probes and primers useful for the detection of allelic variants include those which hybridize at or adjacent to the SNPs described in Tables 1-3 and specifically those that comprise SEQ ID NOs.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] **FIG. 1** depicts the allelic frequency and genotype for pools and individually determined samples of blood from individuals having low cholesterol levels and those with high cholesterol levels.

[0021] **FIG. 2** depicts the allelic frequency and genotype for pools and individually determined samples of blood from individuals having high HDL levels and those with low HDL levels.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0022] A. Definitions

[0023] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as is commonly understood by one of skill in the art to which this invention belongs. All patents, patent applications and publications referred to throughout the disclosure herein are, unless noted otherwise, incorporated by reference in their entirety. In the event that there are a plurality of definitions for terms herein, those in this section prevail.

[0024] As used herein, sequencing refers to the process of determining a nucleotide sequence and can be performed using any method known to those of skill in the art. For example, if a polymorphism is identified or known, and it is desired to assess its frequency or presence in nucleic acid samples taken from the subjects that comprise the database, the region of interest from the samples can be isolated, such as by PCR or restriction fragments, hybridization or other suitable method known to those of skill in the art, and sequenced. For purposes herein, sequencing analysis is preferably effected using mass spectrometry (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,547,835, 5,622,824, 5,851,765, and 5,928,906). Nucleic acids can also be sequenced by hybridization (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,503,980, 5,631,134, 5,795,714) and including analysis by mass spectrometry (see, U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/419,994 and 09/395,409). Alternatively, sequencing may be performed using other known methods, such as set forth in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,525,464; 5,695,940; 5,834,189; 5,869,242; 5,876,934; 5,908,755; 5,912,118; 5,952,174; 5,976,802; 5,981,186; 5,998,143; 6,004,744; 6,017,702; 6,018,041; 6,025,136; 6,046,005; 6,087,095; 6,117,634; 6,013,431; WO 98/30883; WO 98/56954; WO 99/09218; WO/00/58519, and the others.

[0025] As used herein, "polymorphism" refers to the coexistence of more than one form of a gene or portion thereof. A portion of a gene of which there are at least two different forms, i.e., two different nucleotide sequences, is referred to as a "polymorphic region of a gene". A polymorphic region can be a single nucleotide, the identity of which differs in different alleles. A polymorphic region can also be several nucleotides in length.

[0026] As used herein, "polymorphic gene" refers to a gene having at least one polymorphic region.

[0027] As used herein, "allele", which is used interchangeably herein with "allelic variant" refers to alternative forms of a gene or portions thereof. Alleles occupy the same locus or position on homologous chromosomes. When a subject has two identical alleles of a gene, the subject is said to be homozygous for the gene or allele. When a subject has two different alleles of a gene, the subject is said to be heterozygous for the gene. Alleles of a specific gene can differ from each other in a single nucleotide, or several nucleotides, and can include substitutions, deletions, and insertions of nucleotides. An allele of a gene can also be a form of a gene containing a mutation.

[0028] As used herein, the term "subject" refers to mammals and in particular human beings.

[0029] As used herein, the term "gene" or "recombinant gene" refers to a nucleic acid molecule comprising an open reading frame and including at least one exon and (optionally) at least one intron sequence. A gene can be either RNA or DNA. Genes may include regions preceding and following the coding region (leader and trailer).

[0030] As used herein, "intron" refers to a DNA sequence present in a given gene which is spliced out during mRNA maturation.

[0031] As used herein, the term "coding sequence" refers to that portion of a gene that encodes an amino acid sequence of a protein.

[0032] As used herein, the term "sense strand" refers to that strand of a double-stranded nucleic acid molecule that encodes the sequence of the mRNA that encodes the amino acid sequence encoded by the double-stranded nucleic acid molecule.

[0033] As used herein, the term "antisense strand" refers to that strand of a double-stranded nucleic acid molecule that is the complement of the sequence of the mRNA that encodes the amino acid sequence encoded by the double-stranded nucleic acid molecule.

[0034] As used herein, a DNA or nucleic acid homolog refers to a nucleic acid that includes a preselected conserved nucleotide sequence. By the term "substantially homologous" is meant having at least 80%, preferably at least 90%, most preferably at least 95% homology therewith or a less percentage of homology or identity and conserved biological activity or function.

[0035] Regarding hybridization, as used herein, stringency conditions to achieve specific hybridization refer to the washing conditions for removing the non-specific probes or primers and conditions that are equivalent to either high, medium, or low stringency as described below:

[0036] 1) high stringency: 0.1× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 65° C.

[0037] 2) medium stringency: 0.2× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 50° C.

[0038] 3) low stringency: 1.0× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 50° C.

[0039] It is understood that equivalent stringencies may be achieved using alternative buffers, salts and temperatures.

[0040] As used herein, "heterologous DNA" is DNA that encodes RNA and proteins that are not normally produced in

vivo by the cell in which it is expressed or that mediates or encodes mediators that alter expression of endogenous DNA by affecting transcription, translation, or other regulatable biochemical processes or is not present in the exact orientation or position as the counterpart DNA in a wildtype cell. Heterologous DNA may also be referred to as foreign DNA. Any DNA that one of skill in the art would recognize or consider as heterologous or foreign to the cell in which is expressed is herein encompassed by heterologous DNA. Examples of heterologous DNA include, but are not limited to, DNA that encodes traceable marker proteins, such as a protein that confers drug resistance, DNA that encodes therapeutically effective substances, such as anti-cancer agents, enzymes and hormones, and DNA that encodes other types of proteins, such as antibodies. Antibodies that are encoded by heterologous DNA may be secreted or expressed on the surface of the cell in which the heterologous DNA has been introduced.

[0041] As used herein, a "promoter region" refers to the portion of DNA of a gene that controls transcription of the DNA to which it is operatively linked. The promoter region includes specific sequences of DNA that are sufficient for RNA polymerase recognition, binding and transcription initiation. This portion of the promoter region is referred to as the promoter. In addition, the promoter region includes sequences that modulate this recognition, binding and transcription initiation activity of the RNA polymerase. These sequences may be cis acting or may be responsive to trans acting factors. Promoters, depending upon the nature of the regulation, may be constitutive or regulated.

[0042] As used herein, the phrase "operatively linked" generally means the sequences or segments have been covalently joined into one piece of DNA, whether in single or double stranded form, whereby control or regulatory sequences on one segment control or permit expression or replication or other such control of other segments. The two segments are not necessarily contiguous. For gene expression a DNA sequence and a regulatory sequence(s) are connected in such a way to control or permit gene expression when the appropriate molecular, e.g., transcriptional activator proteins, are bound to the regulatory sequence(s).

[0043] As used herein, the term "vector" refers to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of preferred vector is an episome, i.e., a nucleic acid capable of extra-chromosomal replication. Preferred vectors are those capable of autonomous replication and/or expression of nucleic acids to which they are linked. Vectors capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operatively linked are referred to herein as "expression vectors". In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of "plasmids" which refer generally to circular double stranded DNA loops which, in their vector form are not bound to the chromosome. "Plasmid" and "vector" are used interchangeably as the plasmid is the most commonly used form of vector. Also included are other forms of expression vectors that serve equivalent functions and that become known in the art subsequently hereto.

[0044] As used herein, "indicating" or "determining" means that the presence or absence of an allelic variant may be one of many factors that are considered when a subject's predisposition to a disease or disorder is evaluated. Thus a

predisposition to a disease or disorder is not necessarily conclusively determined by only ascertaining the presence or absence of one or more allelic variants, but the presence of one of more of such variants is among an number of factors considered.

[0045] As used herein, "predisposition to develop a disease or disorder" means that a subject having a particular genotype and/or haplotype has a higher likelihood than one not having such a genotype and/or haplotype for developing a particular disease or disorder.

[0046] As used herein, "transgenic animal" refers to any animal, preferably a non-human animal, e.g. a mammal, bird or an amphibian, in which one or more of the cells of the animal contain heterologous nucleic acid introduced by way of human intervention, such as by transgenic techniques well known in the art. The nucleic acid is introduced into the cell, directly or indirectly by introduction into a precursor of the cell, by way of deliberate genetic manipulation, such as by microinjection or by infection with a recombinant virus. The term genetic manipulation does not include classical cross-breeding, or in vitro fertilization, but rather is directed to the introduction of a recombinant DNA molecule. This molecule may be integrated within a chromosome, or it may be extrachromosomally replicating DNA. In the typical transgenic animals described herein, the transgene causes cells to express a recombinant form of a protein. However, transgenic animals in which the recombinant gene is silent are also contemplated, as for example, using the FLP or CRE recombinase dependent constructs. Moreover, "transgenic animal" also includes those recombinant animals in which gene disruption of one or more genes is caused by human intervention, including both recombination and antisense techniques.

[0047] As used herein, "associated" refers to coincidence with the development or manifestation of a disease, condition or phenotype. Association may be due to, but is not limited to, genes responsible for housekeeping functions, those that are part of a pathway that is involved in a specific disease, condition or phenotype and those that indirectly contribute to the manifestation of a disease, condition or phenotype.

[0048] As used herein, "high serum cholesterol" refers to a level of serum cholesterol that is greater than that considered to be in the normal range for a given age in a population, e.g., about 5.25 mmol/L or greater, i.e., approximately one standard deviation or more away from the age-adjusted mean.

[0049] As used herein, "low serum HDL" refers to a level of serum HDL that is less than that considered to be in the normal range for a given age in a population, e.g. about 1.11 mmol/L or less, i.e., approximately one standard deviation or more away from the age-adjusted mean.

[0050] As used herein, "cardiovascular disease" refers to any manifestation of or predisposition to cardiovascular disease including, but not limited to, coronary artery disease and myocardial infarction. Included in predisposition is the manifestation of risks factors such as high serum cholesterol levels and low serum HDL levels.

[0051] As used herein, "target nucleic acid" refers to a nucleic acid molecule which contains all or a portion of a polymorphic region of a gene of interest.

[0052] As used herein, "signal moiety" refers to any moiety that allows for the detection of a nucleic acid molecule. Included are moieties covalently attached to nucleic acids and those that are not.

[0053] As used herein, "biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol" refers to any drug, small molecule, nucleic acid (sense and antisense), protein, peptide, lipid, carbohydrate etc. or combination thereof, that exhibits some effect directly or indirectly on the cholesterol measured in a subject's serum.

[0054] As used herein, "biologically active agent that modulates serum HDL" refers to any drug, small molecule, nucleic acid (sense and antisense), protein, peptide, lipid, carbohydrate etc. or combination thereof that exhibits some effect directly or indirectly on the HDL measured in a subject's serum.

[0055] As used herein, "expression and/or activity" refers to the level of transcription or translation of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene, mRNA stability, protein stability or biological activity.

[0056] As used herein, "cardiovascular drug" refers to a drug used to treat cardiovascular disease or a risk factor for the disease, either prophylactically or after a risk factor or disease condition has developed. Cardiovascular drugs include those drugs used to lower serum cholesterol and those used to alter the level of serum HDL.

[0057] As used herein, "combining" refers to contacting the biologically active agent with a cell or animal such that the agent is introduced into the cell or animal. For a cell any method that results in an agent traversing the plasma membrane is useful. For an animal any of the standard routes of administration of an agent, e.g. oral, rectal, transmucosal, intestinal, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intraventricular, subcutaneous, intramuscular, etc., can be utilized.

[0058] As used herein, "positive response" refers to improving or ameliorating at least one symptom or detectable characteristic of a disease or condition, e.g., lowering serum cholesterol levels or raising serum HDL levels.

[0059] As used herein, "biological sample" refers to any cell type or tissue of a subject from which nucleic acid, particularly DNA, can be obtained.

[0060] As used herein, "array" refers to a collection of three or more items, such a collection of immobilized nucleic acid probes arranged on a solid substrate, such as silica, polymeric materials or glass.

[0061] As used herein, a composition refers to any mixture. It may be a solution, a suspension, liquid, powder, a paste, aqueous, non-aqueous or any combination thereof.

[0062] As used herein, a combination refers to any association between two or among more items.

[0063] As used herein, "kit" refers to a package that contains a combination, such as one or more primers or probes used to amplify or detect polymorphic regions of genes associated with cardiovascular disease, optionally including instructions and/or reagents for their use.

[0064] As used herein "specifically hybridizes" refers to hybridization of a probe or primer only to a target sequence preferentially to a non-target sequence. Those of skill in the

art are familiar with parameters that affect hybridization; such as temperature, probe or primer length and composition; buffer composition and salt concentration and can readily adjust these parameters to achieve specific hybridization of a nucleic acid to a target sequence.

[0065] As used herein "nucleic acid" refers to polynucleotides such as deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) and ribonucleic acid (RNA). The term should also be understood to include, as equivalents, derivatives, variants and analogs of either RNA or DNA made from nucleotide analogs, single (sense or antisense) and double-stranded polynucleotides. Deoxyribonucleotides include deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, deoxyguanosine and deoxythymidine. For RNA, the uracil base is uridine.

[0066] As used herein, "mass spectrometry" encompasses any suitable mass spectrometric format known to those of skill in the art. Such formats include, but are not limited to, Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption/Ionization, Time-of-Flight (MALDI-TOF), Electrospray (ES), IR-MALDI (see, e.g., published International PCT Application No. 99/57318 and U.S. Pat. No. 5,118,937) Ion Cyclotron Resonance (ICR), Fourier Transform and combinations thereof. MALDI, particular UV and IR, are among the preferred formats.

[0067] B. Cytochrome c oxidase VIb gene

[0068] Cytochrome c oxidase (COX) is a mitochondrial enzyme complex integrated in the inner membrane. It transfers electrons from cytochrome to molecular oxygen in the terminal reaction of the respiratory chain in eukaryotic cells. COX contains of three large subunits encoded by the mitochondrial genome and 10 other subunits, encoded by nuclear genes. The three subunits encoded by mitochondrial genome are responsible for the catalytic activity. The cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) is one of the nuclear gene products. The function of the nuclear encoded subunits is unknown. One proposed role is in the regulation of catalytic activity; specifically the rate of electron transport and stoichiometry of proton pumping. Other proposed roles are not directly related to electron transport and include energy-dependent calcium uptake and protein import by the mitochondrion. Proteolytic removal of subunits VIa and VIb has been associated with loss of calcium transport in reconstituted vesicles. Steady-state levels of the COX6B transcript are different in different tissues (Taanman et al., *Gene* (1990), 93:285).

[0069] The COX6B gene is generically used to include the human COX6B gene and its homologs from rat, mouse, guinea pig, etc.

[0070] Several single nucleotide polymorphism have been identified in the human COX6B gene. One of these is located at position 86 and is a C to T transversion which is manifested as a silent mutation in the coding region, ACC to ACT (threonine to threonine)(SEQ ID NO.: 2). Although this is a silent mutation at the amino acid level, it may represent an alteration that changes codon usage, or it may effect mRNA stability or it may be in linkage disequilibrium with a non-silent change. Other known single nucleotide polymorphisms of the COX6B gene include, but are not limited to, those listed in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
COX6B (SEQ ID NO.: 1)	NM_001863	C/T	86
		A/G	60
		A/T	324
		A/T	123

[0071] Based on methods disclosed herein and those used in the art, one of skill would be able to utilize all the SNPs described and find additional polymorphic regions of the COX6B gene to determine whether allelic variants of these regions are associated with high cholesterol levels and cardiovascular disease.

[0072] C. GPI-1 Gene

[0073] Glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) functions to anchor various eukaryotic proteins to membranes and is essential for their surface expression. Thus, a defect in GPI anchor synthesis affects various functions of cell, tissues and organs. Biosynthesis of glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) is initiated by the transfer of N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) from UDP-GlcNAc to phosphatidylinositol (PI) and is catalyzed by a GlcNAc transferase, GPI-GlcNAc transferase (GPI-GnT). Four mammalian gene products form a protein complex that is responsible for this enzyme activity (PIG-A, PIG-H, PIG-C and GPI-1). PIG-A, PIG-H, PIG-C are required for the first step in GPI anchor biosynthesis; GPI-1 is not. Stabilization of the enzyme complex, rather than participation in GlcNAc transfer, has been suggested as a possible role for GPI-1 (Watanabe et al. EMBO 17:877, 1998).

[0074] The GPI-1 gene is generically used to include the human GPI-1 gene and its homologs from rat, mouse, guinea pig, etc.

[0075] A polymorphism has been identified at position 2577 of the human GPI-1 gene. This is a G to A transversion. This SNP is located in the 3' untranslated region of the mRNA, and does not affect protein structure, but may affect mRNA stability or may be in linkage disequilibrium with a non-silent change. Other known single nucleotide polymorphisms of the GPI-1 gene include, but are not limited to, those listed in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
GPI-1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 6, 7)	NM_004204	C/T	2829
		A/G	2577
		C/T	2519
		C/T	2289
		C/T	1938
		C/G	1563
		A/G/C/T	2664
		A/G	2656
		A/C/T	2167
		G/C/A	2166

[0076] Based on methods disclosed herein and those used in the art, one of skill would be able to use all the described SNPs and find additional polymorphic regions of the GPI-1

gene to determine whether allelic variants of these regions are associated with low levels of HDL and cardiovascular disease.

[0077] D. Other Genes and Polymorphism Associated with Cardiovascular Disease

[0078] Many other genes and polymorphisms contained within them have been associated with risks factors for cardiovascular disease (aberrations in lipid metabolism; specifically high levels of serum cholesterol and low levels of HDL, etc.) and/or the clinical phenotypes of atherosclerosis and cardiovascular disease. Table 3 presents a list of some of these genes and some associated polymorphisms (SNPs): cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-II (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase (LIPC); E-selectin; G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene. The SNP locations are based on the GenBank sequence. Table 3 is not meant to be exhaustive, as one of skill in the art based on the disclosure would be able to readily use other known polymorphisms in these and other genes, new polymorphisms discovered in previously identified genes and newly identified genes and polymorphisms in the methods and compositions disclosed herein.

TABLE 3

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
CETP (SEQ ID NOS.: 11, 12)	NM_000078	C/A	991
		C/T	196
		A/G	1586
		A/G	1394
		A/G	1439
		C/G	1297
		C/T	766
		G/A	1131
		G/A	1696
		A/G	1127
LPL (SEQ ID NOS.: 13, 14)	NM_000237	A/C	3447
		C/T	1973
		C/T	3343
		G/A	2851
		C/T	3272
		A/T	2428
		T/C	2743
		A/A	1483
		C/A	3449
		G/A	1282
		G/A	579
		A/C	1338
		A/G/T/C	2416-2426
		A/G	2427
		C/T	1302
		G/A	609
APO A4 (SEQ ID NOS.: 15, 16)	NM_000482	G/C	1598
		G/A	1309
		C/T	2454
		C/T	2988
		G/A	260
		G/A	1036
		G/T	1122
		G/C	1033
		G/A	1002
		C/T	960

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
		C/T	894
		G/A	554
		G/A	950
		T/C	336
		G/A	334
		C/T	330
		A/G	201
		A/G	16
		A/T	1213
APO E (SEQ ID NOS.: 17, 18) (mRNA)	NM_000041	C/T	448
		G/A	448
		C/T	586
		C/T	197
		C/T	540
Hepatic Lipase (SEQ ID NOS.: 19, 20)	NM_000236	C/G	680
		G/A	1374
		G/A	701
		C/A	1492
		A/G	648
		G/C	729
		G/A	340
		G/T	522
PON 1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 21, 22)	NM_000446	A/T	172
		A/G	584
		G/C	190
PON 2 (SEQ ID NOS.: 23, 24)	XM_004947	C/G	475
APO C3 (SEQ ID NOS.: 25, 26)	NM_000040	C/G	964
		C/T	148
		T/A	471
		G/G	386
		G/T	417
		T/A	95
ABC 1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 27, 28)	XM_005567	G/A	8591
APO A1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 29, 30)	NM_000039	C/G	770
		G/A	656
		C/G	589
		C/G	414
		A/T	430
		C/T	708
		C/T	221
		T/G	223
		C/T	597
		A/G	340
		G/C	690
APO B (SEQ ID NOS.: 31, 32)	NM_000384	A/G/C/T	13141
		A/G/C/T	12669
		C/T	11323
		G/C	10422
		A/C	10408
		C/G	10083
		C/T	7064
		C/T	6666
		C/T	1980
		C/G	5751
		C/T	7673
		C/A/G/T	8344
		G/C/T/A	4393
		A/C/T/G	5894
		A/T	12019
		C/T	11973
		G/C/T/A	7065
		C/G	947
		C/G	7331
		A/G	7221
		G/C	6402
		G/C	3780
		C/G	1661
		A/T	8167
		C/A	8126
		C/T	421
		C/T	1981
		G/A	12510

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
		G/C	12937
		G/A	11042
		C/T	2834
		A/G	5869
		A/G	11962
		C/G	4439
		G/A	7824
		G/A	13569
		G/A	9489
		G/A	2325
		G/A	10259
		C/G	14
MTFHR (SEQ ID NOS.: 33, 34)	NM_005957	G/A	5442
		A/G	5113
		A/G	5113
		A/G	5110
		A/G	5102
		A/C/T	5097
		A/C/T	5097
		C/T	5079
		C/T	5079
		T/C	5071
		T/C	5071
		T/C	5051
		G/A	5012
		C/A	5000
		A/G	4998
		A/G	4994
		A/G	4994
		C/T	4991
		C/T	4991
		C/T	4991
		A/C	4986
		A/G	4986
		A/G	4986
		C/T	4985
		T/A	4982
		T/G	4981
		T/C	4981
		T/C	4981
		G/C/A	4967
		G/A	4963
		A/G	4962
		G/C/T	4962
		A/C/G/T	4961
		A/C/T	4961
		A/C	4961
		A/C	4961
		A/C/T	4960
		T/C	4938
		T/C	4937
		T/C	4933
		G/C/T	4933
		C/T	4929
		C/T	4929
		T/A/G	4929
		A/G	4928
		G/C	4928
		C/G	4927
		G/A	4923
		C/T	4919
		A/T/G	4913
		C/T	4912
		A/T	4903
		C/T	4902
		A/G	4900
		G/A	4898
		G/T	4898
		C/T	4897
		G/T	4894
		T/C/G	4836
		C/T	3862

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
E-Selectin (SEQ ID NOS.: 35, 36)	NM_000450	C/T	4922
		C/T	4959
		T/C	4981
		A/G	4994
		A/G	5044
		T/C	5051
		G/C	5066
		C/T	5079
		C/A/G	5085
		C/T	5092
		A/G	5103
		A/G	5113
		C/T	1021
		G/A	3484
		G/A	3093
		T/G	2939
		T/C	2902
		C/T	1937
		C/T	1916
		C/T	1839
		C/T	1805
		C/T	1518
		G/C	1377
		C/T	1376
		G/A	999
		T/C	857
		A/C	561
		C/G	506
		A/G	392
		G/T	98

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
G protein $\beta 3$ subunit (SEQ ID NOS.: 37, 38)	NM_002075	C/T	1828
		C/T	1546
		G/T	1431
		G/A	1231
		C/T	1230
Angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene (SEQ ID NOS.: 39, 40)	NM_00686	G/A	1453
		C/G	968
		G/C	966
		T/C	941
		G/A	894
		T/C	659

[0079] Assays to identify the nucleotide present at the polymorphic site include those described herein and all others known to those who practice the art.

[0080] For some of the SNPs described above, there are provided a description of the MassEXTEND™ reaction components that can be utilized to determine the allelic variant that is present. Included are the forward and reverse primers used for amplification. Also included are the MassEXTEND™ primer used in the primer extension reaction and the extended MassEXTEND™ primers for each allele. MassEXTEND™ reactions are carried out and the products analyzed as described in Examples 2 and 3.

CETP

Position 991 (C/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: ACTGCCTGATAACCATGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 41)

Reverse: ATACTTACACACCAGGAGGG (SEQ ID NO.: 42)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCAC (SEQ ID NO.: 43)

Primer Mass: 5757.8

Extended Primer-Allele C: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCACC (SEQ ID NO.: 44)

Extended Primer Mass: 6030.9

Extended Primer-Allele A: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCACAT (SEQ ID NO.: 45)

Extended Primer Mass: 6359.2

Position 196 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: TACTTCTGGTTCTCTGAGCG (SEQ ID NO.: 46)

Reverse: ACTCACCTTGAACTCGTCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 47)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: TGCTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCTT (SEQ ID NO.: 48)

Primer Mass: 6130

Extended Primer-Allele C: TGCTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 49)

Extended Primer Mass: 6707.4

-continued

Extended Primer-Allele T: TGGTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 50)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Position 1586 (A/G)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGCAGATGGACTTTGGCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 51)

Reverse: TGCTTGCCCTTCGTACAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 52)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 53)

Primer Mass: 5715.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 54)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Extended Primer-Allele A: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTGA (SEQ ID NO.: 55)

Extended Primer Mass: 6012.9

AFOA4

Position 1122 (G/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: AACAGCTCAGGACGAAACTG (SEQ ID NO.: 56)

Reverse: AGAAGGAGTTGACCTTGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 57)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 58)

Primer Mass: 5828.8

Extended Primer-Allele G: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCCTTCC (SEQ ID NO.: 59)

Extended Primer Mass: 6102.0

Extended Primer-Allele T: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCCTCAAC (SEQ ID NO.: 60)

Extended Primer Mass: 6728.4

Position 1033 (G/C)

PCR primers:

Forward: AAGTCACTGGCAGAGCTGG (SEQ ID NO.: 61)

Reverse: GCACCAAGGGCTTTGTTGAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 62)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: TTTTCCCGTAGGGCTCCA (SEQ ID NO.: 63)

Primer Mass: 5730.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: TTTTCCCGTAGGGCTCCAC (SEQ ID NO.: 64)

Extended Primer Mass: 6003.9

Extended Primer-Allele C: TTTTCCCGTAGGGCTCCAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 65)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Position 1002 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGCAGAAGTCACTGGCAGAG (SEQ ID NO.: 66)

Reverse: GTTGAAGTTTCCCCGTAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 67)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: ACTCTCCACCTGCTGGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 68)

-continued

Primer Mass: 5675.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: ACTCCTCCACCTGCTGGTCC (SEQ ID NO.: 69)

Extended Primer Mass: 5948.9

Extended Primer-Allele A: ACTCCTCCACCTGCTGGTCTA (SEQ ID NO.: 70)

Extended Primer Mass: 6277.1

Position 960 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: AGGACGTGCGTGGCAACCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 71)

Reverse: AGCTCTGCCAGTGACTTCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 72)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 73)

Primer Mass: 5715.7

Extended Primer-Allele T: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTCA (SEQ ID NO.: 74)

Extended Primer Mass: 6012.9

Extended Primer-Allele C: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTCGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 75)

Extended Primer Mass: 6662.3

Position 894 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: CCTGACCTTCCAGATGAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 76)

Reverse: TCAGGTTGCCACGCACGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 77)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGCTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 78)

Primer Mass: 5500.6

Extended Primer-Allele C: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGTGCC (SEQ ID NO.: 79)

Extended Primer Mass: 5773.8

Extended Primer-Allele T: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGTGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 80)

Extended Primer Mass: 6118.0

Position 554 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: ACCTGCGAGAGCTTCAGCAG (SEQ ID NO.: 81)

Reverse: TCTCCATGCGCTGTGCGTAG (SEQ ID NO.: 82)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: AGCTGCGCACCCAGGTCA (SEQ ID NO.: 83)

Primer Mass: 5469.6

Extended Primer-Allele A: AGCTGCGCACCCAGSTCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 84)

Extended Primer Mass: 5766.8

Extended Primer-Allele G: AGCTGCGCACCCAGGTCAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 85)

Extended Primer Mass: 6072.0

APOE

Position 448 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGTCCAAGGAGCTGCAGGC (SEQ ID NO.: 86)

-continued

Reverse: CTTACGCAGCTTGCGCAGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 87)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 88)
Primer Mass: 5629.7
Extended Primer-Allele C: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 89)
Extended Primer Mass: 5902.8
Extended Primer-Allele T: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 90)
Extended Primer Mass: 6247.1

LPL**Position 1127 (A/G)**

PCR primers:
Forward: GTTGTAGAAAGAACCGCTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 91)
Reverse: GAGAACGAGTCTTCAGGTAC (SEQ ID NO.: 92)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCA (SEQ ID NO.: 93)
Primer Mass: 6454.2
Extended Primer-Allele A: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 94)
Extended Primer Mass: 6751.4
Extended Primer-Allele G: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 95)
Extended Primer Mass: 7071.6

Position 3447 (A/C)

PCR primers:
Forward: CACTCTACACTGCATGCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 96)
Reverse: ACCCTTCTGAAAAGGAGAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 97)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATA (SEQ ID NO.: 98)
Primer Mass: 6273.1
Extended Primer-Allele A: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATAAT (SEQ ID NO.: 99)
Extended Primer Mass: 6561.3
Extended Primer-Allele C: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 100)
Extended Primer Mass: 6890.5

Position 1973 (C/T)

PCR primers:
Forward: AAAGGTTCACTTGCTGCTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 101)
Reverse: GCTGGGGAAGGTCTAATAAC (SEQ ID NO.: 102)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATC (SEQ ID NO.: 103)
Primer Mass: 5770.7
Extended Primer-Allele C: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATCC (SEQ ID NO.: 104)
Extended Primer Mass: 6043.9
Extended Primer-Allele T: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 105)
Extended Primer Mass: 6388.2

-continued

LIPC**Position 680 (C/G)**

PCR primers:

Forward: CGTCTTTCTCCAGATGATGC (SEQ ID NO.: 106)

Reverse: AGTGTCCCTATGGGCTGTTTG (SEQ ID NO.: 107)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GGATGCCATTTCATACCTTTAC (SEQ ID NO.: 108)

Primer Mass: 6556.1

Extended Primer-Allele C: GGATGCCATTTCATACCTTTACC (SEQ ID NO.: 109)

Extended Primer Mass: 6629.3

Extended Primer-Allele G: GGATGCCATTTCATACCTTTACGC (SEQ ID NO.: 110)

Extended Primer Mass: 6958.5

Position 1374 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGGGAAAACAGTGCAGTGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 111)

Reverse: TGATCGTCTTCAGAACGAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 112)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGA (SEQ ID NO.: 113)

Primer Mass: 6030.9

Extended Primer-Allele A: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGAA (SEQ ID NO.: 114)

Extended Primer Mass: 6328.1

Extended Primer-Allele G: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 115)

Extended Primer Mass: 6633.3

Position 701 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: CAGCAATCGTCTTTCTCCAG (SEQ ID NO.: 116)

Reverse: TCCTATGGGCTGTTTGATGC (SEQ ID NO.: 117)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTCTTTTCTCCAGATGATCCA (SEQ ID NO.: 118)

Primer Mass: 6372.2

Extended Primer-Allele A: GTCTTTTCTCCAGATGATCCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 119)

Extended Primer Mass: 6669.4

Extended Primer-Allele G: GTCTTTTCTCCAGATGATGCCAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 120)

Extended Primer Mass: 6989.6

[0081] E. Databases

[0082] Databases for determining an association between polymorphic regions of genes and intermediate and clinical phenotypes, comprise biological samples (e.g., blood) which provide a source of nucleic acid and clinical data covering diseases (e.g., age, sex, ethnicity medical history and family medical history) from both individuals exhibiting the phenotype (intermediate phenotype (risk factor) or clinical phenotype (disease)) and those who do not. These databases include human population groups such as twins, diverse affected families, isolated founder populations and drug trial

subjects. The quality and consistency of the clinical resources are of primary importance.

[0083] F. Association Studies

[0084] The examples set forth below utilized an extreme trait analysis to discover an association between an allelic variant of the COX6B gene and high cholesterol and an association between an allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene and low HDL. This analysis is based on comparing a pair of pools of DNA from individuals who exhibit respectively hypo or hypernormal levels of a biochemical trait (e.g., cholesterol or HDL) and individually examining SNPs for a

difference in allelic frequency between the pools. An association is considered to be positive if a statistically significant value of at least 3.841 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association, $p=0.05$, is obtained. Standard multiple testing corrections are applied if more than one SNP is considered at a time, i.e., multiple SNPs are tested during the same study. Although not always required, it may be necessary to further examine the frequency of allelic variants in other populations, including those exhibiting normal levels of the given trait.

[0085] For a qualitative trait (e.g., hypertension) association studies are based on determining the occurrence of certain alleles in a given population of diseased vs. healthy individuals.

[0086] Allelic variants of COX6B, GPI-1 and other genes found to associate with high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease can represent useful markers for indicating a predisposition for developing a risk factor for cardiovascular disease. These allelic variants may not necessarily represent functional variants affecting the expression, stability, or activity of the encoded protein product. Those of skill in the art would be able to determine which allelic variants are to be used, alone or in conjunction with other variants, only for indicating a predisposition for cardiovascular disease or for profiling of drug reactivity and for determining those which may be also useful for screening for potential therapeutics.

[0087] Any method used to determine association can be utilized to discover or confirm the association of other polymorphic regions in the COX6B gene, the GPI-1 gene or any other gene that may be associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0088] G. Detection of Polymorphisms

[0089] 1. Nucleic Acid Detection Methods

[0090] Generally, these methods are based in sequence-specific polynucleotides, oligonucleotides, probes and primers. Any method known to those of skill in the art for detecting a specific nucleotide within a nucleic acid sequence or for determining the identity of a specific nucleotide in a nucleic acid sequence is applicable to the methods of determining the presence or absence of an allelic variant of a COX6B gene or GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease. Such methods include, but are not limited to, techniques utilizing nucleic acid hybridization of sequence-specific probes, nucleic acid sequencing, selective amplification, analysis of restriction enzyme digests of the nucleic acid, cleavage of mismatched heteroduplexes of nucleic acid and probe, alterations of electrophoretic mobility, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis. In particular, primer extension reactions that specifically terminate by incorporating a dideoxynucleotide are useful for detection. Several such general nucleic acid detection assays are described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,030,778.

[0091] a. Primer Extension-Based Methods

[0092] Several primer extension-based methods for determining the identity of a particular nucleotide in a nucleic acid sequence have been reported (see, e.g., PCT Application No. PCT/US96/03651 (WO96/29431), PCT Application No. PCT/US97/20444 (WO 98/20019), PCT Applica-

tion No. PCT/US91/00046 (WO91/13075), and U.S. Pat. No. 5,856,092). In general, a primer is prepared that specifically hybridizes adjacent to a polymorphic site in a particular nucleic acid sequence. The primer is then extended in the presence of one or more dideoxynucleotides, typically with at least one of the dideoxynucleotides being the complement of the nucleotide that is polymorphic at the site. The primer and/or the dideoxynucleotides may be labeled to facilitate a determination of primer extension and identity of the extended nucleotide.

[0093] In a preferred method, primer extension and/or the identity of the extended nucleotide(s) are determined by mass spectrometry (see, e.g., PCT Application Nos. PCT/US96/03651 (WO96/29431) and PCT/US97/20444 (WO 98/20019)).

[0094] b. Polymorphism-Specific Probe Hybridization

[0095] A preferred detection method is allele specific hybridization using probes overlapping the polymorphic site and having about 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, or 30 nucleotides around the polymorphic region. The probes can contain naturally occurring or modified nucleotides (see U.S. Pat. No. 6,156,501). For example, oligonucleotide probes may be prepared in which the known polymorphic nucleotide is placed centrally (allele-specific probes) and then hybridized to target DNA under conditions which permit hybridization only if a perfect match is found (Saiki et al. (1986) *Nature* 324:163; Saiki et al. (1989) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:6230; and Wallace et al. (1979) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 6:3543). Such allele specific oligonucleotide hybridization techniques may be used for the simultaneous detection of several nucleotide changes in different polymorphic regions. For example, oligonucleotides having nucleotide sequences of specific allelic variants are attached to a hybridizing membrane and this membrane is then hybridized with labeled sample nucleic acid. Analysis of the hybridization signal will then reveal the identity of the nucleotides of the sample nucleic acid. In a preferred embodiment, several probes capable of hybridizing specifically to allelic variants are attached to a solid phase support, e.g., a "chip". Oligonucleotides can be bound to a solid support by a variety of processes, including lithography. For example a chip can hold up to 250,000 oligonucleotides (GeneChip, Affymetrix, Santa Clara, Calif.). Mutation detection analysis using these chips comprising oligonucleotides, also termed "DNA probe arrays" is described e.g., in Cronin et al. (1996) *Human Mutation* 7:244 and in Kozal et al. (1996) *Nature Medicine* 2:753. In one embodiment, a chip includes all the allelic variants of at least one polymorphic region of a gene. The solid phase support is then contacted with a test nucleic acid and hybridization to the specific probes is detected. Accordingly, the identity of numerous allelic variants of one or more genes can be identified in a single hybridization experiment.

[0096] C. Nucleic Acid Amplification-Based Methods

[0097] In other detection methods, it is necessary to first amplify at least a portion of a COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease prior to identifying the allelic variant. Amplification can be performed, e.g., by PCR and/or LCR, according to methods known in the art. In one embodiment, genomic DNA of a cell is exposed to two PCR primers and amplification is performed for a number of cycles sufficient to produce the

required amount of amplified DNA. In preferred embodiments, the primers are located between 150 and 350 base pairs apart.

[0098] Alternative amplification methods include: self sustained sequence replication (Guatelli, J. C. et al., 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 87:1874-1878), transcriptional amplification system (Kwoh, D. Y. et al., 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:1173-1177), Q-Beta Replicase (Lizardi, P. M. et al., 1988, Bio/Technology 6:1197), or any other nucleic acid amplification method, followed by the detection of the amplified molecules using techniques well known to those of skill in the art. These detection schemes are especially useful for the detection of nucleic acid molecules if such molecules are present in very low numbers.

[0099] Alternatively, allele specific amplification technology, which depends on selective PCR amplification may be used in conjunction with the alleles provided herein. Oligonucleotides used as primers for specific amplification may carry the allelic variant of interest in the center of the molecule (so that amplification depends on differential hybridization) (Gibbs et al. (1989) Nucleic Acids Res. 17:2437-2448) or at the extreme 3' end of one primer where, under appropriate conditions, mismatch can prevent, or reduce polymerase extension (Prossner (1993) Tibtech 11:238; Newton et al. (1989) Nucl. Acids Res. 17:2503). In addition it may be desirable to introduce a restriction site in the region of the mutation to create cleavage-based detection (Gasparini et al. (1992) Mol. Cell Probes 6:1).

[0100] d. Nucleic Acid Sequencing-Based Methods

[0101] In one embodiment, any of a variety of sequencing reactions known in the art can be used to directly sequence at least a portion of the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease and to detect allelic variants, e.g., mutations, by comparing the sequence of the sample sequence with the corresponding wild-type (control) sequence. Exemplary sequencing reactions include those based on techniques developed by Maxam and Gilbert (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1977) 74:560) or Sanger (Sanger et al. (1977) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 74:5463). It is also contemplated that any of a variety of automated sequencing procedures may be used when performing the subject assays (Biotechniques (1995) 19:448), including sequencing by mass spectrometry (see, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/16101, entitled DNA Sequencing by Mass Spectrometry by H. Koster; U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/21822, entitled "DNA Sequencing by Mass Spectrometry Via Exonuclease Degradation" by H. Koster), and U.S. Pat. No. 5,605,798 and International Patent Application No. PCT/US96/03651 entitled DNA Diagnostics Based on Mass Spectrometry by H. Koster; Cohen et al. (1996) Adv Chromatogr 36:127-162; and Griffin et al. (1993) Appl Biochem Biotechnol 38:147-159). It will be evident to one skilled in the art that, for certain embodiments, the occurrence of only one, two or three of the nucleic acid bases need be determined in the sequencing reaction. For instance, A-track sequencing or an equivalent, e.g., where only one nucleotide is detected, can be carried out. Other sequencing methods are disclosed, e.g., in U.S. Pat. No. 5,580,732 entitled "Method of DNA sequencing employing a mixed DNA-polymer chain probe" and U.S. Patent No. 5,571,676 entitled "Method for mismatch-directed in vitro DNA sequencing".

[0102] e. Restriction Enzyme Digest Analysis

[0103] In some cases, the presence of a specific allele in nucleic acid, particularly DNA, from a subject can be shown by restriction enzyme analysis. For example, a specific nucleotide polymorphism can result in a nucleotide sequence containing a restriction site which is absent from the nucleotide sequence of another allelic variant.

[0104] f. Mismatch Cleavage

[0105] Protection from cleavage agents, such as, but not limited to, a nuclease, hydroxylamine or osmium tetroxide and with piperidine, can be used to detect mismatched bases in RNA/RNA DNA/DNA, or RNA/DNA heteroduplexes (Myers, et al. (1985) Science 230:1242). In general, the technique of "mismatch cleavage" starts by providing heteroduplexes formed by hybridizing a control nucleic acid, which is optionally labeled, e.g., RNA or DNA, comprising a nucleotide sequence of an allelic variant with a sample nucleic acid, e.g., RNA or DNA, obtained from a tissue sample. The double-stranded duplexes are treated with an agent, which cleaves single-stranded regions of the duplex such as duplexes formed based on basepair mismatches between the control and sample strands. For instance, RNA/DNA duplexes can be treated with RNase and DNA/DNA hybrids treated with S1 nuclease to enzymatically digest the mismatched regions.

[0106] In other embodiments, either DNA/DNA or RNA/DNA duplexes can be treated with hydroxylamine or osmium tetroxide and with piperidine in order to digest mismatched regions. After digestion of the mismatched regions, the resulting material is then separated by size on denaturing polyacrylamide gels to determine whether the control and sample nucleic acids have an identical nucleotide sequence or in which nucleotides they differ (see, for example, Cotton et al. (1988) Proc. Natl Acad Sci USA 85:4397; Saleeba et al. (1992) Methods Enzymol. 217:286-295). The control or sample nucleic acid is labeled for detection.

[0107] g. Electrophoretic Mobility Alterations

[0108] In other embodiments, alteration in electrophoretic mobility is used to identify the type of allelic variant in the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease. For example, single-strand conformation polymorphism (SSCP) may be used to detect differences in electrophoretic mobility between mutant and wild type nucleic acids (Orita et al. (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:2766, see also Cotton (1993) Mutat Res 285:125-144; and Hayashi (1992) Genet Anal Tech Appl 9:73-79). Single-stranded DNA fragments of sample and control nucleic acids are denatured and allowed to renature. The secondary structure of single-stranded nucleic acids varies according to sequence, the resulting alteration in electrophoretic mobility enables the detection of even a single base change. The DNA fragments may be labeled or detected with labeled probes. The sensitivity of the assay may be enhanced by using RNA (rather than DNA), in which the secondary structure is more sensitive to a change in sequence. In another preferred embodiment, the subject method utilizes heteroduplex analysis to separate double stranded heteroduplex molecules on the basis of changes in electrophoretic mobility (Keen et al. (1991) Trends Genet 7:5).

[0109] h. Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis

[0110] In yet another embodiment, the identity of an allelic variant of a polymorphic region in the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is obtained by analyzing the movement of a nucleic acid comprising the polymorphic region in polyacrylamide gels containing a gradient of denaturant is assayed using denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis (DGGE) (Myers et al. (1985) *Nature* 313:495). When DGGE is used as the method of analysis, DNA will be modified to ensure that it does not completely denature, for example by adding a GC clamp of approximately 40 bp of high-melting GC-rich DNA by PCR. In a further embodiment, a temperature gradient is used in place of a denaturing agent gradient to identify differences in the mobility of control and sample DNA (Rosenbaum and Reissner (1987) *Biophys Chem* 265:1275).

[0111] i. Oligonucleotide Ligation Assay (OLA)

[0112] In another embodiment, identification of the allelic variant is carried out using an oligonucleotide ligation assay (OLA), as described, e.g., in U.S. Pat. No. 4,998,617 and in Landegren, U. et al., *Science* 241:1077-1080 (1988). The OLA protocol uses two oligonucleotides which are designed to be capable of hybridizing to abutting sequences of a single strand of a target. One of the oligonucleotides is linked to a separation marker, e.g., biotinylated, and the other is detectably labeled. If the precise complementary sequence is found in a target molecule, the oligonucleotides will hybridize such that their termini abut, and create a ligation substrate. Ligation then permits the labeled oligonucleotide to be recovered using avidin, or another biotin ligand. Nickerson, D. A. et al. have described a nucleic acid detection assay that combines attributes of PCR and OLA (Nickerson, D. A. et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (U.S.A.)* 87:8923-8927 (1990). In this method, PCR is used to achieve the exponential amplification of target DNA, which is then detected using OLA.

[0113] Several techniques based on this OLA method have been developed and can be used to detect specific allelic variants of a polymorphic region of a gene. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,593,826 discloses an OLA using an oligonucleotide having 3'-amino group and a 5'-phosphorylated oligonucleotide to form a conjugate having a phosphoramidate linkage. In another variation of OLA described in Tobe et al. (1996) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 24: 3728), OLA combined with PCR permits testing of two alleles in a single microtiter well. By marking each of the allele-specific primers with a unique hapten, i.e. digoxigenin and fluorescein, each OLA reaction can be detected by using hapten specific antibodies that are labeled with different enzyme reporters, alkaline phosphatase or horseradish peroxidase. This system permits the detection of the two alleles using a high throughput format that leads to the production of two different colors.

[0114] j. SNP Detection Methods

[0115] Also provided are methods for detecting single nucleotide polymorphisms. Because single nucleotide polymorphisms constitute sites of variation flanked by regions of invariant sequence, their analysis requires no more than the determination of the identity of the single nucleotide present at the site of variation and it is unnecessary to determine a complete gene sequence for each patient. Several methods have been developed to facilitate the analysis of such single nucleotide polymorphisms.

[0116] In one embodiment, the single base polymorphism can be detected by using a specialized exonuclease-resistant nucleotide, as disclosed, e.g., in Mundy, C. R. (U.S. Pat. No. 4,656,127). According to the method, a primer complementary to the allelic sequence immediately 3' to the polymorphic site is permitted to hybridize to a target molecule obtained from a particular animal or human. If the polymorphic site on the target molecule contains a nucleotide that is complementary to the particular exonuclease-resistant nucleotide derivative present, then that derivative will be incorporated onto the end of the hybridized primer. Such incorporation renders the primer resistant to exonuclease, and thereby permits its detection. Since the identity of the exonuclease-resistant derivative of the sample is known, a finding that the primer has become resistant to exonucleases reveals that the nucleotide present in the polymorphic site of the target molecule was complementary to that of the nucleotide derivative used in the reaction. This method has the advantage that it does not require the determination of large amounts of extraneous sequence data.

[0117] In another embodiment, a solution-based method for determining the identity of the nucleotide of a polymorphic site is employed (Cohen, D. et al. (French Patent 2,650,840; PCT Application No. WO91/02087)). As in the Mundy method of U.S. Pat. No. 4,656,127, a primer is employed that is complementary to allelic sequences immediately 3' to a polymorphic site. The method determines the identity of the nucleotide of that site using labeled dideoxynucleotide derivatives, which, if complementary to the nucleotide of the polymorphic site will become incorporated onto the terminus of the primer.

[0118] k. Genetic Bit Analysis

[0119] An alternative method, known as Genetic Bit Analysis or GBA™ is described by Goelet, et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,004,744; PCT Application No. 92/15712). The method of Goelet, et al. uses mixtures of labeled terminators and a primer that is complementary to the sequence 3' to a polymorphic site. The labeled terminator that is incorporated is thus determined by, and complementary to, the nucleotide present in the polymorphic site of the target molecule being evaluated. In contrast to the method of Cohen et al. (French Patent 2,650,840; PCT Application No. WO91/02087), the method of Goelet, et al. is preferably a heterogeneous phase assay, in which the primer or the target molecule is immobilized to a solid phase.

[0120] l. Other Primer-Guided Nucleotide Incorporation Procedures

[0121] Other primer-guided nucleotide incorporation procedures for assaying polymorphic sites in DNA have been described (Komber, J. S. et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 17:7779-7784 (1989); Sokolov, B. P., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 18:3671 (1990); Syvanen, A. C., et al., *Genomics* 8:684-692 (1990); Kuppuswamy, M. N. et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (U.S.A.)* 88:1143-1147 (1991); Prezant, T. R. et al., *Hum. Mutat.* 1:159-164 (1992); Uguzzoli, L. et al., *GATA* 9:107-112 (1992); Nyren, P. et al., *Anal. Biochem.* 208:171-175 (1993)). These methods differ from GBA™ in that they all rely on the incorporation of labeled deoxynucleotides to discriminate between bases at a polymorphic site. In such a format, since the signal is proportional to the number of deoxynucleotides incorporated, polymorphisms that occur in runs of the same nucleotide can result in signals that are

proportional to the length of the run (Syvanen, A. C., et al., *Amer. J. Hum. Genet.* 52:46-59 (1993)).

[0122] For determining the identity of the allelic variant of a polymorphic region located in the coding region of a gene, yet other methods than those described above can be used. For example, identification of an allelic variant which encodes a mutated protein can be performed by using an antibody specifically recognizing the mutant protein in, e.g., immunohistochemistry or immunoprecipitation. Binding assays are known in the art and involve, e.g., obtaining cells from a subject, and performing binding experiments with a labeled lipid, to determine whether binding to the mutated form of the protein differs from binding to the wild-type protein.

[0123] m. Molecular Structure Determination

[0124] If a polymorphic region is located in an exon, either in a coding or non-coding region of the gene, the identity of the allelic variant can be determined by determining the molecular structure of the mRNA, pre-mRNA, or cDNA. The molecular structure can be determined using any of the above described methods for determining the molecular structure of the genomic DNA, e.g., sequencing and SSCP.

[0125] n. Mass Spectrometric Methods

[0126] Nucleic acids can also be analyzed by detection methods and protocols, particularly those that rely on mass spectrometry (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,605,798, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/617,256, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/744,481, U.S. application Ser. No. 08/990,851, International PCT Application No. WO 98/20019). These methods can be automated (see, e.g., co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 09/285,481, which describes an automated process line). Preferred among the methods of analysis herein are those involving the primer oligo base extension (PROBE) reaction with mass spectrometry for detection (described herein and elsewhere, see e.g., U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/617,256, 09/287,681, 09/287,682, 09/287,141 and 09/287,679, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/744,481, International PCT Application No. PCT/US97/20444, published as International PCT Application No. WO 98/20019, and based upon U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/744,481, 08/744,590, 08/746,036, 08/746,055, 08/786,988, 08/787,639, 08/933,792, 08/746,055, 08/786,988 and 08/787,639; see, also U.S. application Ser. No. 09/074,936, allowed U.S. application Ser. No. 08/787,639, and U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/746,055 and 08/786,988, and published International PCT Application No. WO 98/20020).

[0127] A preferred format for performing the analyses is a chip based format in which the biopolymer is linked to a solid support, such as a silicon or silicon-coated substrate, preferably in the form of an array. More preferably, when analyses are performed using mass spectrometry, particularly MALDI, nanoliter volumes of sample are loaded on, such that the resulting spot is about, or smaller than, the size of the laser spot. It has been found that when this is achieved, the results from the mass spectrometric analysis are quantitative. The area under the peaks in the resulting mass spectra are proportional to concentration (when normalized and corrected for background). Methods for preparing and using such chips are described in allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/787,639, co-pending U.S. applica-

tion Ser. Nos. 08/786,988, 09/364,774, 09/371,150 and 09/297,575; see, also U.S. Application Serial No. PCT/US97/20195, which published as International PCT Application No. WO 98/20020. Chips and kits for performing these analyses are commercially available from SEQUENOM under the trademark MassARRAY™. MassARRAY™ relies on the fidelity of the enzymatic primer extension reactions combined with the miniaturized array and MALDI-TOF (Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization-Time of Flight) mass spectrometry to deliver results rapidly. It accurately distinguishes single base changes in the size of DNA fragments relating to genetic variants without tags.

[0128] Multiplex methods allow for the simultaneous detection of more than one polymorphic region in a particular gene or polymorphic regions in several genes. This is the preferred method for carrying out haplotype analysis of allelic variants of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes separately, or along with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0129] Multiplexing can be achieved by several different methodologies. For example, several mutations can be simultaneously detected on one target sequence by employing corresponding detector (probe) molecules (e.g., oligonucleotides or oligonucleotide mimetics). The molecular weight differences between the detector oligonucleotides must be large enough so that simultaneous detection (multiplexing) is possible. This can be achieved either by the sequence itself (composition or length) or by the introduction of mass-modifying functionalities into the detector oligonucleotides (see below).

[0130] Mass modifying moieties can be attached, for instance, to either the 5'-end of the oligonucleotide, to the nucleobase (or bases), to the phosphate backbone, and to the 2'-position of the nucleoside (nucleosides) and/or to the terminal 3'-position. Examples of mass modifying moieties include, for example, a halogen, an azido, or of the type, XR, wherein X is a linking group and R is a mass-modifying functionality. The mass-modifying functionality can thus be used to introduce defined mass increments into the oligonucleotide molecule.

[0131] The mass-modifying functionality can be located at different positions within the nucleotide moiety (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/21822). For example, the mass-modifying moiety, M, can be attached either to the nucleobase, (in case of the C'-deazanucleosides also to C-7), to the triphosphate group at the alpha phosphate or to the 2'-position of the sugar ring of the nucleoside triphosphate. Modifications introduced at the phosphodiester bond, such as with alpha-thio nucleoside triphosphates, have the advantage that these modifications do not interfere with accurate Watson-Crick base-pairing and additionally allow for the one-step post-synthetic site-specific modification of the complete nucleic acid molecule e.g., via alkylation reactions (see, e.g., Nakamaye et al. (1988) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:9947-59). Particularly preferred mass-modifying functionalities are boron-modified nucleic acids since they are better incorporated into nucleic acids by polymerases (see, e.g., Porter et al. (1995) *Biochemistry* 34:11963-11969; Hasan et al. (1996) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 24:2150-2157; Li et al. (1995) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 23:4495-4501).

[0132] Furthermore, the mass-modifying functionality can be added so as to affect chain termination, such as by attaching it to the 3'-position of the sugar ring in the nucleoside triphosphate. For those skilled in the art, it is clear that many combinations can be used in the methods provided herein. In the same way, those skilled in the art will recognize that chain-elongating nucleoside triphosphates can also be mass-modified in a similar fashion with numerous variations and combinations in functionality and attachment positions.

[0133] For example, without being bound to any particular theory, the mass-modification can be introduced for X in XR as well as using oligo-/polyethylene glycol derivatives for R. The mass-modifying increment (m) in this case is 44, i.e. five different mass-modified species can be generated by just changing m from 0 to 4 thus adding mass units of 45 (m=0), 89 (m=1), 133 (m=2), 177 (m=3) and 221 (m=4) to the nucleic acid molecule (e.g., detector oligonucleotide (D) or the nucleoside triphosphates, respectively). The oligo/polyethylene glycols can also be monoalkylated by a lower alkyl such as, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl and t-butyl. Other chemistries can be used in the mass-modified compounds (see, e.g., those described in Oligonucleotides and Analogues, A Practical Approach, F. Eckstein, editor, IRL Press, Oxford, 1991).

[0134] In yet another embodiment, various mass-modifying functionalities, R, other than oligo/polyethylene glycols, can be selected and attached via appropriate linking chemistries, X. A simple mass-modification can be achieved by substituting H for halogens, such as F, Cl, Br and/or I, or pseudohalogens such as CN, SCN, NCS, or by using different alkyl, aryl or aralkyl moieties such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, hexyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, benzyl, or functional groups such as CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)$, $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2$, $\text{Si}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3$. Yet another mass-modification can be obtained by attaching homo- or heteropeptides through the nucleic acid molecule (e.g., detector (D)) or nucleoside triphosphates. One example, useful in generating mass-modified species with a mass increment of 57, is the attachment of oligoglycines (m) to nucleic acid molecules (r), e.g., mass-modifications of 74 (r=1, m=0), 131 (r=1, m=1), 188 (r=1, m=2), 245 (r=1, m=3) are achieved. Simple oligoamides also can be used, e.g., mass-modifications of 74 (r=1, m=0), 88 (r=2, m=0), 102 (r=3, m=0), 116 (r=4, m=0), etc. are obtainable. Variations in addition to those set forth herein will be apparent to the skilled artisan.

[0135] Different mass-modified detector oligonucleotides can be used to simultaneously detect all possible variants/mutants simultaneously. Alternatively, all four base permutations at the site of a mutation can be detected by designing and positioning a detector oligonucleotide, so that it serves as a primer for a DNA/RNA polymerase with varying combinations of elongating and terminating nucleoside triphosphates. For example, mass modifications also can be incorporated during the amplification process.

[0136] A different multiplex detection format is one in which differentiation is accomplished by employing different specific capture sequences which are position-specifically immobilized on a flat surface (e.g., a 'chip array'). If different target sequences T1-Tn are present, their target capture sites TCS1-TCSn will specifically interact with

complementary immobilized capture sequences C1-Cn. Detection is achieved by employing appropriately mass differentiated detector oligonucleotides D1-Dn, which are mass modifying functionalities M1-Mn.

[0137] o. Other Methods

[0138] Additional methods of analyzing nucleic acids include amplification-based methods including polymerase chain reaction (PCR), ligase chain reaction (LCR), mini-PCR, rolling circle amplification, autocatalytic methods, such as those using QJ replicase, TAS, 3SR, and any other suitable method known to those of skill in the art.

[0139] Other methods for analysis and identification and detection of polymorphisms, include but are not limited to, allele specific probes, Southern analyses, and other such analyses.

[0140] 2. Primers and Probes

[0141] Primers refer to nucleic acids which are capable of specifically hybridizing to a nucleic acid sequence which is adjacent to a polymorphic region of interest or to a polymorphic region and are extended. A primer can be used alone in a detection method, or a primer can be used together with at least one other primer or probe in a detection method. Primers can also be used to amplify at least a portion of a nucleic acid. For amplifying at least a portion of a nucleic acid, a forward primer (i.e., 5' primer) and a reverse primer (i.e., 3' primer) will preferably be used. Forward and reverse primers hybridize to complementary stands of a double stranded nucleic acid, such that upon extension from each primer, a double stranded nucleic acid is amplified.

[0142] Probes refer to nucleic acids which hybridize to the region of interest and which are not further extended. For example, a probe is a nucleic acid which hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a COX6B gene, a GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease and which by hybridization or absence of hybridization to the DNA of a subject will be indicative of the identity of the allelic variant of the polymorphic region of the gene. Preferred probes have a number of nucleotides sufficient to allow specific hybridization to the target nucleotide sequence. Where the target nucleotide sequence is present in a large fragment of DNA, such as a genomic DNA fragment of several tens or hundreds of kilobases, the size of a probe may have to be longer to provide sufficiently specific hybridization, as compared to a probe which is used to detect a target sequence which is present in a shorter fragment of DNA. For example, in some diagnostic methods, a portion of a COX6B gene, a GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease may first be amplified and thus isolated from the rest of the chromosomal DNA and then hybridized to a probe. In such a situation, a shorter probe will likely provide sufficient specificity of hybridization. For example, a probe having a nucleotide sequence of about 10 nucleotides may be sufficient.

[0143] Preferred primers and probes hybridize adjacent to or at the polymorphic sites described in TABLES 1-3. In addition, preferred primers include SEQ ID NOS.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118.

[0144] Primers and probes (RNA, DNA (single-stranded or double-stranded), PNA and their analogs) described

herein may be labeled with any detectable reporter or signal moiety including, but not limited to radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent and any other light producing chemicals. Additionally, these probes may be modified without changing the substance of their purpose by terminal addition of nucleotides designed to incorporate restriction sites or other useful sequences, proteins, signal generating ligands such as acridinium esters, and/or paramagnetic particles.

[0145] These probes may also be modified by the addition of a capture moiety (including, but not limited to paramagnetic particles, biotin, fluorescein, dioxigenin, antigens, antibodies) or attached to the walls of microtiter trays to assist in the solid phase capture and purification of these probes and any DNA or RNA hybridized to these probes. Fluorescein may be used as a signal moiety as well as a capture moiety, the latter by interacting with an anti-fluorescein antibody.

[0146] Any probe or primer can be prepared according to methods well known in the art and described, e.g., in Sambrook, J. Fritsch, E. F., and Maniatis, T. (1989) (*Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. For example, discrete fragments of the DNA can be prepared and cloned using restriction enzymes. Alternatively, probes and primers can be prepared using the Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) using primers having an appropriate sequence.

[0147] Oligonucleotides may be synthesized by standard methods known in the art, e.g. by use of an automated DNA synthesizer (such as are commercially available from Bioscience (Novato, Calif.); Applied Biosystems (Foster City, Calif.), etc.). As examples, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides may be synthesized by the method of Stein et al. (1988, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:3209), methylphosphonate oligonucleotides can be prepared by use of controlled pore glass polymer supports (Sarin et al., 1988, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 85:7448-7451), etc.

[0148] H. Transgenic Animals

[0149] Methods for making transgenic animals using a variety of transgenes have been described in Wagner et al., *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, Vol. 78, p. 5016, 1981; Stewart et al., *Science*, Vol. 217, p. 1046, 1982; Constantini et al., *Nature*, Vol. 294, p. 92, 1981; Lacy et al., *Cell*, Vol. 34, p. 343, 1983; McKnight et al., *Cell*, Vol. 34, p. 335, 1983; Brinster et al., *Nature*, Vol. 306, p. 332, 1983; Palmiter et al., *Nature*, Vol. 300, p. 611, 1982; Palmiter et al., *Cell*, Vol. 29, p. 701, 1982 and Palmiter et al., *Science*, Vol. 222, p. 809, 1983. Such methods are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,175, 057; 6,180,849 and 6,133,502.

[0150] The term "transgene" is used herein to describe genetic material that has been or is about to be artificially inserted into the genome of a mammalian cell, particularly a mammalian cell of a living animal. The transgene is used to transform a cell, meaning that a permanent or transient genetic change, preferably a permanent genetic change, is induced in a cell following incorporation of exogenous DNA. A permanent genetic change is generally achieved by introduction of the DNA into the genome of the cell. Vectors for stable integration include, but are not limited to, plasmids, retroviruses and other animal viruses and YACS. Of

interest are transgenic mammals, including, but are not limited to, cows, pigs, goats, horses and others, and particularly rodents, including rats and mice. Preferably, the transgenic animals are mice.

[0151] Transgenic animals contain an exogenous nucleic acid sequence present as an extrachromosomal element or stably integrated in all or a portion of its cells, especially germ cells. Unless otherwise indicated, it will be assumed that a transgenic animal comprises stable changes to the germline sequence. During the initial construction of the animal, "chimeras" or "chimeric animals" are generated, in which only a subset of cells have the altered genome. Chimeras are primarily used for breeding purposes in order to generate the desired transgenic animal. Animals having a heterozygous alteration are generated by breeding of chimeras. Male and female heterozygotes are typically bred to generate homozygous animals.

[0152] The exogenous gene is usually either from a different species than the animal host, or is otherwise altered in its coding or non-coding sequence. The introduced gene may be a wild-type gene, naturally occurring polymorphism (e.g., as described for COX6B, GPI-1 and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease) or a genetically manipulated sequence, for example having deletions, substitutions or insertions in the coding or non-coding regions. When the introduced gene is a coding sequence, it is usually operably linked to a promoter, which may be constitutive or inducible, and other regulatory sequences required for expression in the host animal.

[0153] Transgenic animals can comprise other genetic alterations in addition to the presence of alleles of COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes. For example, the genome can be altered to affect the function of the endogenous genes, contain marker genes, or contain other genetic alterations (e.g., alleles of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease).

[0154] A "knock-out" of a gene means an alteration in the sequence of the gene that results in a decrease of function of the target gene, preferably such that target gene expression is undetectable or insignificant. A knock-out of an endogenous COX6B or GPI-1 gene means that function of the gene has been substantially decreased so that expression is not detectable or only present at insignificant levels. "Knock-out" transgenics can be transgenic animals having a heterozygous knock-out of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene or a homozygous knock-out of one or both of these genes. "Knock-outs" also include conditional knock-outs, where alteration of the target gene can occur upon, for example, exposure of the animal to a substance that promotes target gene alteration, introduction of an enzyme that promotes recombination at the target gene site (e.g., Cre in the Cre-lox system), or other method for directing the target gene alteration postnatally.

[0155] A "knock-in" of a target gene means an alteration in a host cell genome that results in altered expression (e.g., increased (including ectopic)) of the target gene, e.g., by introduction of an additional copy of the target gene, or by operatively inserting a regulatory sequence that provides for enhanced expression of an endogenous copy of the target gene. "Knock-in" transgenics of interest can be transgenic animals having a knock-in of the COX6B or GPI-1. Such

transgenics can be heterozygous or homozygous for the knock-in gene. "Knock-ins" also encompass conditional knock-ins.

[0156] A construct is suitable for use in the generation of transgenic animals if it allows the desired level of expression of a COX6B or GPI-1 encoding sequence or the encoding sequence of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease. Methods of isolating and cloning a desired sequence, as well as suitable constructs for expression of a selected sequence in a host animal, are well known in the art and are described below.

[0157] For the introduction of a gene into the subject animal, it is generally advantageous to use the gene as a gene construct wherein the gene is ligated downstream of a promoter capable of and operably linked to expressing the gene in the subject animal cells. Specifically, a transgenic non-human mammal showing high expression of the desired gene can be created by microinjecting a vector ligated with said gene into a fertilized egg of the subject non-human mammal (e.g., rat fertilized egg) downstream of various promoters capable of expressing the protein and/or the corresponding protein derived from various mammals (rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc., preferably rats etc.)

[0158] Useful vectors include *Escherichia coli*-derived plasmids, *Bacillus subtilis*-derived plasmids, yeast-derived plasmids, bacteriophages such as lambda, phage, retroviruses such as Moloney leukemia virus, and animal viruses such as vaccinia virus or baculovirus.

[0159] Useful promoters for such gene expression regulation include, for example, promoters for genes derived from viruses (cytomegalovirus, Moloney leukemia virus, JC virus, breast cancer virus etc.), and promoters for genes derived from various mammals (humans, rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc.) and birds (chickens etc.) (e.g., genes for albumin, insulin II, erythropoietin, endothelin, osteocalcin, muscular creatine kinase, platelet-derived growth factor beta, keratins K1, K10 and K14, collagen types I and II, atrial natriuretic factor, dopamine beta-hydroxylase, endothelial receptor tyrosine kinase (generally abbreviated Tie2), sodium-potassium adenosine triphosphorylase (generally abbreviated Na₂K-ATPase), neurofilament light chain, met allothioneins I and IIA, met allopapainase I tissue inhibitor, MHC class I antigen (generally abbreviated H-2I), smooth muscle alpha actin, polypeptide chain elongation factor 1 alpha (EF-1 alpha), beta actin, alpha and beta myosin heavy chains, myosin light chains 1 and 2, myelin base protein, serum amyloid component, myoglobin, renin etc.).

[0160] It is preferable that the above-mentioned vectors have a sequence for terminating the transcription of the desired messenger RNA in the transgenic animal (generally referred to as terminator); for example, gene expression can be manipulated using a sequence with such function contained in various genes derived from viruses, mammals and birds. Preferably, the simian virus SV40 terminator etc. are commonly used. Additionally, for the purpose of increasing the expression of the desired gene, the splicing signal and enhancer region of each gene, a portion of the intron of a eukaryotic organism gene may be ligated 5' upstream of the promoter region, or between the promoter region and the translational region, or 3' downstream of the translational region as desired.

[0161] A translational region for a protein of interest can be obtained using the entire or portion of genomic DNA of blood, kidney or fibroblast origin from various mammals (humans, rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc.) or of various commercially available genomic DNA libraries, as a starting material, or using complementary DNA prepared by a known method from RNA of blood, kidney or fibroblast origin as a starting material. Also, an exogenous gene can be obtained using complementary DNA prepared by a known method from RNA of human fibroblast origin as a starting material. All these translational regions can be utilized in transgenic animals.

[0162] To obtain the translational region, it is possible to prepare DNA incorporating an exogenous gene encoding the protein of interest in which the gene is ligated downstream of the above-mentioned promoter (preferably upstream of the translation termination site) as a gene construct capable of being expressed in the transgenic animal.

[0163] DNA constructs for random integration need not include regions of homology to mediate recombination. Where homologous recombination is desired, the DNA constructs will comprise at least a portion of the target gene with the desired genetic modification, and will include regions of homology to the target locus. Conveniently, markers for positive and negative selection are included. Methods for generating cells having targeted gene modifications through homologous recombination are known in the art. For various techniques for transfecting mammalian cells, see Keown et al. (1990) *Methods in Enzymology* 185:527-537.

[0164] The transgenic animal can be created by introducing a COX6B or GPI-1 gene construct into, for example, an unfertilized egg, a fertilized egg, a spermatozoon or a germinal cell containing a primordial germinal cell thereof, preferably in the embryonic stage in the development of a non-human mammal (more preferably in the single-cell or fertilized cell stage and generally before the 8-cell phase), by standard means, such as the calcium phosphate method, the electric pulse method, the lipofection method, the agglutination method, the microinjection method, the particle gun method, the DEAE-dextran method and other such method. Also, it is possible to introduce a desired COX6B or GPI-1 gene into a somatic cell, a living organ, a tissue cell, or the like, by gene transformation methods, and utilize it for cell culture, tissue culture etc. Furthermore, these cells may be fused with the above-described germinal cell by a commonly known cell fusion method to create a transgenic animal.

[0165] For embryonic stem (ES) cells, an ES cell line may be employed, or embryonic cells may be obtained freshly from a host, e.g. mouse, rat, guinea pig, etc. Such cells are grown on an appropriate fibroblast-feeder layer or grown in the presence of appropriate growth factors, such as leukemia inhibiting factor (LIF). When ES cells have been transformed, they may be used to produce transgenic animals. After transformation, the cells are plated onto a feeder layer in an appropriate medium. Cells containing the construct may be detected by employing a selective medium. After sufficient time for colonies to grow, they are picked and analyzed for the occurrence of homologous recombination or integration of the construct. Those colonies that are positive may then be used for embryo manipulation and

blastocyst injection. Blastocysts are obtained from 4 to 6 week old superovulated females. The ES cells are trypsinized, and the modified cells are injected into the blastocoel of the blastocyst. After injection, the blastocysts are returned to each uterine horn of pseudopregnant females. Females are then allowed to go to term and the resulting litters screened for mutant cells having the construct. By providing for a different phenotype of the blastocyst and the ES cells, chimeric progeny can be readily detected. The chimeric animals are screened for the presence of the modified gene and males and females having the modification are mated to produce homozygous progeny. If the gene alterations cause lethality at some point in development, tissues or organs can be maintained as allogeneic or congenic grafts or transplants, or in in vitro culture.

[0166] Animals containing more than one transgene, such as allelic variants of COX6B and/or GPI-1 and/or other genes associated with cardiovascular disease can be made by sequentially introducing individual alleles into an animal in order to produce the desired phenotype (manifestation or predisposition to cardiovascular disease).

[0167] I. Effect of Allelic Variants on the Encoded Protein and Disease Related Phenotype

[0168] The effect of an allelic variant on a COX6B or GPI-1 protein (altered amount, stability, location and/or activity) can be determined according to methods known in the art. Allelic variants of the COX6B and GPI-1 genes can be assayed individually or in combination with other variants known to be associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0169] If the mutation is located in an intron, the effect of the mutation can be determined, e.g., by producing transgenic animals in which the allelic variant linked to lipid metabolism and/or cardiovascular disease has been introduced and in which the wild-type gene or predominant allele may have been knocked out. Comparison of the level of expression of the protein in the mice transgenic for the allelic variant with mice transgenic for the predominant allele will reveal whether the mutation results in increased or decreased synthesis of the associated protein and/or aberrant tissue distribution of the associated protein. Such analysis could also be performed in cultured cells, in which the human variant allele gene is introduced and, e.g., replaces the endogenous gene in the cell. Thus, depending on the effect of the alteration a specific treatment can be administered to a subject having such a mutation. Accordingly, if the mutation results in decreased production of a COX6B or GPI-1 protein, the subject can be treated by administration of a compound which increases synthesis, such as by increasing COX6B or GPI-1 gene expression, and wherein the compound acts at a regulatory element different from the one which is mutated. Alternatively, if the mutation results in increased COX6B or GPI-1 protein levels, the subject can be treated by administration of a compound which reduces protein production, e.g., by reducing COX6B or GPI-1 gene expression or a compound which inhibits or reduces the activity of COX6B or GPI-1 protein.

[0170] J. Diagnostic and Prognostic Assays

[0171] Typically, an individual allelic variant that associates with a risk factor for cardiovascular disease will not be used in isolation as a prognosticator for a subject developing high cholesterol, low HDL or cardiovascular disease. An

allelic variant typically will be one of a plurality of indicators that are utilized. The other indicators may be the manifestation of other risk factors for cardiovascular disease, e.g., family history, high blood pressure, weight, activity level, etc., or additional allelic variants in the same or other genes associated with altered lipid metabolism and/or cardiovascular disease.

[0172] Useful combinations of allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene can be determined by examining combinations of variants of these genes, which are assayed individually or assayed simultaneously using multiplexing methods as described above or any other labelling method that allows different variants to be identified. In particular, variants of COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene may be assayed using kits (see below) or any of a variety of microarrays known to those in the art. For example, oligonucleotide probes comprising the polymorphic regions surrounding any polymorphism in the COX6B or GPI-1 gene may be designed and fabricated using methods such as those described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,492,806; 5,525,464; 5,695,940; 6,018,041; 6,025,136; WO 98/30883; WO 98/56954; WO99/09218; WO 00/58516; WO 00/58519, or references cited therein. Similarly one of skill in the art can determine useful combinations of allelic variants of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes along with variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0173] K. Pharmacogenomics

[0174] It is likely that subjects having one or more different allelic variants of the COX6B or GPI-1 polymorphic regions will respond differently to therapeutic drugs to treat cardiovascular disease or conditions. For example, there are numerous drugs available for lowering cholesterol levels: including lovastatin (MEVACOR; Merck & Co.), simvastatin (XOCOR; Merck & Co.), dextrothyroxine (CHOLOXIN; Knoll Pharmaceutical Co.), pamaquesside (Pfizer), cholestyramine (QUESTRAN; Bristol-Myers Squibb), colestipol (COLESTID; Pharmacia & Upjohn), acipomox (Pharmacia & Upjohn), fenofibrate (LIPIDIL), gemfibrozil (LOPID; Warner-Lambert), cerivastatin (LIPOBAY; Bayer), fluvastatin (LESCOL; Novartis), atorvastatin (LIPITOR; Warner-Lambert), etofylline clofibrate (DUOLIP; Merckle (Germany)), probucol (LORELCO; Hoechst Marion Roussel), omacor (Pronova (Norway)), etofibrate (Merz (Germany)), clofibrate (ATROMID-S; Wyeth-Ayerst (AHP)), and niacin (numerous manufacturers). All patients do not respond identically to these drugs. Alleles of the COX6B or the GPI-1 gene which associate with altered lipid metabolism will be useful alone or in conjunction with markers in other genes associated with the development of cardiovascular disease to predict a subject's response to a therapeutic drug. For example, multiplex primer extension assays or microarrays comprising probes for alleles are useful formats for determining drug response. A correlation between drug responses and specific alleles or combinations of alleles of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease can be shown, for example, by clinical studies wherein the response to specific drugs of subjects having different allelic variants of polymorphic regions of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes alone or in combination with allelic variants of other genes are compared. Such studies can also be performed using animal models, such as mice having various alleles and in which, e.g., the endogenous COX6B or GPI-1 genes have been

inactivated such as by a knock-out mutation. Test drugs are then administered to the mice having different alleles and the response of the different mice to a specific compound is compared. Accordingly, assays, microarrays and kits are provided for determining the drug which will be best suited for treating a specific disease or condition in a subject based on the individual's genotype. For example, it will be possible to select drugs which will be devoid of toxicity, or have the lowest level of toxicity possible for treating a subject having a disease or condition, e.g., cardiovascular disease or high cholesterol or low HDL.

[0175] L. Kits

[0176] Kits can be used to indicate whether a subject is at risk of developing high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease. The kits can also be used to determine if a subject who has high cholesterol or low HDL carries associated variants in the COX6B or GPI-1 genes or other cardiovascular disease-related genes. This information could be used, e.g., to optimize treatment of such individuals as a particular genotype may be associated with drug response.

[0177] In preferred embodiments, the kits comprise a probe or primer which is capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a COX6B or GPI-1 gene and thereby identifying whether the COX6B or GPI-1 gene contains an allelic variant which is associated with cardiovascular disease. Primers or probes that specifically hybridize at or adjacent to the SNPs described in Tables 1-3 could be included. In particular, primers or probes which comprise the sequences of SEQ ID NOs.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118 could be included in the kits. The kits preferably further comprise instructions for use in carrying out assays, interpreting results and diagnosing a subject as having a predisposition toward developing high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease.

[0178] Preferred kits for amplifying a region of a COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene, or other genes associated with cardiovascular disease (such as those listed in Table 3) comprise two primers which flank a polymorphic region of the gene of interest. For example primers can comprise the sequences of SEQ ID NOs.: 3, 4, 8, 9, 41, 42, 46, 47, 51, 52, 56, 57, 61, 62, 66, 67, 71, 72, 76, 77, 81, 82, 86, 87, 91, 92, 96, 97, 101, 102, 106, 107, 111, 112, 116, and 117. For other assays, primers or probes hybridize to a polymorphic region or 5' or 3' to a polymorphic region depending on which strand of the target nucleic acid is used. For example, specific probes and primers comprise sequences designated as SEQ ID NOs: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118. Those of skill in the art can synthesize primers and probes which hybridize adjacent to or at the polymorphic regions described in TABLES 1-3 and other SNPs in genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0179] Yet other kits comprise at least one reagent necessary to perform an assay. For example, the kit can comprise an enzyme, such as a nucleic acid polymerase. Alternatively the kit can comprise a buffer or any other necessary reagent.

[0180] Yet other kits comprise microarrays of probes to detect allelic variants of COX6B, GPI-1, and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. The kits further comprise instructions for their use and interpreting the results.

[0181] The following examples are included for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention. The practice of methods and development of the products provided herein employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional techniques of cell biology, cell culture, molecular biology, transgenic biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, and immunology, which are within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See, for example, *Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., ed. by Sambrook, Fritsch and Maniatis (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press: 1989); *DNA Cloning*, Volumes I and II (D. N. Glover ed., 1985); *Oligonucleotide Synthesis* (M. J. Gait ed., 1984); *Mullis et al. U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,195*; *Nucleic Acid Hybridization* (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. 1984); *Transcription and Translation* (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. 1984); *Culture of Animal Cells* (R. I. Freshney, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1987); *Immobilized Cells and Enzymes* (IRL Press, 1986); B. Perbal, *A Practical Guide To Molecular Cloning* (1984); the treatise, *Methods In Enzymology* (Academic Press, Inc., New York); *Gene Transfer Vectors For Mammalian Cells* (J. H. Miller and M. P. Calos eds., 1987, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory); *Methods In Enzymology*, Vols. 154 and 155 (Wu et al. eds., Immunochemical Methods In Cell and Molecular Biology (Mayer and Walker, eds., Academic Press, London, 1987); *Handbook of Experimental Immunology*, Volumes I-IV (D. M. Weir and C. C. Blackwell, eds., 1986); *Manipulating the Mouse Embryo*, (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1986).

EXAMPLE 1

[0182] Isolation of DNA from Blood Samples of a Stratified Population

[0183] Blood samples were obtained from a population of unrelated Caucasian women between the ages of 18-79 (average age =48). The women had, no response to media campaigns, attended the Twin Research Unit at the St. Thomas Hospital in London, England. For current purposes, only one member of a twin pair was used to insure that all observations were independent. Blood samples from 1400 unrelated individuals were measured for levels of cholesterol and HDL. Cholesterol and HDL level in blood samples were quantitated using standard assay methods.

[0184] The population was stratified into pools of 200 people, which represented the lower extreme and the upper extreme for serum levels of cholesterol and HDL.

Cholesterol	
Pool 1:	Individuals were considered to have low cholesterol (0.12-3.6 mmolles/L).
Pool 2:	Individuals were considered to have high cholesterol (5.25-11.57 mmolles/L).
HDL	
Pool 3:	Individuals were considered to have low levels of HDL (0.240-1.11 mmolles/L)
Pool 4:	Individuals were considered to have high levels of HDL (2.10-3.76 mmolles/L).

[0185] DNA Extraction Protocol

[0186] DNA was extracted from blood samples of each of the pools by utilizing the following protocol.

[0187] Section 1

- [0188] 1. Blood was extracted into EDTA tubes.
- [0189] 2. Blood sample was spun at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes in a clinical centrifuge.
- [0190] 3. The buffy coat (the leucocytes, a yellowish layer of cells on top of the red blood cells) was removed and pooled into a 1 ml conical tube.
- [0191] 4. 0.9% saline was added to fill the tube and resuspend the leucocytes. Sample were immediately further processed or stored at 4° C. for 24 hrs.
- [0192] 5. The sample was spun at 2,500 rpm for 10 minutes.
- [0193] 6. The buffy coat was again removed as cleanly as possible leaving behind any red cells, the sample was suspended in red cell lysis buffer and left for 20 minutes at 4° C.
- [0194] 7. The sample was spun again at 2,500 rpm for 10 minutes. If a pellet of unlysed red cells remained lying above the leucocytes the treatment with red cell lysis buffer was repeated.
- [0195] 8. The leucocyte pellet was resuspended in 2 ml 0.9% saline.
- [0196] 9. The DNA was liberated by the addition of leucocyte lysis buffer—the tube was capped and gently inverted several times, until the liquid became viscous with DNA. The samples were handled with care to avoid shearing and damage to the DNA.
- [0197] 10. Samples were frozen for storage prior to full extraction.

[0198] Section 2

- [0199] 11. 2 ml of 5 M sodium perchlorate was added to the thawed sample and mixed by inversion. The sample was heated to 60° C. for 30-40 minutes to fully denature proteins.
- [0200] 12. An equal volume of chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (24:1) was added at room temperature and the sample mixed for 10 minutes.
- [0201] 13. The sample was spun without a break at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.
- [0202] 14. The top aqueous phase was removed into a clean tube and two volumes of cold 100% ethanol added and mixed by inversion to precipitate DNA.
- [0203] 15. The DNA was removed using a sterile loop and resuspended in 1-5 ml TE buffer depending on the DNA yield.
- [0204] 16. The optical density was measured at 260 and 280 nm to check yield and purity of the DNA sample. For use in Examples 2 and 3, all DNA had an absorbance ratio of 1.6 at 260/280, a total yield of 32 µg and a concentration of 10 ng/µl. If initial purity levels were unacceptable a re-extraction was carried out (sections 12-15 above).

EXAMPLE 2

[0205] Detection of an Association between an SNP at Position 86 of the Human COX6B Gene and High Cholesterol

[0206] DNA samples (as prepared in Example 1), representing 200 women, from the lower extreme, pool 1 (low levels of cholesterol) and the upper extreme, pool 2 (high levels of cholesterol) were amplified and analyzed for genetic differences using a MassEXTEND™ assay detection method. For each pool, single nucleotide polymorphisms were examined throughout the entire genome to detect differences in allelic frequency of a variant allele between the pools. PCR Amplification of Samples from Pools 1 and 2 PCR primers were synthesized by Operon (Alameda, Calif.) using phosphoramidite chemistry. Amplification of the COX6B target sequence was carried out in two 50 µl PCR reactions with 100 ng of pooled human genomic DNA, obtained as described in Example 1, taken from samples in pool 1 or pool 2, although amounts ranging from 100 ng to 1 µg could be used. Individual DNA concentrations within the pooled samples were present in equal concentration with a final concentration of 0.5 ng. Each reaction contained 1× PCR buffer (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 200 µM dNTPs, 1 U Hotstar Taq polymerase (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 4 mM MgCl₂, and 25 pmols of the long primer containing both the universal primer sequence and the target specific sequence 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTTCACACAGG-TAGTCTGTGTTCTGGTTGGGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 4), 2 pmols of the short primer 5'-AGGATTTCAGCAC-CATGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 3) and 10 pmols of a biotinylated universal primer complementary to the 5' end of the PCR amplicon 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTTCACACAGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 121). Alternatively, the biotinylated universal primer could be 5'-GGCGCACGCCTCCACG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 122). After an initial round of amplification with the target with the specific forward (long) and reverse primer (short), the 5' biotinylated universal primer then hybridized and acted as a reverse primer thereby introducing a 3' biotin capture moiety into the molecule. The amplification protocol results in a 5'-biotinylated double stranded DNA amplicon and dramatically reduces the cost of high throughput genotyping by eliminating the need to 5' biotin label each forward primer used in a genotyping. Thermal cycling was performed in 0.2 mL tubes or 96 well plate using an MJ Research Thermal Cycler (Waltham, Mass.) (calculated temperature) with the following cycling parameters: 94° C. for 5 min; 45 cycles: 94° C. for 20 sec, 56° C. for 30 sec, 72° C. for 60 sec; 72° C. 3 min.

[0207] Immobilization of DNA

[0208] The 50 µl PCR reaction was added to 25 µl of streptavidin coated magnetic bead (Dyna, Lake Success, N.Y.) prewashed three times and resuspended in 1 M NH₄Cl, 0.06 M NH₄OH. The PCR amplicons were allowed to bind to the beads for 15 minutes at room temperature. The beads were then collected with a magnet and the supernatant containing unbound DNA was removed. The unbound strand was released from the double stranded amplicons by incubation in 100 mM NaOH and washing of the beads three times with 10 mM Tris pH 8.0. Genotyping The frequency of the alleles at position 86 in the COX6B gene was measured using the MassEXTEND™ assay and MALDI-TOF. The SNP identified at position 86 of COX6B in the

GenBank sequence is represented as a C to T transversion. The MassEXTEND™ assay used detected the sequence of the complementary strand, thus the SNP was represented as G to A in the primer extension products. The DNA coated magnetic beads were resuspended in 26 mM Tris-HCl pH 9.5, 6.5 mM MgCl₂ and 50 mM each of dTTPs and 50 mM each of ddCTP, ddATP, ddGTP, 2.5 U of a thermostable DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, N.J.) and 20 pmoles of a template specific oligonucleotide primer 5'-AATCAAGAACTACAAGAC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 5) (Operon, Alameda, Calif.). Primer extension occurred with three cycles of oligonucleotide primer hybridization and extension. The extension products were analyzed after denaturation from the template with 50 mM NH₄Cl and transfer of 150 nl of each sample to a silicon chip preloaded with 150 nl of H3PA (3-hydroxy picolinic acid) (Sigma Aldrich, St Louis, Mo.) matrix material. The sample material was allowed to crystallize and analyzed by MALDI-TOF (Bruker Daltonics, Billerica, Mass.; PerSeptive, Foster City, Calif.). The mass of the primer used in the MassEXTEND™ reaction was 5493.70 daltons. The predominant allele is extended by the addition of ddC, which has a mass of 5766.90 daltons. The allelic variant results in the addition of dT and ddG to the primer to produce an extension product having a mass of 6111.10 daltons.

[0209] In addition to being analyzed as part of a pool, each individual sample (0.5 ng) was amplified as described above and analyzed individually using a MassEXTEND™ reaction as described above.

[0210] Pooled populations of women (200 women per pool) with high cholesterol (pool 2) showed an increase in the frequency of the A allele at nucleotide position 86 of COX6B as compared with those with low levels of cholesterol (pool 1) (see FIG. 1). The association of this allelic variant of the COX6B gene with high cholesterol gave a statistically significant value of 14.30 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association. In other words, the increase of 2.75% to 9.05% is significant, with a p value of 0.000156 (see FIG. 1). The genotype of each of the individuals in the pooled population was also determined by carrying out MassEXTEND™ reactions on each DNA samples individually. These analysis confirmed the pooling data showing that there was an increase in the frequency of the A allele of 2.27% to 9.93%, ($p=0.0000061$). The genotypes in pool 2 showed a decrease in the homozygous GG genotype from 95.4% to 82.35% and an increase in the heterozygous GA genotype from 4.55% to 15.44%. None of the individuals with low levels of serum cholesterol exhibited the homozygous AA genotype.

EXAMPLE 3

[0211] Detection of an Association between an SNP at Position 2577 of the Human GPI-1 Gene and Low HDL

[0212] DNA samples (as prepared in Example 1), representing 200 women, from pool 3 (low level of HDL) and pool 4 (high levels of HDL) were amplified and analyzed for genetic differences using a MassEXTEND™ detection method. For each pool, SNPs were examined throughout the genome to detect differences in allelic frequency of variant alleles between the pools.

[0213] PCR Amplification of Samples from Pools 3 and 4

[0214] PCR primers were synthesized by Operon (Alameda, Calif.) using phosphoramidite chemistry. Amplification of the GPI-1 target sequence was carried out in single 50 μ l PCR reaction with 100 ng of pooled human genomic DNA (200 samples), obtained as described in Example 1, taken from samples in pool 3 or pool 4, although amounts ranging from 100 ng to 1 μ g could be used. Individual DNA concentrations within the pooled samples were present in equal concentration with the final concentration of 0.5 ng. Each reaction contained 1 \times PCR buffer (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 200 μ M dNTPs, 1 U Hotstar Taq polymerase (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 4 mM MgCl₂, and 25 pmols of the forward primer containing both the universal primer sequence and the target specific short sequence 5'-AGCAGGGCTTCCTCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 8) 2 pmols of the long primer 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGGTGACCCAGCCGTACTATTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 9) and 10 pmols of a biotinylated universal primer complementary to the 5' end of the PCR amplicon 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 121). After an initial round of amplification with the target with the specific forward (long) and reverse primer (short), the 5' biotinylated universal primer then hybridized and acted as a reverse primer thereby introducing a 3' biotin capture moiety into the molecule. The amplification protocol results in a 5'-biotinylated double stranded DNA amplicon and dramatically reduces the cost of high throughput genotyping by eliminating the need to 5' biotin label each forward primer used in a genotyping. Thermal cycling was performed in 0.2 mL tubes or 96 well plate using an MJ Research Thermal Cycler (Waltham, Mass.) (calculated temperature) with the following cycling parameters: 94° C. for 5 min; 45 cycles: 94° C. for 20 sec, 56° C. for 30 sec, 72° C. for 60 sec; 72° C. 3 min.

[0215] Immobilization of DNA

[0216] The 50 μ l PCR reaction was added to 25 μ l of streptavidin coated magnetic bead (Dyna, Lake Success, N.Y.) prewashed three times and resuspended in 1 M NH₄Cl, 0.06 M NH₄OH. The PCR amplicons were allowed to bind to the beads for 15 minutes at room temperature. The beads were then collected with a magnet and the supernatant containing unbound DNA was removed. The unbound strand was released from the double stranded amplicons by incubation in 100 mM NaOH and washing of the beads three times with 10 mM Tris pH 8.0.

[0217] Genotyping

[0218] The frequency of the alleles at position 2577 in the GPI-1 gene was measured using the MassEXTEND™ assay and MALDI-TOF. The SNP identified at position 2577 of GPI-1 in the GenBank sequence is represented as a G to A transversion. The MassEXTEND™ assay used detected this sequence, thus the SNP was represented as C to T in the primer extension products. The DNA coated magnetic beads were resuspended in 26 mM Tris-HCl pH 9.5, 6.5 mM MgCl₂ and 50 mM each of dTTPs and 50 mM each of ddCTP, ddATP, ddGTP, 2.5 U of a thermostable DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, N.J.) and 20 pmols of a template specific oligonucleotide primer 5'-AAGGGAGACAGATTGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 10) (Operon, Alameda, Calif.). Primer extension occurred with three cycles of oligonucleotide primer hybridization

and extension. The extension products were analyzed after denaturation from the template with 50 mM NH_4Cl and transfer of 150 nl each sample to a silicon chip preloaded with 150 nl of H3PA matrix material. The sample material was allowed to crystallize and analyzed by MALDI-TOF (Bruker Daltonics, Billerica, Mass.; PerSeptive, Foster City, Calif.). The mass of the primer used in the MassEXTEND™ reaction was 5612.70 daltons. The predominant allele is extended by the addition of ddC, which has a mass of 5885.90 daltons. The allelic variant results in the addition of dT and ddG to the primer to produce an extension product having a mass of 6230.10 daltons.

[0219] In addition to being analyzed as a pool, each individual sample (0.5 ng) was amplified as described above and analyzed individually using the MassEXTEND™ reaction as described above.

[0220] Pooled populations of women (200 women per pool) with low HDL (pool 3) showed an increase in the T allele of 11.33% at nucleotide position 2577 as compared

with those with high levels of HDL (pool 4). The association of this allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene with low HDL gave a statistically significant value of 15.04 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association. In other words, the increase of 16.23% to 27.57% is significant, with a p value of 0.0001064 (see FIG. 2). The genotype of each of the individuals in the pooled population was also determined by carrying out individual MassEXTEND™ reactions on individual DNA samples. These analysis confirmed the pooling data showing that there was an increase in the frequency of the T allele of 19.49% to 26.1%, ($p=0.024$). The measured genotypes in pool 3 showed a decrease in the homozygous CC genotype from 65.24% to 54.21% and an increase in the heterozygous CT genotype from 30.51% to 39.25%. The homozygous TT genotypes increased 2.3%.

[0221] Since modifications will be apparent to those of skill in this art, it is intended that this invention be limited only by the scope of the appended claims.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 1

<211> LENGTH: 439

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (45)...(305)

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

```

ttgagctgca ggttgaatcc ggggtgcctt taggattcag cacc atg gcg gaa gac      56
                                     Met Ala Glu Asp
                                     1
atg gag acc aaa atc aag aac tac aag acc gcc cct ttt gac agc cgc      104
Met Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Asn Tyr Lys Thr Ala Pro Phe Asp Ser Arg
 5          10          15          20
ttc ccc aac cag aac cag act aga aac tgc tgg cag aac tac ctg gac      152
Phe Pro Asn Gln Asn Gln Thr Arg Asn Cys Trp Gln Asn Tyr Leu Asp
          25          30          35
ttc cac cgc tgt cag aag gca atg acc gct aaa gga ggc gat atc tct      200
Phe His Arg Cys Gln Lys Ala Met Thr Ala Lys Gly Gly Asp Ile Ser
          40          45          50
gtg tgc gaa tgg tac cag cgt gtg tac cag tcc ctc tgc ccc aca tcc      248
Val Cys Glu Trp Tyr Gln Arg Val Tyr Gln Ser Leu Cys Pro Thr Ser
          55          60          65
tgg gtc aca gac tgg gat gag caa cgg gct gaa ggc acg ttt ccc ggg      296
Trp Val Thr Asp Trp Asp Gln Gln Arg Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Pro Gly
          70          75          80
aag atc tga actggctgca tctcccttct ctctgtctct cactcttctc      345
Lys Ile *
          85
ccagatgggt gaagggggac ctggtaccca gtgatcccca cccaggatc ctaaatcatg      405
acttaactgc taataaaaaa taattggaaa agtg      439
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 86

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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

Met Ala Glu Asp Met Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Asn Tyr Lys Thr Ala Pro
 1             5             10             15

Phe Asp Ser Arg Phe Pro Asn Gln Asn Gln Thr Arg Asn Cys Trp Gln
 20             25             30

Asn Tyr Leu Asp Phe His Arg Cys Gln Lys Ala Met Thr Ala Lys Gly
 35             40             45

Gly Asp Ile Ser Val Cys Glu Trp Tyr Gln Arg Val Tyr Gln Ser Leu
 50             55             60

Cys Pro Thr Ser Trp Val Thr Asp Trp Asp Glu Gln Arg Ala Glu Gly
 65             70             75             80

Thr Phe Pro Gly Lys Ile
 85

<210> SEQ ID NO 3
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

aggattcagc accatggc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 43
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

agcggataac aattcacac aggtagtctg gttctggttg ggg                                     43

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: MassExtend primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

aatcaagaac tacaagac                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 2921
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (103)...(1848)

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

cagcgagcgc cgctgctgc ccgggccgc ccatgggggt ccccaacccc atcgggacc 60
cgccgccgga gcgcggggcc ccggaagcac ccgcctcccg gc atg gtg ctc aag 114
Met Val Leu Lys
1

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gcc ttc ttc ccc acg tgc tgc gtc tgc gcg gac agc ggg ctg ctg gtc	162
Ala Phe Phe Pro Thr Cys Cys Val Ser Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu Leu Val	
5 10 15 20	
gga cgg tgg gtc cgg gag cag agc agc gcc gtg gtc ctg gcg gtc ctg	210
Gly Arg Trp Val Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Ala Val Val Leu Ala Val Leu	
25 30 35	
cac ttt ccc ttc atc ccc atc cag gtc aag cag ctc ctg gcc cag gtc	258
His Phe Pro Phe Ile Pro Ile Gln Val Lys Gln Leu Leu Ala Gln Val	
40 45 50	
cgg cag gcc agc cag gtc ggc gtc gcc gtc ctg ggc acc tgg tgc cac	306
Arg Gln Ala Ser Gln Val Gly Val Ala Val Leu Gly Thr Trp Cys His	
55 60 65	
tgc cgg cag gag ccc gag gag agc ctg ggc cgc ttc ctg gag agc ctg	354
Cys Arg Gln Glu Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu Gly Arg Phe Leu Glu Ser Leu	
70 75 80	
ggt gct gtc ttc ccc cat gag ccc tgg ctg cgg ctg tgc cgg gag aga	402
Gly Ala Val Phe Pro His Glu Pro Trp Leu Arg Leu Cys Arg Glu Arg	
85 90 95 100	
ggc ggc acg ttc tgg agc tgc gag gcc acc cac cgg caa gcg ccc act	450
Gly Gly Thr Phe Trp Ser Cys Glu Ala Thr His Arg Gln Ala Pro Thr	
105 110 115	
gcc ccc ggt gcc cct ggt gag gac cag gtc atg ctc atc ttc tat gac	498
Ala Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Gln Val Met Leu Ile Phe Tyr Asp	
120 125 130	
cag cgc cag gtc ttg ctg tca cag cta cac ctg ccc acc gtc ctg ccc	546
Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu His Leu Pro Thr Val Leu Pro	
135 140 145	
gac cgc cag gct gga gcc acc act gcc agc acg ggg ggc ctg gct gcc	594
Asp Arg Gln Ala Gly Ala Thr Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Leu Ala Ala	
150 155 160	
gtc ttc gac acg gta gca cgc agt gag gtc ctc ttc cgc agt gac cgc	642
Val Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe Arg Ser Asp Arg	
165 170 175 180	
ttt gat gag ggc ccc gtc cgg ctg agc cac tgg cag tgc gag ggc gtc	690
Phe Asp Glu Gly Pro Val Arg Leu Ser His Trp Gln Ser Glu Gly Val	
185 190 195	
gag gcc agc atc ctc gcg gag ctg gcc agg cga gcc tgc gga ccc att	738
Glu Ala Ser Ile Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ser Gly Pro Ile	
200 205 210	
tgt ctg ctg ttg gcc agc ctg ctg tgc ctg gtc tca gct gtc agt gcc	786
Cys Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Leu Val Ser Ala Val Ser Ala	
215 220 225	
tgc cga gtc ttc aag ctc tgg ccc ctg tcc ttc ctc ggg agc aaa ctc	834
Cys Arg Val Phe Lys Leu Trp Pro Leu Ser Phe Leu Gly Ser Lys Leu	
230 235 240	
tcc acg tgc gaa cag ctc cgg cac cgg ctg gag cac ctc acg cta atc	882
Ser Thr Cys Glu Gln Leu Arg His Arg Leu Glu His Leu Thr Leu Ile	
245 250 255 260	
ttc agt aca cgg aag gcg gag aac cct gcc cag ctg atg agg aag gcc	930
Phe Ser Thr Arg Lys Ala Glu Asn Pro Ala Gln Leu Met Arg Lys Ala	
265 270 275	
aac acg gtc gcc tct gtc ctg ctg gac gtc gcc ctg ggc ctc atg ctg	978
Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Val Leu Leu Asp Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Met Leu	
280 285 290	
ctg tcc tgg ctc cac ggg aga agc cgc atc ggg cat ctg gcc gac gcc	1026
Leu Ser Trp Leu His Gly Arg Ser Arg Ile Gly His Leu Ala Asp Ala	
295 300 305	

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ctc gtt cct gtg gct gac cac gtg gcc gag gag ctc cag cat ctg ctg Leu Val Pro Val Ala Asp His Val Ala Glu Glu Leu Gln His Leu Leu 310 315 320	1074
cag tgg ctg atg ggt gct ccc gcc ggg ctc aag atg aac cgt gca ctg Gln Trp Leu Met Gly Ala Pro Ala Gly Leu Lys Met Asn Arg Ala Leu 325 330 335 340	1122
gac cag gtg ctg ggc cgc ttc ttc ctc tac cac atc cac ctg tgg atc Asp Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Phe Phe Leu Tyr His Ile His Leu Trp Ile 345 350 355	1170
agc tac atc cac ctc atg tcc ccc ttc gtg gag cac atc ctt tgg cac Ser Tyr Ile His Leu Met Ser Pro Phe Val Glu His Ile Leu Trp His 360 365 370	1218
gtg ggc ctc tgc gcc tgc ctg ggc ctg aag gtg gcc ctg tcc ctc ctc Val Gly Leu Ser Ala Cys Leu Gly Leu Thr Val Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu 375 380 385	1266
tgc gac att atc gcc ctc ctc acc ttc cac atc tac tgc ttt tac gtc Ser Asp Ile Ile Ala Leu Leu Thr Phe His Ile Tyr Cys Phe Tyr Val 390 395 400	1314
tat gga gcc agg ctg tac tgc ctg aag atc cat ggc ctg tcc tca ctg Tyr Gly Ala Arg Leu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Ile His Gly Leu Ser Ser Leu 405 410 415 420	1362
tgg cgt ctg ttc cgg ggg aag aag tgg aac gtt ctg cgc cag cgc gtg Trp Arg Leu Phe Arg Gly Lys Lys Trp Asn Val Leu Arg Gln Arg Val 425 430 435	1410
gac tcc tgt tcc tat gac ctg gac cag ctg ttc atc ggg act ctg ctc Asp Ser Cys Ser Tyr Asp Leu Asp Gln Leu Phe Ile Gly Thr Leu Leu 440 445 450	1458
ttc acc atc ctg ctc ttc ctc ctg cct acc aca gcc ctg tac tac ctg Phe Thr Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Pro Thr Thr Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Leu 455 460 465	1506
gtg ttc acc ctg ctc cgg ctc ctg gtg gtc gcc gtg cag ggc ctg atc Val Phe Thr Leu Leu Arg Leu Leu Val Val Ala Val Gln Gly Leu Ile 470 475 480	1554
cat ctg ctg gtg gac ctc atc aac tcc ctg ccg ctg tac tca ctg ggt His Leu Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Tyr Ser Leu Gly 485 490 495 500	1602
ctt cgg ctc tgc cgg ccc tac agg ctg gcg gct ggc gtg aag ttc cgt Leu Arg Leu Cys Arg Pro Tyr Arg Leu Ala Ala Gly Val Lys Phe Arg 505 510 515	1650
gtc ctc cgg cac gag gcc agc agg ccc ctc cgc ctc ctg atg cag ata Val Leu Arg His Glu Ala Ser Arg Pro Leu Arg Leu Leu Met Gln Ile 520 525 530	1698
aac cca ctg ccc tac agc cgc gtg gtg cac acc tac cgc ctc ccc agc Asn Pro Leu Pro Tyr Ser Arg Val Val His Thr Tyr Arg Leu Pro Ser 535 540 545	1746
tgt ggc tgc cac ccc aag cac tcc tgg ggc gcc ctg tgc cgc aag ctg Cys Gly Cys His Pro Lys His Ser Trp Gly Ala Leu Cys Arg Lys Leu 550 555 560	1794
ttc ctt ggg gag ctc atc tac ccc tgg agg cag aga ggg gac aag cag Phe Gly Glu Leu Ile Tyr Pro Trp Arg Gln Arg Gly Asp Lys Gln 565 570 575 580	1842
gac tga ggggaactgct ggctgcctg gcaccaccac acggccacag ccagccatct Asp *	1898
gctctgcacag ggtggcaccac gtcacgtgg cgcctgtccc gtgctttgtg gacgtgtgtg	1958
tgtgctcctg aacacggcag gacgtgtat cacacotttg gattggaggt cattgggagt	2018
gagcagatgt ggggggggcc agccaggctg gcgcactcc atcactggca ctgcctgct	2078

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tgggaaccgc tccccacctg ctgcgggtcac catggtggcg agcacagcaa cccacgggtg 2138
ccagagcaact gccccatgcc caccctgcat acccaggtcc agagggtccg tccaccacag 2198
cagcccccagg tggaggggctg gtctccctgg gggctcccca gtggctctgc cctggctgtg 2258
gggggtggagg gaccttgcaa ggatgaaccc tccagtccca ggcacctctc agctccctca 2318
gcgaacacgc accctgcacg tgggggattg aagcagtcgc tgacccccgt cccacagcgg 2378
ccggggccct cactccctga accacacggg gtttatttgc ggaagtctcc tggagaggtc 2438
gctttgtgaa gaaccatca gcaggctgtg agcatcgcca ggctgctgtg gggcggggag 2498
cagccctcagt gtcaagggcc tgcccaactga cccagccgta cctattcgtc caccgtgccc 2558
cgtagacagca ggtcctgcgg ccaaatctgt ctcccttcac gggcctccca gggaaaggag 2618
aagccctgct gtgcagacac ctctgtggcc cccacggggt gtgagcggcc tggggagggg 2678
gcctgtggac tgaggccgaa agtgccctgc agacggcacg gtctgggtgc ggggtgtccc 2738
tgtgagcccg agtccgcttc agggggggag cctgcagggt cgggctgggt aggggatgac 2798
gcgctgtggg tgggaggagg cagcgcccat ctacgcagca ccaggactgc ctgggaactcc 2858
ctggcaaccc agcacccggg aagccgtcag ctgctgtgac aataaaacct gcccgctgtc 2918
tgg 2921

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<210> SEQ ID NO 7
<211> LENGTH: 581
<212> TYPE: PRF
<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien
<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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Met Val Leu Lys Ala Phe Phe Pro Thr Cys Cys Val Ser Ala Asp Ser
 1             5             10            15
Gly Leu Leu Val Gly Arg Trp Val Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Ala Val Val
          20            25            30
Leu Ala Val Leu His Phe Pro Phe Ile Pro Ile Gln Val Lys Gln Leu
          35            40            45
Leu Ala Gln Val Arg Gln Ala Ser Gln Val Gly Val Ala Val Leu Gly
          50            55            60
Thr Trp Cys His Cys Arg Gln Glu Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu Gly Arg Phe
65             70             75            80
Leu Glu Ser Leu Gly Ala Val Phe Pro His Glu Pro Trp Leu Arg Leu
          85            90            95
Cys Arg Glu Arg Gly Gly Thr Phe Trp Ser Cys Glu Ala Thr His Arg
100            105            110
Gln Ala Pro Thr Ala Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Gln Val Met Leu
115            120            125
Ile Phe Tyr Asp Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu His Leu Pro
130            135            140
Thr Val Leu Pro Asp Arg Gln Ala Gly Ala Thr Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly
145            150            155            160
Gly Leu Ala Ala Val Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe
165            170            175
Arg Ser Asp Arg Phe Asp Glu Gly Pro Val Arg Leu Ser His Trp Gln
180            185            190

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Ser Glu Gly Val Glu Ala Ser Ile Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Ala
 195 200 205
 Ser Gly Pro Ile Cys Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Leu Val Ser
 210 215 220
 Ala Val Ser Ala Cys Arg Val Phe Lys Leu Trp Pro Leu Ser Phe Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Ser Lys Leu Ser Thr Cys Glu Gln Leu Arg His Arg Leu Glu His
 245 250 255
 Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Ser Thr Arg Lys Ala Glu Asn Pro Ala Gln Leu
 260 265 270
 Met Arg Lys Ala Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Val Leu Leu Asp Val Ala Leu
 275 280 285
 Gly Leu Met Leu Leu Ser Trp Leu His Gly Arg Ser Arg Ile Gly His
 290 295 300
 Leu Ala Asp Ala Leu Val Pro Val Ala Asp His Val Ala Glu Glu Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Gln His Leu Leu Gln Trp Leu Met Gly Ala Pro Ala Gly Leu Lys Met
 325 330 335
 Asn Arg Ala Leu Asp Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Phe Phe Leu Tyr His Ile
 340 345 350
 His Leu Trp Ile Ser Tyr Ile His Leu Met Ser Pro Phe Val Glu His
 355 360 365
 Ile Leu Trp His Val Gly Leu Ser Ala Cys Leu Gly Leu Thr Val Ala
 370 375 380
 Leu Ser Leu Leu Ser Asp Ile Ile Ala Leu Leu Thr Phe His Ile Tyr
 385 390 395 400
 Cys Phe Tyr Val Tyr Gly Ala Arg Leu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Ile His Gly
 405 410 415
 Leu Ser Ser Leu Trp Arg Leu Phe Arg Gly Lys Lys Trp Asn Val Leu
 420 425 430
 Arg Gln Arg Val Asp Ser Cys Ser Tyr Asp Leu Asp Gln Leu Phe Ile
 435 440 445
 Gly Thr Leu Leu Phe Thr Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Pro Thr Thr Ala
 450 455 460
 Leu Tyr Tyr Leu Val Phe Thr Leu Leu Arg Leu Leu Val Val Ala Val
 465 470 475 480
 Gln Gly Leu Ile His Leu Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu
 485 490 495
 Tyr Ser Leu Gly Leu Arg Leu Cys Arg Pro Tyr Arg Leu Ala Ala Gly
 500 505 510
 Val Lys Phe Arg Val Leu Arg His Glu Ala Ser Arg Pro Leu Arg Leu
 515 520 525
 Leu Met Gln Ile Asn Pro Leu Pro Tyr Ser Arg Val Val His Thr Tyr
 530 535 540
 Arg Leu Pro Ser Cys Gly Cys His Pro Lys His Ser Trp Gly Ala Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Cys Arg Lys Leu Phe Leu Gly Glu Leu Ile Tyr Pro Trp Arg Gln Arg
 565 570 575
 Gly Asp Lys Gln Asp
 580

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 8
agcagggctt cctccttc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 43
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 9
agcggataac sattuacac aggtgaccca ggcgtaccta ttc         43

<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: MassExtend primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 10
aaggagagaca gatttggc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
<211> LENGTH: 1790
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (131)...(1612)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding Cholesterol
        estertransfer protein (CETP)

<400> SEQUENCE: 11
gtgaatctct ggggccagga agacctgct gcccggaaga gcctcatggt ccgtgggggc         60
tgggcgagaca tacatatacg ggtccaggc tgaacggctc gggccactta cacaccactg         120
cctgataacc atg ctg gct gcc aca gtc ctg acc ctg gcc ctg ctg ggc         169
        Met Leu Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly
        1             5             10
aat gcc cat gcc tgc tcc aaa ggc acc tgg cac gag gca ggc atc gtg         217
Aen Ala His Ala Cys Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser His Glu Ala Gly Ile Val
        15             20             25
tgc cgc atc acc aag cct gcc ctg ctg gtg ttg aac cac gag act gcc         265
Cys Arg Ile Thr Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Aen His Glu Thr Ala
        30             35             40             45
aag gtg atc cag acc gcc ttc cag cga gcc agc tac cca gat atc acg         313
Lys Val Ile Gln Thr Ala Phe Gln Arg Ala Ser Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr
        50             55             60
ggc gag aag gcc atg atg ctg ctt ggc caa gtc aag tat ggg ttg cac         361
Gly Glu Lys Ala Met Met Leu Leu Gly Gln Val Lys Tyr Gly Leu His
        65             70             75
aac atc cag atc agc cac ttg tcc atc gcc agc agc cag gtg gag ctg         409
Aen ile Gln ile ser His Leu Ser ile Ala Ser ser Gln Val Glu Leu
        80             85             90

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gtg gaa gcc aag tcc att gat gtc tcc att cag aac gtg tct gtg gtc Val Glu Ala Lys Ser Ile Asp Val Ser Ile Gln Asn Val Ser Val Val 95 100 105	457
ttc aag ggg acc ctg aag tat ggc tac acc act gcc tgg tgg ctg ggt Phe Lys Gly Thr Leu Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Thr Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Gly 110 115 120 125	505
att gat cag tcc att gac ttc gag atc gac tot gcc att gac ctc cag Ile Asp Gln Ser Ile Asp Phe Glu Ile Asp Ser Ala Ile Asp Leu Gln 130 135 140	553
atc aac aca cag ctg acc tgt gac tct ggt aga gtg cgg acc gat gcc Ile Asn Thr Gln Leu Thr Cys Asp Ser Gly Arg Val Arg Thr Asp Ala 145 150 155	601
cct gac tgc tac ctg tct ttc cat aag ctg ctc ctg cat ctc caa ggg Pro Asp Cys Tyr Leu Ser Phe His Lys Leu Leu Leu His Leu Gln Gly 160 165 170	649
gag cga gag cct ggg tgg atc aag cag ctg ttc aca aat ttc atc tcc Glu Arg Glu Pro Gly Trp Ile Lys Gln Leu Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Ser 175 180 185	697
ttc acc ctg aag ctg gtc ctg aag gga cag atc tgc aaa gag atc aac Phe Thr Leu Lys Leu Val Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Cys Lys Glu Ile Asn 190 195 200 205	745
gtc atc tct aac atc atg gcc gat ttt gtc cag aca agg gct gcc agc Val Ile Ser Asn Ile Met Ala Asp Phe Val Gln Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser 210 215 220	793
atc ctt tca gat gga gac att ggg gtg gac att tcc ctg aca ggt gat Ile Leu Ser Asp Gly Asp Ile Gly Val Asp Ile Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp 225 230 235	841
ccc gtc atc aca gcc tcc tac ctg gag tcc cat cac aag ggt cat ttc Pro Val Ile Thr Ala Ser Tyr Leu Glu Ser His His Lys Gly His Phe 240 245 250	889
atc tac aag aat gtc tca gag gac ctc ccc ctc ccc acc ttc tag ccc Ile Tyr Lys Asn Val Ser Glu Asp Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro 255 260 265	937
aca ctg ctg ggg gac tcc cgc atg ctg tac ttc tgg ttc tct gag cga Thr Leu Leu Gly Asp Ser Arg Met Leu Tyr Phe Trp Phe Ser Glu Arg 270 275 280 285	985
gtc ttc cac tgc ctg gcc aag gta gct ttc cag gat ggc cgc ctc atg Val Phe His Ser Leu Ala Lys Val Ala Phe Gln Asp Gly Arg Leu Met 290 295 300	1033
ctc agc ctg atg gga gac gag ttc aag gca gtg ctg gag acc tgg ggc Leu Ser Leu Met Gly Asp Glu Phe Lys Ala Val Leu Glu Thr Trp Gly 305 310 315	1081
ttc aac acc aac cag gaa atc ttc caa gag gtt gtc ggc ggc ttc ccc Phe Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Ile Phe Gln Glu Val Val Gly Gly Phe Pro 320 325 330	1129
agc cag gcc caa gtc acc gtc ccc tgc ctc aag atg ccc aag atc tcc Ser Gln Ala Gln Val Thr Val His Cys Leu Lys Met Pro Lys Ile Ser 335 340 345	1177
tgc caa aac aag gga gtc gtg gtc aat tct tca gtg atg gtg aaa ttc Cys Gln Asn Lys Gly Val Val Val Asn Ser Ser Val Met Val Lys Phe 350 355 360 365	1225
ctc ttt cca cgc cca gac cag caa cat tct gta gct tac aca ttt gaa Leu Phe Pro Arg Pro Asp Gln Gln His Ser Val Ala Tyr Thr Phe Glu 370 375 380	1273
gag gat atc gtg act acc gtc cag gcc tcc tat tct aag aaa aag ctc Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Tyr Ser Lys Lys Leu 385 390 395	1321

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ttc tta agc ctc ttg gat ttc cag att aca cca aag act gtt tcc aac      1369
Phe Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Asn
    400                      405                      410

ttg act gag agc agc tcc gag tcc atc cag agc ttc ctg cag tca atg      1417
Leu Thr Glu Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Ile Gln Ser Phe Leu Gln Ser Met
    415                      420                      425

atc acc gct gty ggc atc cct gag gtc atg tot cgg ctc gag gta gty      1465
Ile Thr Ala Val Gly Ile Pro Glu Val Met Ser Arg Leu Glu Val Val
    430                      435                      440                      445

ttt aca gcc ctc atg aac agc aaa ggc gty agc ctc ttc gac atc atc      1513
Phe Thr Ala Leu Met Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Ile Ile
    450                      455                      460

aac cct gag att atc act cga gat ggc ttc ctg ctg ctg cag atg gac      1561
Asn Pro Glu Ile Ile Thr Arg Asp Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gln Met Asp
    465                      470                      475

ttt ggc ttc cct gag cac ctg ctg gty gat ttc ctc cag agc ttg agc      1609
Phe Gly Phe Pro Glu His Leu Leu Val Asp Phe Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser
    480                      485                      490

tag aagttctccaa ggaggtcggg atgggggttg tagcagaagg caagcaccag      1662
*

gctcacagct ggaacctgg tgtctcctcc agcgtggtgg aagtgggtt aggagtacgg      1722

agatggagat tgggtcccaa ctctcccta tctaaaggc ccactggcat taaagtgctg      1782

tatocaag      1790

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<210> SEQ ID NO 12

<211> LENGTH: 493

<212> TYPE: DRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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Met Leu Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Asn Ala His
 1      5      10      15

Ala Cys Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser His Glu Ala Gly Ile Val Cys Arg Ile
20     25     30

Thr Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Asn His Glu Thr Ala Lys Val Ile
35     40     45

Gln Thr Ala Phe Gln Arg Ala Ser Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr Gly Glu Lys
50     55     60

Ala Met Met Leu Leu Gly Gln Val Lys Tyr Gly Leu His Asn Ile Gln
65     70     75     80

Ile Ser His Leu Ser Ile Ala Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ala
85     90     95

Lys Ser Ile Asp Val Ser Ile Gln Asn Val Ser Val Val Phe Lys Gly
100    105    110

Thr Leu Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Thr Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Gly Ile Asp Gln
115    120    125

Ser Ile Asp Phe Glu Ile Asp Ser Ala Ile Asp Leu Gln Ile Asn Thr
130    135    140

Gln Leu Thr Cys Asp Ser Gly Arg Val Arg Thr Asp Ala Pro Asp Cys
145    150    155    160

Tyr Leu Ser Phe His Lys Leu Leu Leu His Leu Gln Gly Glu Arg Glu
165    170    175

Pro Gly Trp Ile Lys Gln Leu Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Ser Phe Thr Leu
180    185    190

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Lys Leu Val Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Cys Lys Glu Ile Asn Val Ile Ser
 195 200 205
 Asn Ile Met Ala Asp Phe Val Gln Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser Ile Leu Ser
 210 215 220
 Asp Gly Asp Ile Gly Val Asp Ile Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp Pro Val Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Ala Ser Tyr Leu Glu Ser His His Lys Gly His Phe Ile Tyr Lys
 245 250 255
 Asn Val Ser Glu Asp Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Thr Leu Leu
 260 265 270
 Gly Asp Ser Arg Met Leu Tyr Phe Trp Phe Ser Glu Arg Val Phe His
 275 280 285
 Ser Leu Ala Lys Val Ala Phe Gln Asp Gly Arg Leu Met Leu Ser Leu
 290 295 300
 Met Gly Asp Glu Phe Lys Ala Val Leu Glu Thr Trp Gly Phe Asn Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Gln Glu Ile Phe Gln Glu Val Val Gly Gly Phe Pro Ser Gln Ala
 325 330 335
 Gln Val Thr Val His Cys Leu Lys Met Pro Lys Ile Ser Cys Gln Asn
 340 345 350
 Lys Gly Val Val Val Asn Ser Ser Val Met Val Lys Phe Leu Phe Pro
 355 360 365
 Arg Pro Asp Gln Gln His Ser Val Ala Tyr Thr Phe Glu Glu Asp Ile
 370 375 380
 Val Thr Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Tyr Ser Lys Lys Leu Phe Leu Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Leu Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Asn Leu Thr Glu
 405 410 415
 Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Ile Gln Ser Phe Leu Gln Ser Met Ile Thr Ala
 420 425 430
 Val Gly Ile Pro Glu Val Met Ser Arg Leu Glu Val Val Phe Thr Ala
 435 440 445
 Leu Met Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Ile Ile Asn Pro Glu
 450 455 460
 Ile Ile Thr Arg Asp Gly Phe Leu Leu Gln Met Asp Phe Gly Phe
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Glu His Leu Leu Val Asp Phe Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser
 485 490

<210> SEQ ID NO 13
 <211> LENGTH: 3549
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (175)...(1602)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding lipoprotein
 lipase (LPL)

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

cccctcttcc tctctctcaa gggaaagctg cccacttcta gctgccctgc catccctttt 60
 aaagggcgac ttgtcagcg ccaaacgag gctccagccc tctccagcct ccggtccagc 120

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cggtcatca gtcggtccgc gccttcgacg tcttcacagag ggacgcgccc cgag atg Met 1	177
gag agc aaa gcc ctg ctc gtg ctg act ctg gcc gtg tgg ctc cag agt Glu Ser Lys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Trp Leu Gln Ser 5 10 15	225
ctg acc gcc tcc cgc gga ggg gtg gcc gcc gcc gac caa aga aga gat Leu Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Gln Arg Arg Asp 20 25 30	273
ttt atc gac atc gaa agt aaa ttt gcc cta agg acc cct gaa gac aca Phe Ile Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Phe Ala Leu Arg Thr Pro Glu Asp Thr 35 40 45	321
gct gag gac act tgc cac ctc att ccc gga gta gca gag tcc gtg gct Ala Glu Asp Thr Cys His Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ala Glu Ser Val Ala 50 55 60 65	369
acc tgt cat ttc aat cac agc agc aaa acc ttc atg gtg atc cat ggc Thr Cys His Phe Asn His Ser Ser Lys Thr Phe Met Val Ile His Gly 70 75 80	417
tgg acg gta aca gga atg tat gag agt tgg gtg cca aaa ctt gtg gcc Trp Thr Val Thr Gly Met Tyr Glu Ser Trp Val Pro Lys Leu Val Ala 85 90 95	465
gcc ctg tac aag aga gaa cca gac tcc aat gtc att gtg gtg gac tgg Ala Leu Tyr Lys Arg Glu Pro Asp Ser Asn Val Ile Val Val Asp Trp 100 105 110	513
ctg tca cgg gct cag gag cat tac cca gtg tcc gcg ggc tac acc aaa Leu Ser Arg Ala Gln Glu His Tyr Pro Val Ser Ala Gly Tyr Thr Lys 115 120 125	561
ctg gtg gga cag gat gtg gcc cgg ttt atc aac tgg atg gag gag gag Leu Val Gly Gln Asp Val Ala Arg Phe Ile Asn Trp Met Glu Glu Glu 130 135 140 145	609
ttt aac tac cct ctg gac aat gtc aat ctc ttg gga tac agc ctt gga Phe Asn Tyr Pro Leu Asp Asn Val His Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser Leu Gly 150 155 160	657
gcc cat gct gct ggc att gca gga agt ctg acc aat aag aaa gtc aac Ala His Ala Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Asn Lys Lys Val Asn 165 170 175	705
aga att act ggc ctc gat cca gct gga cct aac ttt gag tat gca gaa Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Asn Phe Glu Tyr Ala Glu 180 185 190	753
gcc cag agt cgt ctt tct cct gat gat gca gat ttt gta gac gtc tta Ala Pro Ser Arg Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asp Phe Val Asp Val Leu 195 200 205	801
cac aca ttc acc aga ggg tcc cct ggt cga agc att gga atc cag aaa His Thr Phe Thr Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ile Gln Lys 210 215 220 225	849
cca gtt ggg cat gtt gac att tac cag aat gga ggt act ttt cag cca Pro Val Gly His Val Asp Ile Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Thr Phe Gln Pro 230 235 240	897
gga tgt aac att gga gaa gct atc cgc gtg att gca gag aga gga ctt Gly Cys Asn Ile Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu 245 250 255	945
gga gat gtg gac cag cta gtg aag tgc tcc cac gag cgc tcc att cat Gly Asp Val Asp Gln Leu Val Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Ile His 260 265 270	993
ctc ttc atc gac tct ctg ttg aat gaa gaa aat cca agt aag gcc tac Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Glu Asn Pro Ser Lys Ala Tyr 275 280 285	1041

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agg tgc agt tcc aag gaa gcc ttt gag aaa ggg ctc tgc ttg agt tgt Arg Cys Ser Ser Lys Glu Ala Phe Glu Lys Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser Cys 290 295 300 305	1089
aga aag aac cgc tgc aac aat ctg ggc tat gag atc aat aaa gtc aga Arg Lys Asn Arg Ser Cys Asn Asn Leu Gly Tyr Glu Ile Asn Lys Val Arg 310 315 320	1137
gcc aaa aga agc agc aaa atg tac ctg aag aot cgt tct cag atg ccc Ala Lys Arg Ser Ser Lys Met Tyr Leu Lys Thr Arg Ser Gln Met Pro 325 330 335	1185
tac aaa gtc ttc cat tac caa gta aag att cat ttt tct ggg act gag Tyr Lys Val Phe His Tyr Gln Val Lys Ile His Phe Ser Gly Thr Glu 340 345 350	1233
agt gaa acc cat acc aat cag gcc ttt gag att tct ctg tat ggc acc Ser Glu Thr His Thr Asn Gln Ala Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Tyr Gly Thr 355 360 365	1281
gtg gcc gag agt gag aac atc cca ttc act ctg cct gaa gtt tcc aca Val Ala Glu Ser Glu Asn Ile Pro Phe Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Ser Thr 370 375 380 385	1329
aat aag acc tac tcc ttc cta att tac aca gag gta gat att gga gaa Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser Phe Leu Ile Tyr Thr Glu Val Asp Ile Gly Glu 390 395 400	1377
cta ctc atg ttg aag ctc aaa tgg aag agt gat tca tac ttt agc tgg Leu Leu Met Leu Lys Leu Lys Trp Lys Ser Asp Ser Tyr Phe Ser Trp 405 410 415	1425
tca gac tgg tgg agc agt ccc ggc ttc gcc att cag aag atc aga gta Ser Asp Trp Trp Ser Ser Pro Gly Phe Ala Ile Gln Lys Ile Arg Val 420 425 430	1473
aaa gca gga gag act cag aaa aag gtg atc ttc tgt tct agg gag aaa Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Ile Phe Cys Ser Arg Glu Lys 435 440 445	1521
gtg tot cat ttg cag aaa gga aag gca cct gcg gta ttt gtg aaa tgc Val Ser His Leu Gln Lys Gly Lys Ala Pro Ala Val Phe Val Lys Cys 450 455 460 465	1569
cat gac aag tot ctg aat aag aag tca ggc tga aactgggcga atctacagaa His Asp Lys Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys Ser Gly * 470 475	1622
caaaagacgg catgtgaatt ctgtgaagaa tgaagtggag gaagtaactt ttacaaaaca	1682
taccacgtgt ttgggtgtgt tcaaaagtgg attttccctga atattaatcc cagccctacc	1742
cttgtagtgt attttaggag acagtctcaa gcaataaaaa gtggctaatt caatttatgg	1802
ggatatagtgg ccaaatagca catcctccaa cgtaaaaga cagtggatca tgaanaagtgc	1862
tgttttgtcc tttagaagaag aaataattgt ttgagcgag agtaaaaataa ggctccttca	1922
tgtggcgtat tgggccaatag cctataattg gttagaacct cctattttaa ttggaattct	1982
ggatctttcg gactgaggcc ttctcaaaact ttaactataag tctccangaa taacagaaat	2042
gcctttccgc ggcacgaatc agactcatct acacagcagt atgaatgatg ttttagaatg	2102
attccctctt gctatggaa tgggtccag acgtcaacca ggaacatgta acttgagag	2162
ggacgaagaa agggctctgat aaacacagag gttttaaaaa gtccctacca ttggcctgca	2222
toatgacaaa gttacaaatt caaggagata taaaatctag atcaattaat tottaatatg	2282
ctttatcggt tattgtctaa tccctctctc cccctctctt ttgtctcaa gattatatta	2342
taataatggt ctctgggtag gtgttgaaaa tgagcctgta atcctcagct gacacataat	2402
ttgaatgggt cagaaaaaaa aaagataccg taatttttatt attagattctt ccaaatgatt	2462

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ttcatcaatt taaaatcatt caatatotga cagttactct tcagtttttag gottacottg 2522
gtcatgcttc agttgtactt ccagtgcgto tcttttgctc ctggcettga catgaaaaga 2582
taggtttgag ttcaaatitt gcatttgttg agctttotaca gatttttagac aaggaccott 2642
tttactaagt aaaaggggtg agaggttcct ggggtggatt cctaagcagt gcttgtaaac 2702
catcgcgctg aatgagccag atggagtagc atgaggggtg ttatttgttg tttttaacaa 2762
ctaatoaaga gtgagtgaac aactatttat aaactagatc tcctattttt cagaatgcto 2822
ttctacgtat aaatatgaaa tgataaagat gtcaaatatc tcagaggcta tagctgggaa 2882
cccgactgtg aaagtatgtg atatatgaac acataactaga aagctctgca tgtgtgttgt 2942
ccttcagcat aattcggaag ggaanaacagt cgatcaaggg atgtattgga acatgtcgga 3002
gtagaattg ttctcatgt gccagaaact cgacccttct tctgagagag atgatcgtgc 3062
ctataaatag taggaccaat gttgtgatta acatcatcag gcttggaatg aattctctct 3122
aaaaataaaa tgatgtatga ttgtttgttg gcacccctt tattaattca ttaaatctct 3182
ggatttgggt tgtgaccag ggtgcattaa cttaaaagat tcaactaago agccatagc 3242
actgggaact ctggctccga aaaactttgt tatatatatc aaggatgttc tggctttaca 3302
ttttatttat tagctgtaaa tacatgtgtg gatgtgtaaa tggagcttgt acatattgga 3362
aaggtcattg tggctatctg catttataaa tgtgtggtgc taactgtatg tgtctttatc 3422
agtgatgttc tcacagagcc aactcactct tatgaaatg gctttaacaa aacaagaaa 3482
aaacgtactt aactgtgtga agaaatggaa tcagctttta ataaaattga caacatttta 3542
ttaccac 3549

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<210> SEQ ID NO 14

<211> LENGTH: 475

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

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Met Glu Ser Lys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Trp Leu Gln
 1          5          10          15
Ser Leu Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Asp Gln Arg Arg
 20          25          30
Asp Phe Ile Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Phe Ala Leu Arg Thr Pro Glu Asp
 35          40          45
Thr Ala Glu Asp Thr Cys His Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ala Glu Ser Val
 50          55          60
Ala Thr Cys His Phe Asn His Ser Ser Lys Thr Phe Met Val Ile His
 65          70          75          80
Gly Trp Thr Val Thr Gly Met Tyr Glu Ser Trp Val Pro Lys Leu Val
 85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Tyr Lys Arg Glu Pro Asp Ser Asn Val Ile Val Val Asp
100          105          110
Trp Leu Ser Arg Ala Gln Glu His Tyr Pro Val Ser Ala Gly Tyr Thr
115          120          125
Lys Leu Val Gly Gln Asp Val Ala Arg Phe Ile Asn Trp Met Glu Glu
130          135          140
Glu Phe Asn Tyr Pro Leu Asp Asn Val His Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser Leu
145          150          155          160

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Gly Ala His Ala Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Asn Lys Lys Val
165 170 175

Asn Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Asn Phe Glu Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Glu Ala Pro Ser Arg Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asp Phe Val Asp Val
195 200 205

Leu His Thr Phe Thr Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ile Gln
210 215 220

Lys Pro Val Gly His Val Asp Ile Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Thr Phe Gln
225 230 235 240

Pro Gly Cys Asn Ile Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Arg Gly
245 250 255

Leu Gly Asp Val Asp Gln Leu Val Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Ile
260 265 270

His Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Glu Asn Pro Ser Lys Ala
275 280 285

Tyr Arg Cys Ser Ser Lys Glu Ala Phe Glu Lys Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser
290 295 300

Cys Arg Lys Asn Arg Cys Asn Asn Leu Gly Tyr Glu Ile Asn Lys Val
305 310 315 320

Arg Ala Lys Arg Ser Ser Lys Met Tyr Leu Lys Thr Arg Ser Gln Met
325 330 335

Pro Tyr Lys Val Phe His Tyr Gln Val Lys Ile His Phe Ser Gly Thr
340 345 350

Glu Ser Glu Thr His Thr Asn Gln Ala Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Tyr Gly
355 360 365

Thr Val Ala Glu Ser Glu Asn Ile Pro Phe Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Ser
370 375 380

Thr Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser Phe Leu Ile Tyr Thr Glu Val Asp Ile Gly
385 390 395 400

Glu Leu Leu Met Leu Lys Leu Lys Trp Lys Ser Asp Ser Tyr Phe Ser
405 410 415

Trp Ser Asp Trp Trp Ser Ser Pro Gly Phe Ala Ile Gln Lys Ile Arg
420 425 430

Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Ile Phe Cys Ser Arg Glu
435 440 445

Lys Val Ser His Leu Gln Lys Gly Lys Ala Pro Ala Val Phe Val Lys
450 455 460

Cys His Asp Lys Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys Ser Gly
465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 15

<211> LENGTH: 1466

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (115)...(1305)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein
A-IV (APOA4)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 15

agttcccaact gacgacgagg tgagctctctc tgaggacctc tctgtcagct cccctgattg	60
tagggaggcca tccagtgtgg caagaaactc ctccagccca gcaagcagct cagg atg	117
	Met 1
ttc ctg aag gcc gtg gtc ctg acc ctg gcc ctg gtg gct gtc gcc gga	165
Phe Leu Lys Ala Val Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Val Ala Gly	
	5 10 15
gcc agg gct gag gtc agt gct gac cag gtg gcc aca gtg atg tgg gac	213
Ala Arg Ala Glu Val Ser Ala Asp Gln Val Ala Thr Val Met Trp Asp	
	20 25 30
tac ttc agc cag ctg agc aac aat gcc aag gag gcc gtg gaa cat ctc	261
Tyr Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ala Val Glu His Leu	
	35 40 45
cag aaa tct gaa ctc acc cag caa ctc aat gcc ctc ttc cag gac aaa	309
Gln Lys Ser Glu Leu Thr Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Leu Phe Gln Asp Lys	
	50 55 60 65
ctt gga gaa gtg aac act tac gca ggt gac ctg cag aag aag ctg gtg	357
Leu Gly Glu Val Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Asp Leu Gln Lys Lys Leu Val	
	70 75 80
ccc ttt gcc acc gag ctg cat gaa cgc ctg gcc aag gac tcg gag aaa	405
Pro Phe Ala Thr Glu Leu His Glu Arg Leu Ala Lys Asp Ser Glu Lys	
	85 90 95
ctg aag gag gag att ggg aag gag ctg gag gag ctg agg gcc cgg ctg	453
Leu Lys Glu Glu Ile Gly Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Arg Leu	
	100 105 110
ctg ccc cat gcc aat gag gtg agc cag aag atc ggg gac aac ctg cga	501
Leu Pro His Ala Asn Glu Val Ser Gln Lys Ile Gly Asp Asn Leu Arg	
	115 120 125
gag ctt cag cag cgc ctg gag ccc tac gag gac cag ctg cgc acc cag	549
Glu Leu Gln Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ala Asp Gln Leu Arg Thr Gln	
	130 135 140 145
gtc aac acg cag gcc gag cag ctg cgg cgc cag ctg acc ccc tac gca	597
Val Asn Thr Gln Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Arg Gln Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala	
	150 155 160
cag cgc atg gag aga gtg ctg cgg gag aac gcc gac agc ctg cag gcc	645
Gln Arg Met Glu Arg Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Leu Gln Ala	
	165 170 175
tcg ctg agg ccc cac gcc gac gag ctc aag gcc aag atc gac cag aac	693
Ser Leu Arg Pro His Ala Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Gln Asn	
	180 185 190
gtg gag gag ctc aag gga cgc ctt acg ccc tac gct gac gaa ttc aaa	741
Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Arg Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala Asp Glu Phe Lys	
	195 200 205
gtc aag att gac cag acc gtg gag gag ctg cgc cgc agc ctg gct ccc	789
Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Thr Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Ser Leu Ala Pro	
	210 215 220 225
tat gct cag gac acg cag gag aag ctc aac cac cag ctt gag ggc ctg	837
Tyr Ala Gln Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys Leu Asn His Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu	
	230 235 240
acc ttc cag atg aag aag aac gcc gag gag ctc aag gcc agg atc tcg	885
Thr Phe Gln Met Lys Lys Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Lys Ala Arg Ile Ser	
	245 250 255
gcc agt gcc gag gag ctg cgg cag agg ctg ggc ccc ttg gcc gag gac	933
Ala Ser Ala Glu Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Pro Leu Ala Glu Asp	
	260 265 270

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gtg cgt ggc aac ctg agg ggc aac acc gag ggg ctg cag aag tca ctg Val Arg Gly Asn Leu Arg Gly Asn Thr Glu Gly Leu Gln Lys Ser Leu 275 280 285	981
gca gag ctg ggt ggg cac ctg gac cag cag gtg gag gag ttc cga cgc Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly His Leu Asp Gln Gln Val Glu Glu Phe Arg Arg 290 295 300 305	1029
cgg gtg gag ccc tac ggg gaa aac ttc aac aaa gcc ctg gtg cag cag Arg Val Glu Pro Tyr Gly Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Ala Leu Val Gln Gln 310 315 320	1077
atg gaa cag ctc agg acg aaa ctg ggc ccc cat gcg ggg gac gtg gaa Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Pro His Ala Gly Asp Val Glu 325 330 335	1125
ggc cac ttg agc ttc ctg gag aag gac ctg agg gac aag gtc aac tcc Gly His Leu Ser Phe Leu Glu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Val Asn Ser 340 345 350	1173
ttc ttc agc acc ttc aag gag aaa gag agc cag gac aag act ctc tcc Phe Phe Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Asp Lys Thr Leu Ser 355 360 365	1221
ctc cct gag ctg gag cna cag cag gaa cag cat cag gag cag cag cag Leu Pro Glu Leu Glu Met Gln Gln Gln Glu Gln His Gln Glu Gln Gln 370 375 380 385	1269
gag cag gtg cag atg ctg gcc cct ttg gag agc tga gctgccctg Glu Gln Val Gln Met Leu Ala Pro Leu Glu Ser * 390 395	1315
gtgcactggc cccaccctcg tggacacctg cactgccctg ccacctgtct gtctgtccca	1375
aagaagtctct ggtatgaact tgaggacaca tgtccagtgg gaggtgagac cacctctcaa	1435
tattcaataa agctgctgag aatctagcct c	1466
 <210> SEQ ID NO 16 <211> LENGTH: 396 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien <400> SEQUENCE: 16 Met Phe Leu Lys Ala Val Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Val Ala 1 5 10 15 Gly Ala Arg Ala Glu Val Ser Ala Asp Gln Val Ala Thr Val Met Trp 20 25 30 Asp Tyr Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ala Val Glu His 35 40 45 Leu Gln Lys Ser Glu Leu Thr Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Leu Phe Gln Asp 50 55 60 Lys Leu Gly Glu Val Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Asp Leu Gln Lys Lys Leu 65 70 75 80 Val Pro Phe Ala Thr Glu Leu His Glu Arg Leu Ala Lys Asp Ser Glu 85 90 95 Lys Leu Lys Glu Glu Ile Gly Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Arg 100 105 110 Leu Leu Pro His Ala Asn Glu Val Ser Gln Lys Ile Gly Asp Asn Leu 115 120 125 Arg Glu Leu Gln Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ala Asp Gln Leu Arg Thr 130 135 140 Gln Val Asn Thr Gln Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Arg Gln Leu Thr Pro Tyr 145 150 155 160	

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Ala Gln Arg Met Glu Arg Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Leu Gln
 165 170 175
 Ala Ser Leu Arg Pro His Ala Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Gln
 180 185 190
 Asn Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Arg Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala Asp Glu Phe
 195 200 205
 Lys Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Thr Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Ser Leu Ala
 210 215 220
 Pro Tyr Ala Gln Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys Leu Asn His Gln Leu Glu Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Thr Phe Gln Met Lys Lys Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Lys Ala Arg Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Ala Ser Ala Glu Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Pro Leu Ala Glu
 260 265 270
 Asp Val Arg Gly Asn Leu Arg Gly Asn Thr Glu Gly Leu Gln Lys Ser
 275 280 285
 Leu Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly His Leu Asp Gln Gln Val Glu Glu Phe Arg
 290 295 300
 Arg Arg Val Glu Pro Tyr Gly Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Ala Leu Val Gln
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Pro His Ala Gly Asp Val
 325 330 335
 Glu Gly His Leu Ser Phe Leu Glu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Val Asn
 340 345 350
 Ser Phe Phe Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Asp Lys Thr Leu
 355 360 365
 Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Glu Gln Gln Gln Glu Gln His Gln Glu Gln Gln
 370 375 380
 Gln Glu Gln Val Gln Met Leu Ala Pro Leu Glu Ser
 385 390 395

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 1156
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (61)...(1014)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide Sequence encoding apolipoprotein
 E (APOE)

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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 atg aag gtt ctg tgg gct gcg ttg ctg gtc aca ttc ctg gca gga tgc 108
 Met Lys Val Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Thr Phe Leu Ala Gly Cys
 1 5 10 15
 cag gcc aag gtg gag caa gcg gtg gag aca gag ccg gag ccc gag ctg 156
 Gln Ala Lys Val Glu Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Leu
 20 25 30
 cgc cag cag acc gag tgg cag agc ggc cag cgc tgg gaa ctg gca ctg 204
 Arg Gln Gln Thr Glu Trp Gln Ser Gly Gln Arg Trp Glu Leu Ala Leu
 35 40 45
 ggt cgc ttt tgg gat tac ctg cgc tgg gtg cag aca ctg tat gag cag 252
 Gly Arg Phe Trp Asp Tyr Leu Arg Trp Val Gln Thr Leu Ser Glu Gln
 50 55 60

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gtg cag gag gag ctg ctc agc tcc cag gtc acc cag gaa ctg agg gcg Val Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Thr Gln Glu Leu Arg Ala 65 70 75 80	300
ctg atg gac gag acc atg aag gag ttg aag gcc tac aaa tgg gaa ctg Leu Met Asp Glu Thr Met Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Tyr Lys Ser Glu Leu 85 90 95	348
gag gaa caa ctg acc cgg gtg gcg gag gag aag cgg gca cgg ctg tcc Glu Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Val Ala Glu Glu Thr Arg Ala Arg Leu Ser 100 105 110	396
aag gag ctg cag gcg gcg cag gcc cgg ctg gcc gcg gac atg gag gac Lys Glu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gln Ala Arg Leu Gly Ala Asp Met Glu Asp 115 120 125	444
gtg tgc gcc cgc ctg gtg cag tac cgc gcc gag gtg cag gcc atg ctc Val Cys Gly Arg Leu Val Gln Tyr Arg Gly Glu Val Gln Ala Met Leu 130 135 140	492
ggc cag agc acc gag gag ctg cgg gtg cgc ctc gcc tcc cac ctg cgc Gly Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Leu Ala Ser His Leu Arg 145 150 155 160	540
aag ctg cgt aag cgg ctc ctc cgc gat gcc gat gac ctg cag aag cgc Lys Leu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Arg Asp Ala Asp Asp Leu Gln Lys Arg 165 170 175	588
ctg gca gtg tac cag gcc ggg gcc cgc gag gcc gcc gag cgc ggc ctc Leu Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ala Arg Glu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu 180 185 190	636
agc gcc atc cgc gag cgc ctg ggg ccc ctg gtg gaa cag gcc cgc gtg Ser Ala Ile Arg Glu Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Arg Val 195 200 205	684
cgg gcc gcc act gtg gcc tcc ctg gcc gcc cag ccg cta cag gag cgg Arg Ala Ala Thr Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Glu Arg 210 215 220	732
gcc cag gcc tgg ggc gag cgg ctg cgc gcc cgg atg gag gag atg gcc Ala Gln Ala Trp Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Met Glu Glu Met Gly 225 230 235 240	780
agc cgg acc cgc gac cgc ctg gac gag gtg aag gag cag gtg gcg gag Ser Arg Thr Arg Asp Arg Leu Asp Glu Val Lys Glu Gln Val Ala Glu 245 250 255	828
gtg cgc gcc aag ctg gag gag cag gcc cag cag ata cgc ctg cag gcc Val Arg Ala Lys Leu Glu Glu Gln Ala Gln Gln Ile Arg Leu Gln Ala 260 265 270	876
yag gcc ttc cag gcc cgc ctc aag agc tgg ttc gag ccc ctg gtg gaa Glu Ala Phe Gln Ala Arg Leu Lys Ser Trp Phe Glu Pro Leu Val Glu 275 280 285	924
yac atg cag cgc cag tgg gcc ggg ctg gtg gag aag gtg cag gct gcc Asp Met Gln Arg Gln Trp Ala Gly Leu Val Glu Lys Val Gln Ala Ala 290 295 300	972
gtg gcc acc agc gcc gcc cct gtg ccc agc gac aat cac tga Val Gly Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Val Pro Ser Asp Asn His * 305 310 315	1014
acgcgcgaagc ctgcagccat gcgacccac gccaccccg cccctctgcc tccgcgcagc	1074
ctgcagcggg agacccctgtc cccgccccag ccgtactcct ggggtggacc ctagtttaat	1134
aaagattoac caagtttoac gc	1156

<210> SEQ ID NO 18

<211> LENGTH: 317

<212> TYPE: PRN

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

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<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met Lys Val Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Thr Phe Leu Ala Gly Cys
 1           5           10           15
Gln Ala Lys Val Glu Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Leu
 20           25           30
Arg Gln Gln Thr Glu Trp Gln Ser Gly Gln Arg Trp Glu Leu Ala Leu
 35           40           45
Gly Arg Phe Trp Asp Tyr Leu Arg Trp Val Gln Thr Leu Ser Glu Gln
 50           55           60
Val Gln Glu Glu Leu Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Thr Gln Glu Leu Arg Ala
 65           70           75           80
Leu Met Asp Glu Thr Met Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Tyr Lys Ser Glu Leu
 85           90           95
Glu Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Val Ala Glu Glu Thr Arg Ala Arg Leu Ser
100          105          110
Lys Glu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gln Ala Arg Leu Gly Ala Asp Met Glu Asp
115          120          125
Val Cys Gly Arg Leu Val Gln Tyr Arg Gly Glu Val Gln Ala Met Leu
130          135          140
Gly Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Leu Ala Ser His Leu Arg
145          150          155          160
Lys Leu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Arg Asp Ala Asp Asp Leu Gln Lys Arg
165          170          175
Leu Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ala Arg Glu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu
180          185          190
Ser Ala Ile Arg Glu Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Arg Val
195          200          205
Arg Ala Ala Thr Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Glu Arg
210          215          220
Ala Gln Ala Trp Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Met Glu Glu Met Gly
225          230          235          240
Ser Arg Thr Arg Asp Arg Leu Asp Glu Val Lys Glu Gln Val Ala Glu
245          250          255
Val Arg Ala Lys Leu Glu Glu Gln Ala Gln Gln Ile Arg Leu Gln Ala
260          265          270
Glu Ala Phe Gln Ala Arg Leu Lys Ser Trp Phe Glu Pro Leu Val Glu
275          280          285
Asp Met Gln Arg Gln Trp Ala Gly Leu Val Glu Lys Val Gln Ala Ala
290          295          300
Val Gly Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Val Pro Ser Asp Asn His
305          310          315

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<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 1603

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (58)...(1557)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding hepatic lipase
(LIPC)

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

ggtgtatttttg gtttcagaaa ttaccaagaa agcctggacc ccgggtgaaa cggagaa atg	60
Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Cys Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ile Phe	Met 1
gac aca agt ccc ctg tgt ttc tcc att ctg ttg gtt tta tgc atc ttt	108
Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Cys Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ile Phe	5 10 15
atc caa tca agt gcc ctt gga caa agc ctg aaa cca gag cca ttt gga	156
Ile Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu Gly Gln Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Pro Phe Gly	20 25 30
aga aga gct caa gct gtt gaa aca aac aaa acg ctg cat gag atg aag	204
Arg Arg Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Asn Lys Thr Leu His Glu Met Lys	35 40 45
acc aga ttc ctg ctc ttt gga gaa acc aat cag gcc tgt cag att cga	252
Thr Arg Phe Leu Leu Phe Gly Glu Thr Asn Gln Gly Cys Gln Ile Arg	50 55 60 65
atc aat cat ccg gac acg tta cag gag tgc gcc ttc aac tcc tcc ctg	300
Ile Asn His Pro Asp Thr Leu Gln Glu Cys Gly Phe Asn Ser Ser Leu	70 75 80
cct ctg gtg atg ata atc cac ggg tgg tgg gtg gac gcc gtg cta gaa	348
Pro Leu Val Met Ile Ile His Gly Trp Ser Val Asp Gly Val Leu Glu	85 90 95
aac tgg ato tgg cag atg gtg gcc gog ctg aag tot cag ccg gcc cag	396
Asn Trp Ile Trp Gln Met Val Ala Ala Leu Lys Ser Gln Pro Ala Gln	100 105 110
cca gtg aac gtg ggg ctg gtg gac tgg atc acc ctg gcc cac gac cac	444
Pro Val Asn Val Gly Leu Val Asp Trp Ile Thr Leu Ala His Asp His	115 120 125
tac acc atc gcc gtc cgc aac acc cgc ctt gtg gcc aag gag gtc gcg	492
Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Arg Asn Thr Arg Leu Val Gly Lys Glu Val Ala	130 135 140 145
gct ctt ctc cgg tgg ctg gag gaa tct gtt caa ctc tct cga agc cat	540
Ala Leu Leu Arg Trp Leu Glu Glu Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Arg Ser His	150 155 160
gtt cac cta att ggg tac agc ctg ggt gca cac gtg tca gga ttt gcc	588
Val His Leu Ile Gly Tyr Ser Leu Gly Ala His Val Ser Gly Phe Ala	165 170 175
ggc agt too atc ggt gga acg cac aag att ggg aga atc aca ggg ctg	636
Gly Ser Ser Ile Gly Gly Thr His Lys Ile Gly Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu	180 185 190
gat gcc gcg gga cct ttg ttt gag gga agt gcc ccc agc aat cgt ctt	684
Asp Ala Ala Gly Pro Leu Phe Glu Gly Ser Ala Pro Ser Asn Arg Leu	195 200 205
tct cca gat gat gcc aat ttt gtg gat gcc att cat acc ttt acg cgg	732
Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asn Phe Val Asp Ala Ile His Thr Phe Thr Arg	210 215 220 225
gag cac atg gcc ctg agc gtg gcc atc aaa cag ccc ata gga cac tat	780
Glu His Met Gly Leu Ser Val Gly Ile Lys Gln Pro Ile Gly His Tyr	230 235 240
gac ttc tat ccc aac ggg gcc tcc ttc cag cct gcc tgc cac ttc cta	828
Asp Phe Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Ser Phe Gln Pro Gly Cys His Phe Leu	245 250 255
gag ctc tac aga cat att gcc cag cac gcc ttc aat gcc atc acc cag	876
Glu Leu Tyr Arg His Ile Ala Gln His Gly Phe Asn Ala Ile Thr Gln	260 265 270

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acc ata aaa tgc tcc cac gag cga tcg gtg cac ctt ttc atc gac tcc Thr Ile Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Val His Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser 275 280 285	924
ttg ctg cac gcc ggc acg cag agc atg gcc tac cgg tgt ggt gac atg Leu Leu His Ala Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Ala Tyr Pro Cys Gly Asp Met 290 295 300 305	972
aac agc ttc agc cag ggc ctg tgc ctg agc tgc aag aag ggc cgc tgc Asn Ser Phe Ser Gln Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Gly Arg Cys 310 315 320	1020
aac acg ctg gcc tac cac gtc cgc cag gag cgg cgg agc aag agc aag Asn Thr Leu Gly Tyr His Val Arg Gln Glu Pro Arg Ser Lys Ser Lys 325 330 335	1068
agg ctc ttc ctc gta acg cga gcc cag tcc ccc ttc aaa gtt tat cat Arg Leu Phe Leu Val Thr Arg Ala Gln Ser Pro Phe Lys Val Tyr His 340 345 350	1116
tac cag tta aag atc cag ttc atc aac caa act gag acg cca ata caa Tyr Gln Leu Lys Ile Gln Phe Ile Asn Gln Thr Glu Thr Pro Ile Gln 355 360 365	1164
aca aot ttt acc atg tca cta ctc gga aca aaa gag aaa atg cag aaa Thr Thr Phe Thr Met Ser Leu Leu Gly Thr Lys Glu Lys Met Gln Lys 370 375 380 385	1212
att ccc atc act ctg ggc aaa gga att gct agt aat aaa acg tat tcc Ile Pro Ile Thr Leu Gly Lys Gly Ile Ala Ser Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser 390 395 400	1260
ttt ctt atc acg ctg gat gtg gat atc ggc gag ctg atc atg atc aag Phe Leu Ile Thr Leu Asp Val Asp Ile Gly Glu Leu Ile Met Ile Lys 405 410 415	1308
ttc aag tgg gaa aac agt gca gtg tgg gcc aat gtc tgg gac acg gtc Phe Lys Trp Glu Asn Ser Ala Val Trp Ala Asn Val Trp Asp Thr Val 420 425 430	1356
cag acc atc atc cca tgg agc aca ggg cgg cgc cac tca ggc ctc gtt Gln Thr Ile Ile Pro Trp Ser Thr Gly Pro Arg His Ser Gly Leu Val 435 440 445	1404
ctg aag acg atc aga gtc aaa gca gga gaa acc cag caa aga atg aca Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Gln Arg Met Thr 450 455 460 465	1452
ttt tgt tca gaa aac aca gat gac cta cta ctt cgc cca acc cag gaa Phe Cys Ser Glu Asn Thr Asp Asp Leu Leu Leu Arg Pro Thr Gln Glu 470 475 480	1500
aaa atc ttc gtg aaa tgt gaa ata aag tct aaa aca tca aag cga aag Lys Ile Phe Val Lys Cys Glu Ile Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Arg Lys 485 490 495	1548
atc aga tga gatttaatga agaccacagtg taaagaataa atgaatctta Ile Arg *	1597
ctcctt	1603
 <210> SEQ ID NO 20 <211> LENGTH: 499 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien	
 <400> SEQUENCE: 20	
Met Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Cys Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ile 1 5 10 15	
Phe Ile Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu Gly Gln Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Pro Phe 20 25 30	

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Gly	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Val	Glu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Thr	Leu	His	Glu	Met	
	35						40					45				
Lys	Thr	Arg	Phe	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gly	Glu	Thr	Asn	Gln	Gly	Cys	Gln	Ile	
	50				55					60						
Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Pro	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gln	Glu	Cys	Gly	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser	
65					70				75					80		
Leu	Pro	Leu	Val	Met	Ile	Ile	His	Gly	Trp	Ser	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Leu	
			85					90					95			
Glu	Asn	Trp	Ile	Trp	Gln	Met	Val	Ala	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ala	
	100					105							110			
Gln	Pro	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Val	Asp	Trp	Ile	Thr	Leu	Ala	His	Asp	
	115					120					125					
His	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Val	Arg	Asn	Thr	Arg	Leu	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Val	
	130				135					140						
Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Arg	Trp	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ser	
145				150					155					160		
His	Val	His	Leu	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	His	Val	Ser	Gly	Phe	
			165					170					175			
Ala	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile	Gly	Gly	Thr	His	Lys	Ile	Gly	Arg	Ile	Thr	Gly	
	180						185					190				
Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Gly	Pro	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ser	Asn	Arg	
	195					200					205					
Leu	Ser	Pro	Asp	Asp	Ala	Asn	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Ile	His	Thr	Phe	Thr	
	210				215					220						
Arg	Glu	His	Met	Gly	Leu	Ser	Val	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gln	Pro	Ile	Gly	His	
225				230					235					240		
Tyr	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	Phe	Gln	Pro	Gly	Cys	His	Phe	
	245						250						255			
Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Arg	His	Ile	Ala	Gln	His	Gly	Phe	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	
	260				265							270				
Gln	Thr	Ile	Lys	Cys	Ser	His	Glu	Arg	Ser	Val	His	Leu	Phe	Ile	Asp	
	275					280					285					
Ser	Leu	Leu	His	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ser	Met	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	
	290				295					300						
Met	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gln	Gly	Leu	Cys	Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Gly	Arg	
305				310					315					320		
Cys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Gly	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gln	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ser	
	325						330						335			
Lys	Arg	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Thr	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ser	Pro	Phe	Lys	Val	Tyr	
	340					345						350				
His	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Phe	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ile	
	355				360						365					
Gln	Thr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Met	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Thr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Met	Gln	
	370				375					380						
Lys	Ile	Pro	Ile	Thr	Leu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asn	Lys	Thr	Tyr	
385				390				395						400		
Ser	Phe	Leu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Asp	Val	Asp	Ile	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ile	Met	Ile	
	405					410								415		
Lys	Phe	Lys	Trp	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Trp	Ala	Asn	Val	Trp	Asp	Thr	
	420					425						430				

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Val Gln Thr Ile Ile Pro Trp Ser Thr Gly Pro Arg His Ser Gly Leu
    435                440                445

Val Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Gln Arg Met
    450                455                460

Thr Phe Cys Ser Glu Asn Thr Asp Asp Leu Leu Arg Pro Thr Gln
    465                470                475                480

Glu Lys Ile Phe Val Lys Cys Glu Ile Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Arg
    485                490                495

Lys Ile Arg

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
<211> LENGTH: 1346
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (10)...(1077)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding paraoxonase 1
                        (PON1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

cccccgacc atg gcg aag ctg att gcg ctc acc ctc ttg ggg atg gga ctg      51
Met Ala Lys Leu Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Gly Met Gly Leu
   1             5             10

gca ctc ttc agg aac cac cag tct tct tac caa aca cga ctt aat gct      99
Ala Leu Phe Arg Asn His Gln Ser Ser Tyr Gln Thr Arg Leu Asn Ala
   15             20             25             30

ctc cga gag gta caa ccc gta gaa ctt cct aac tgt aat tta gtt aaa     147
Leu Arg Glu Val Gln Pro Val Glu Leu Pro Asn Cys Asn Leu Val Lys
             35             40             45

gga atc gaa act ggc tct gaa gac atg gag ata ctg cct aat gga ctg     195
Gly Ile Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Met Glu Ile Leu Pro Asn Gly Leu
             50             55             60

gct ttc att agc tct gga tta aag tat cct gga ata aag agc ttc aac     243
Ala Phe Ile Ser Ser Gly Leu Lys Tyr Pro Gly Ile Lys Ser Phe Asn
             65             70             75

ccc aac agt cct gga aaa ata ctt ctg atg gac ctg aat gaa gaa gat     291
Pro Asn Ser Pro Gly Lys Ile Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Asn Glu Glu Asp
             80             85             90

cca aca gtg ttg gaa ttg ggg atc act gga agt aaa ttt gat gta tct     339
Pro Thr Val Leu Glu Leu Gly Ile Thr Gly Ser Lys Phe Asp Val Ser
             95             100            105            110

tca ttt aac cct cat ggg att agc aca ttc aca gat gaa gat aat gcc     387
Ser Phe Asn Pro His Gly Ile Ser Thr Phe Thr Asp Glu Asp Asn Ala
             115            120            125

atg tac ctc ctg gtg gtg aac cat cca gat gcc aag tcc aca gtg gag     435
Met Tyr Leu Leu Val Val Asn His Pro Asp Ala Lys Ser Thr Val Glu
             130            135            140

ttg ttt aaa ttt caa gaa gaa gaa aaa tag ctt ttg cct cta aaa acc     483
Leu Phe Lys Phe Gln Glu Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Leu His Leu Lys Thr
             145            150            155

atc aga cat aaa ctt ctg cct aat ttg aat gat att gtt gct gtg gga     531
Ile Arg His Lys Leu Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Asp Ile Val Ala Val Gly
             160            165            170

cct gag cac ttt tat ggc aca aat gat cac tat ttt ctt gac ccc tac     579
Pro Glu His Phe Tyr Gly Thr Asn Asp His Tyr Phe Leu Asp Pro Tyr
             175            180            185

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tta caa tcc tgg gag atg tat ttg ggt tta gcg tgg tcg tat gtt gtc Leu Gln Ser Trp Glu Met Tyr Leu Gly Leu Ala Trp Ser Tyr Val Val 195 200 205	627
tac tat agt cca agt gaa gtt cga gtg gtg gca gaa gga ttt gat ttt Tyr Tyr Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Arg Val Val Ala Glu Gly Phe Asp Phe 210 215 220	675
gct aat gga atc aac att toa ccc gat ggc aag tat gtc tat ata gct Ala Asn Gly Ile Asn Ile Ser Pro Asp Gly Lys Tyr Val Tyr Ile Ala 225 230 235	723
gag ttg ctg gct cat aag att cat gtg tat gaa aag cat gct aat tgg Glu Leu Leu Ala His Lys Ile His Val Tyr Glu Lys His Ala Asn Trp 240 245 250	771
act tta act cca ttg aag tcc ctt gac ttt aat acc ctc gtg gat aac Thr Leu Thr Pro Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Phe Asn Thr Leu Val Asp Asn 255 260 265 270	819
ata tct gtg gat cct gag aca gga gac ctt tgg gtt gga tgc cat ccc Ile Ser Val Asp Pro Glu Thr Gly Asp Leu Trp Val Gly Cys His Pro 275 280 285	867
aat ggc atg aaa atc ttc ttc tat gac tca gag aat cct cct gca tca Asn Gly Met Lys Ile Phe Phe Tyr Asp Ser Glu Asn Pro Pro Ala Ser 290 295 300	915
gag gtg ctt cga atc cag aac att cta aca gaa gaa cct aaa gtg aca Glu Val Leu Arg Ile Gln Asn Ile Leu Thr Glu Glu Pro Lys Val Thr 305 310 315	963
cag gtt tat gca gaa aat ggc aca gtg ttg caa ggc agt aca gtt gcc Gln Val Tyr Ala Glu Asn Gly Thr Val Leu Gln Gly Ser Thr Val Ala 320 325 330	1011
tct gtg tac aaa ggg aaa ctg ctg att ggc aca gtg ttt cac aaa gct Ser Val Tyr Lys Gly Lys Leu Leu Ile Gly Thr Val Phe His Lys Ala 335 340 345 350	1059
ctt tac tgt gag ctc taa cagaccgatt tgcacccatt ccatagaaac Leu Tyr Cys Glu Leu * 355	1107
tgaggccatt atttcaacg cttgccatat tccgaggacc cagtgttctt agctgaacaa	1167
tgaatgctga ccctaaatgt ggacatcatg aagcatcaaa gcactgttta actgggagtg	1227
atatgatgtg tagggctttt ttttgagaat acatatcaa atcagtcctg gaatacttga	1287
aaacctcatt taccataaaa atccttttca ctaaaatgga taatcagtt aaaaaaaaa	1346
<210> SEQ ID NO 22	
<211> LENGTH: 355	
<212> TYPE: PRN	
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien	
<400> SEQUENCE: 22	
Met Ala Lys Leu Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Gly Met Gly Leu Ala Leu 1 5 10 15	
Phe Arg Asn His Gln Ser Ser Tyr Gln Thr Arg Leu Asn Ala Leu Arg 20 25 30	
Glu Val Gln Pro Val Glu Leu Pro Asn Cys Asn Leu Val Lys Gly Ile 35 40 45	
Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Met Glu Ile Leu Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala Phe 50 55 60	
Ile Ser Ser Gly Leu Lys Tyr Pro Gly Ile Lys Ser Phe Asn Pro Asn 65 70 75 80	

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Ser Pro Gly Lys Ile Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Asn Glu Glu Asp Pro Thr
      85                               90                               95
Val Leu Glu Leu Gly Ile Thr Gly Ser Lys Phe Asp Val Ser Ser Phe
      100                             105                             110
Asn Pro His Gly Ile Ser Thr Phe Thr Asp Glu Asp Asn Ala Met Tyr
      115                             120                             125
Leu Leu Val Val Asn His Pro Asp Ala Lys Ser Thr Val Glu Leu Phe
      130                             135                             140
Lys Phe Gln Glu Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Leu His Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg
      145                             150                             155                             160
His Lys Leu Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Asp Ile Val Ala Val Gly Pro Glu
      165                             170                             175
His Phe Tyr Gly Thr Asn Asp His Tyr Phe Leu Asp Pro Tyr Leu Gln
      180                             185                             190
Ser Trp Glu Met Tyr Leu Gly Leu Ala Trp Ser Tyr Val Val Tyr Tyr
      195                             200                             205
Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Arg Val Val Ala Glu Gly Phe Asp Phe Ala Asn
      210                             215                             220
Gly Ile Asn Ile Ser Pro Asp Gly Lys Tyr Val Tyr Ile Ala Glu Leu
      225                             230                             235                             240
Leu Ala His Lys Ile His Val Tyr Glu Lys His Ala Asn Trp Thr Leu
      245                             250                             255
Thr Pro Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Phe Asn Thr Leu Val Asp Asn Ile Ser
      260                             265                             270
Val Asp Pro Glu Thr Gly Asp Leu Trp Val Gly Cys His Pro Asn Gly
      275                             280                             285
Met Lys Ile Phe Phe Tyr Asp Ser Glu Asn Pro Ala Ser Glu Val
      290                             295                             300
Leu Arg Ile Gln Asn Ile Leu Thr Glu Glu Pro Lys Val Thr Gln Val
      305                             310                             315                             320
Tyr Ala Glu Asn Gly Thr Val Leu Gln Gly Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Val
      325                             330                             335
Tyr Lys Gly Lys Leu Leu Ile Gly Thr Val Phe His Lys Ala Leu Tyr
      340                             345                             350
Cys Glu Leu
      355

<210> SEQ ID NO 23
<211> LENGTH: 1570
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1)...(1097)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding paraoxonase 2
(PON2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 23
cgg agc gag gca gcg cgc ccg gct ccc gcg cca tgg ggc ggc tgg tgg      48
Arg Ser Glu Ala Ala Arg Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Trp Gly Gly Trp Trp
1 5 10 15
ctg tgg gct tgc tgg gga tgc cgc tgg cgc tcc tgg gcg aga ggc ttc      96
Leu Trp Ala Cys Trp Gly Ser Arg Trp Arg Ser Trp Ala Arg Gly Phe
20 25 30

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tgg cac tca gaa atc gac tta aag cct cca gag aag tag aat ctg tag	144
Trp His Ser Glu Ile Asp Leu Lys Pro Pro Glu Lys * Asn Leu *	
35 40 45	
acc ttc cac act gcc acc tga tta aag gaa ttg aag ctg gct ctg aag	192
Thr Phe His Thr Ala Thr * Leu Lys Glu Leu Lys Leu Ala Leu Lys	
50 55 60	
ata ttg aca tac ttc cca atg gtc tgg ctt ttt tta gtg tgg gtc taa	240
Ile Leu Thr Tyr Phe Pro Met Val Trp Leu Phe Leu Val Trp Val *	
65 70 75	
aat tcc cag gac tcc aca gct ttg cac cag ata ago ctg gag gaa tac	288
Asn Ser Gln Asp Ser Thr Ala Leu His Gln Ile Ser Leu Glu Glu Tyr	
80 85 90	
taa tga tgg atc taa aag aag aaa aac caa ggg cac ggg aat taa gaa	336
* * Trp Ile * Lys Lys Lys Asn Gln Gly His Gly Asn * Glu	
95 100	
tca gtc gtg ggt ttg att tgg cct cat tca atc cac atg gca tca gca	384
Ser Val Val Gly Leu Ile Trp Pro His Ser Ile His Met Ala Ser Ala	
105 110 115 120	
ctt tca tag aca acg atg aca cag ttt atc tct ttg ttg taa acc acc	432
Leu Ser * Thr Thr Met Thr Gln Phe Ile Ser Leu Leu * Thr Thr	
125 130	
cag aat tca aga ata cag tgg aaa ttt tta aat ttg aag aag cag aaa	480
Gln Asn Ser Arg Ile Gln Trp Lys Phe Leu Asn Leu Lys Lys Gln Lys	
135 140 145 150	
att ctc tgt tgc atc tga aaa cag tca aac atg agc ttc ttc caa gtg	528
Ile Leu Cys Cys Ile * Lys Gln Ser Asn Met Ser Phe Phe Gln Val	
155 160 165	
tga atg aca tca cag ctg ttg gac cgg cac att tct atg cca caa atg	576
* Met Thr Ser Gln Leu Leu Asp Arg His Ile Ser Met Pro Gln Met	
170 175 180	
acc act act tct ctg atc ctt tct taa agt att tag aaa cat act tga	624
Thr Thr Thr Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser * Ser Ile * Lys His Thr *	
185 190	
act tac act ggg caa atg ttg ttt act aca gtc caa atg aag tta aag	672
Thr Tyr Thr Gly Gln Met Leu Phe Thr Thr Val Gln Met Lys Leu Lys	
195 200 205	
tgg tag cag aag gat ttg att cag caa atg gga tca ata ttt cac ctg	720
Trp * Gln Lys Asp Leu Ile Gln Gln Met Gly Ser Ile Phe His Leu	
210 215 220	
atg ata agt ata tct atg ttg ctg aca tat tgg ctc atg aaa ttc atg	768
Met Ile Ser Ile Ser Met Leu Leu Thr Tyr Trp Leu Met Lys Phe Met	
225 230 235 240	
ttt tgg aaa aac aca cta ata tga att taa ctc agt tga agg tac ttg	816
Phe Trp Lys Asn Thr Leu Ile * Ile * Leu Ser * Arg Tyr Leu	
245 250	
agc tgg ata cac tgg tgg ata att tat cta ttg atc ctt cct cgg ggg	864
Ser Trp Ile His Trp Trp Ile Ile Tyr Leu Leu Ile Leu Pro Arg Gly	
255 260 265	
aca tct ggg tag gct gtc atc cta atg gcc aga ago tct tgg tgt atg	912
Thr Ser Gly * Ala Val Ile Leu Met Ala Arg Ser Ser Ser Cys Met	
270 275 280	
acc cga aca atc ctc cct cgt cag agg ttc tcc gca tcc aga aca ttc	960
Thr Arg Thr Ile Leu Pro Arg Gln Arg Phe Ser Ala Ser Arg Thr Phe	
285 290 295 300	
tat ctg aga agc cta cag tga cta cag ttt atg cca aca atg ggt ctg	1008
Tyr Leu Arg Ser Leu Gln * Leu Gln Phe Met Pro Thr Met Gly Leu	
305 310 315	

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ttc	tcc	aag	gaa	gtt	ctg	tag	cct	cag	tgt	atg	atg	gga	agc	tgc	tca	1056
Phe	Ser	Lys	Glu	Val	Leu	*	Pro	Gln	Cys	Met	Met	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser	
				320						325					330	
tag	gca	ctt	tat	acc	aca	gag	cct	tgt	att	gtg	aac	tct	aa	attgtacttt		1107
*	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Glu	Pro	Cys	Ile	Val	Asn	Ser				
				335						340						
tgccatgaaa	glgcgataac	ttaacaaatta	attttctatg	aattgctaata	tttgagggaa											1167
tttaaccagc	aacattgacc	cagaaatgta	tgccatgtgt	agttaatttt	attccagtaa											1227
ggacgsgccc	ttttagtctt	tagagcactt	tttaacaaaa	aggaaaatga	acaggttctt											1287
taaaatgcc	agcaaggagc	agaaaagaaa	gctgctttcg	aetaaagtga	atacattttg											1347
cacaaagtaa	gcctcacctt	tgcttccaa	ctgccagaac	atggattcca	ctgaaataga											1407
gtgaattata	tttcttataa	atgtgagtga	cctcacttct	ggcactgtga	ctactatggc											1467
tgtttagaac	tactgataac	gtattttgat	gttttgtact	tacatctttg	tttaccatta											1527
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<210> SEQ ID NO 24

<211> LENGTH: 342

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Arg	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro	Trp	Gly	Gly	Trp	Trp	
1				5						10				15		
Leu	Trp	Ala	Cys	Trp	Gly	Ser	Arg	Trp	Arg	Ser	Trp	Ala	Arg	Gly	Phe	
		20						25						30		
Trp	His	Ser	Glu	Ile	Asp	Leu	Lys	Pro	Pro	Glu	Lys	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	
		35					40					45				
His	Thr	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Thr	
		50				55				60						
Tyr	Phe	Pro	Met	Val	Trp	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Trp	Val	Asn	Ser	Gln	Asp	
65				70					75					80		
Ser	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Gln	Ile	Ser	Leu	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Ile	Lys	Lys	
			85					90						95		
Lys	Asn	Gln	Gly	His	Gly	Asn	Glu	Ser	Val	Val	Gly	Leu	Ile	Trp	Pro	
		100					105						110			
His	Ser	Ile	His	Met	Ala	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ser	Thr	Thr	Met	Thr	Gln	Phe	
		115					120					125				
Ile	Ser	Leu	Leu	Thr	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Arg	Ile	Gln	Trp	Lys	Phe	Leu	
		130				135					140					
Asn	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gln	Lys	Ile	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ile	Lys	Gln	Ser	Asn	Met	
145				150					155					160		
Ser	Phe	Phe	Gln	Val	Met	Thr	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	His	Ile	Ser	
			165						170					175		
Met	Pro	Gln	Met	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ile	Lys	His	
			180					185					190			
Thr	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Gln	Met	Leu	Phe	Thr	Thr	Val	Gln	Met	Lys	Leu	
		195				200						205				
Lys	Trp	Gln	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Gln	Gln	Met	Gly	Ser	Ile	Phe	His	Leu	
		210			215						220					
Met	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Met	Leu	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Trp	Leu	Met	Lys	Phe	Met	
225					230					235				240		

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Phe Trp Lys Asn Thr Leu Ile Ile Leu Ser Arg Tyr Leu Ser Trp Ile
      245                      250                      255
His Trp Trp Ile Ile Tyr Leu Leu Ile Leu Pro Arg Gly Thr Ser Gly
      260                      265                      270
Ala Val Ile Leu Met Ala Arg Ser Ser Cys Met Thr Arg Thr Ile
      275                      280                      285
Leu Pro Arg Gln Arg Phe Ser Ala Ser Arg Thr Phe Tyr Leu Arg Ser
      290                      295                      300
Leu Gln Leu Gln Phe Met Pro Thr Met Gly Leu Phe Ser Lys Glu Val
      305                      310                      315                      320
Leu Pro Gln Cys Met Met Gly Ser Cys Ser Ala Leu Tyr Thr Thr Glu
      325                      330                      335
Pro Cys Ile Val Asn Ser
      340

<210> SEQ ID NO 25
<211> LENGTH: 533
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (47)...(346)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein
      C-III(APOC3)

<400> SEQUENCE: 25
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      Met Gln Pro
      1
cgg gta ctc ctt gtt gtt gcc ctc ctg gag ctc ctg gcc tct gcc cga      103
Arg Val Leu Leu Val Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Arg
      5                      10                      15
gct tca gag gcc gag gat gcc tcc ctt ctc agc ttc atg cag ggt tac      151
Ala Ser Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Phe Met Gln Gly Tyr
      20                      25                      30                      35
atg aag cac gcc acc aag acc gcc aag gat gca ctg agc agc gtg cag      199
Met Lys His Ala Thr Lys Thr Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Ser Ser Val Gln
      40                      45                      50
gag tcc cag gtg gcc cag cag gcc agg ggc tgg gtg acc gat ggc ttc      247
Glu Ser Gln Val Ala Gln Gln Ala Arg Gly Trp Val Thr Asp Gly Phe
      55                      60                      65
agt tcc ctg aaa gac tac tgg agc acc gtt aag gac aag ttc tct gag      295
Ser Trp Leu Lys Asp Tyr Trp Ser Thr Val Lys Asp Lys Phe Ser Glu
      70                      75                      80
ttc tgg gat ttg gac cct gag gtc aga cca act tca gcc gtg gct gcc      343
Phe Trp Asp Leu Asp Pro Gln Val Arg Pro Thr Ser Ala Val Ala Ala
      85                      90                      95
tga gacctcaata ccccaagtc accctgctat ccactctgcg agctccttgg      396
gtcctgcaat ctccagggt gccctgtag gttgcttaaa agggacagta ttctcagtgc      456
tctctaccc cacctcatgc ctggccccc tccaggcatg ctggcctccc aataaagctg      516
gacaagaagc tgctatg      533

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<210> SEQ ID NO 26
 <211> LENGTH: 99

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<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

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Met Gln Pro Arg Val Leu Val Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala
 1             5             10             15
Ser Ala Arg Ala Ser Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Phe Met
 20             25
Gln Gly Tyr Met Lys His Ala Thr Lys Thr Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Ser
 35             40             45
Ser Val Gln Glu Ser Gln Val Ala Gln Gln Ala Arg Gly Trp Val Thr
 50             55             60
Asp Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Lys Asp Tyr Trp Ser Thr Val Lys Asp Lys
 65             70             75             80
Phe Ser Glu Phe Trp Asp Leu Asp Pro Glu Val Arg Pro Thr Ser Ala
 85             90             95
Val Ala Ala

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<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 8925

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (5020)...(6162)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide encoding ATP-binding cassette (ABC1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n= a o r g o r c o r t

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

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ctgttcggct gagctaccca cccatgcaac aacatgaatg ccattttcca aataaagcca      120
tgccctctgc aggaacacct ccttgggttc aggggattat ctgtaatgcc aacaacccct      180
gtttccgtta cccgactcct ggggaggctc ccggagtgtg tggaaacttt aacaaatcca      240
ttgtggctcg cctgtttctc gatctctgga ggcctctttt atacagccag aaagacacca      300
gcctgaagga catgcgcaaa gttctgagaa cattacagca gatcaagaaa tccagctcaa      360
aactgaagct tcaagatttc ctggtggaca atgaaacctt ctatgggttc ctgtatcaca      420
acctctctct cccaagtct actgtggaca agatgtgtgag ggtgatgtc attctccaca      480
aggatatttt gcaaggctac cagttacatt tgacaagtct gtgcaatgga tcaaatcag      540
aagagatgat tcaacttggt gaccaagaag ttcttgagct ttgtggccta ccaagggaga      600
aactggctgc agcagagcga gtacttcggt ccaacatgga catcctgaag ccaatcctga      660
gaaccctaaa ctctacatct ccttcccca gaaaggagct ggtgaagcc acaaaaacct      720
tgctgaatag tcttgggaat ctggcccagg agctgttcag catgagaagc tggagtgaac      780
tgcgacagga ggtgatgttt ctgaccaatg tgaacagctc cagctcctcc acccaaatct      840
accaggctgt gtctctgtatt gtctgcgggc atcccgaggg aggggggctg aagatcaagt      900
ctctcaactg gtataggagc aacaactaca aagccctctt tggaggcaat ggcactgagg      960
aagatgctga aacctttctat gacaactcta caactcctta ctgcaatgat ttgatgaaga      1020
atttggaagt tagtctctct tccgcatta tctggaagc tatgaagcgg ctgctgttg      1080
ggaagatcct gtatacacct gacactccag ccacaaggca ggtcatggct gaggtgaaca      1140

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acaatgtgga	gaggacaaaat	aaaatcaagg	atgggtactg	ggacctggt	cctcgagctg	1680
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ttgccatcat	ctcccatggg	aagctgtgct	gtgtgggctc	ctccctgttt	ctgaagaacc	3300
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cctcgagaaa	cagtagtagc	actgtgtcat	acctgaaaaa	ggaggacagt	gtttctcaga	3420

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agcagctctc agaggtggct cggatgacca catcagtga tgctcctgtg tccatctgtg	4920
tcctotttgc aatgtccttc gtcccagcca gctttgtcgt attcctgata caggagcggg	4980
tcagcaaaagc aaacacctg cagttcatca gtggagtga agc ctg tca tct act	5034
	Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr
	1 5
ggc tct cta att ttg tct ggg ata tgt gca att aag ttg ttt cca ann	5082
Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Ile Cys Ala Ile Lys Leu Phe Pro Xaa	
	10 15 20
nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn	5130
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	
	25 30 35
nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn	5178
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	
	40 45 50
nta atc ttt cct ttt cag tgc ttt ggg ctg ctg gga gtt aat ggg gct	5226
Xaa Ile Phe Pro Phe Gln Cys Phe Gly Leu Leu Gly Val Asn Gly Ala	
	55 60 65
gga aaa tca tca act ttc aag atg tta aca gga gat acc act gtt acc	5274
Gly Lys Ser Ser Thr Phe Lys Met Leu Thr Gly Asp Thr Thr Val Thr	
	70 75 80 85

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aga gga gat gct ttc ctt aac att tgc agt atc tta tca aac atc cat Arg Gly Asp Ala Phe Leu Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile Leu Ser Asn Ile His 90 95 100	5322
gaa gta cat cag aac atg ggc tac tgc cct cag ttt gat gcc atc aca Glu Val His Gln Asn Met Gly Tyr Cys Pro Gln Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr 105 110 115	5370
gag ctg ttg act ggg aga gaa oac gtg gag ttc ttt gcc ctt ttg aga Glu Leu Leu Thr Gly Arg Glu His Val Glu Phe Phe Ala Leu Leu Arg 120 125 130	5418
gga gtc cca gag aaa gaa gtt ggc aag gtt ggt gag tgg gcg att cgg Gly Val Pro Glu Lys Glu Val Gly Lys Val Gly Glu Trp Ala Ile Arg 135 140 145	5466
aaa ctg ggc ctc gtg aag tat gga gaa aaa tat gct ggt aac tat agt Lys Leu Gly Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gly Asn Tyr Ser 150 155 160 165	5514
gga ggc aac aaa cgc aag ctc tct aca gcc atg gct ttg atc gcc ggg Gly Gly Asn Lys Arg Lys Leu Ser Thr Ala Met Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly 170 175 180	5562
cct cct gtg gtg ttt ctg gat gaa cgc acc aca ggc atg gat ccc aaa Pro Pro Val Val Phe Leu Asp Glu Pro Thr Thr Gly Met Asp Pro Lys 185 190 195	5610
gcc cgg cgg ttc ttg tgg aat tgt gcc cta agt gtt gtc aag gag ggg Ala Arg Arg Phe Leu Trp Asn Cys Ala Leu Ser Val Val Lys Glu Gly 200 205 210	5658
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tgc act agg atg gca atc atg gtc aat gga agg ttc agg tgc ctt ggc Cys Thr Arg Met Ala Ile Met Val Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Cys Leu Gly 230 235 240 245	5754
agt gtc cag cat cta aaa aat agg ttt gga gat ggt tat aca ata gtt Ser Val Gln His Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Gly Asp Gly Tyr Thr Ile Val 250 255 260	5802
gta cga ata gca ggg tcc aac ccg gac ctg aag cct gtc cag gat ttc Val Arg Ile Ala Gly Ser Asn Pro Asp Leu Lys Pro Val Gln Asp Phe 265 270 275	5850
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atg cta caa tac cag ctt cca tct tca tta tct tct ctg gcc agg ata Met Leu Gln Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Arg Ile 295 300 305	5946
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tct gtt tct cag aca aca ctt gac caa gta ttt gtg aac ttt gcc aag Ser Val Ser Gln Thr Thr Leu Asp Gln Val Phe Val Asn Phe Ala Lys 330 335 340	6042
gac caa agt gat gat gac cac tta aaa gac ctc tca tta cac aaa aac Asp Gln Ser Asp Asp Asp His Leu Lys Asp Leu Ser Leu His Lys Asn 345 350 355	6090
cag aca gta gtg gac gtt gca gtt ctc aca tct ttt cta cag gat gag Gln Thr Val Val Asp Val Ala Val Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gln Asp Glu 360 365 370	6138
aaa gtg aaa gaa agc tat gta tga agaatacgtgt toatacgggg tggetgaag Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Tyr Val * 375 380	6192

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ttcccggtga	cacatccatt	gctggcaatg	agtgtgccag	agttattagt	gccaagtttt	6672
tcagaaagt	tgaagcacca	tgggtgtgta	tgtcaacttt	tgtgaaagct	gctctgctca	6732
gagtctatca	acattgaata	tcagttgaca	gaatggtgcc	atgcgtggct	aacctcctgc	6792
tttgattccc	tctgataagc	tgttctgggt	gcagtaacat	gcaacaaaaa	tgtgggtgtc	6852
tccaggcacg	ggaaaacttg	ttccattggt	atattgtctc	atgcttcgag	ccatgggtct	6912
acagggtcat	ccttatgaga	ctcttaataa	tacttagata	ctggtaagag	gcaagaatac	6972
aacagccaaa	ctgctggggc	tgcgaagctg	tgaagccagg	gcattgggatt	aaagagattg	7032
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ggaattttaa	gttctatcag	tgaactctga	atccttagaa	tggcctcttt	gtagaacctc	7272
gtggtataga	ggagttatgc	cactgcccca	ctatttttat	tttcttatgt	aagtttgcat	7332
atcagtcatg	actagtgctc	agaaagcaat	gtgatggcca	ggactctatg	acattatatt	7392
tgagttctct	tcagatcatt	taggataact	ttaattctcc	ttactcaatc	aaatattttt	7452
tgagtgtatg	ctgtagctga	aagagtatgt	acgtacgtat	aagactagag	agatattaag	7512
tctcagtcac	cttccctgtc	catgtttatt	agctcaactg	tttacaataa	taggttgtct	7572
tgtggttgta	ggagcccaat	gtaacaatac	tgggcagcct	tttttttttt	ttttttaatt	7632
gcaacaatgc	aaaagccaag	aaagtataag	ggtcacaagt	ctaaacaatg	aattcttcaa	7692
cagggaanaa	agctagcttg	aaaacttgct	gaaaaacaca	acttggtgtt	atggcaattta	7752
gtacottcaa	ataattggct	ttgcagatat	tggatacccc	attaaatctg	acagtctcaa	7812
atttttcatc	tcttcaatca	ctagtcaaga	aaaatatata	aacaacaaat	acttccatat	7872
ggagcatttt	tcagagtttt	ctaaccagat	cttatttttc	tagtcagtaa	acattttgta	7932
aaatactggt	tcactaatac	ttaactgtta	ctgtcttgag	agaaaagaaa	aatatgagag	7992
aactatgtgt	tggggaagtt	caagtgatct	ttoaatatca	ttaactaact	cttccaattt	8052
ttccagaatt	tgaatatata	cgtcaaaagt	tgaagaactc	agatttcaaa	ttaactcttc	8112
tatatatttt	aaatttacag	aatattatat	aacctactgc	tgaaaaagaa	aaaaatgatt	8172
gttttagaag	ttaaaagtcaa	tattgatttt	aaatataaat	aatgaaggca	tatttccaat	8232
aactagtgtat	atggcatcgt	tgcattttac	aglatcttca	aaaatacaga	atttatagaa	8292
taatttctcc	tcatttaata	tttttcaaaa	tcaaaagtta	ggtttctctca	ttttactaaa	8352
atogtattct	aattcttcat	tatagttaaa	ctatgagcaa	ctccttaact	cggttcctct	8412
gatttcaag	ccatattttta	aaaaatcaaa	aggcaactgt	aactattttg	aagaaaaaac	8472

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aacatttttaa tacagattga aaggacctct tctgaagcta gaaacaatct atagttatac 8532
atotttattta atactgtggtt acctttttaa atagtaattt tttaactttt cctgtgtaaa 8592
octaatgtgt gttagaaattt ttaccaactc tatactcaat caagcaaaat ttctgtatat 8652
tcctgttgga atgtacctat gtgagtttca gaaattctca aaatacgtgt tcaaaaattt 8712
ctgctttttgc atcttttgga caccocagaa aacttattaa caactgtgaa tatgagaaat 8772
acagaagaaa ataataagcc ctctatacat aaatgccag cacaattcat tgttaaaaaa 8832
caacaaaacc tcacactact gtatttcatt atctgtactg aaagcaaatg ctttgtgact 8892
attaaatggtt gacatcatt cttcactgt ata 8925

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<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 380
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: UNSURE
<222> LOCATION: (21)...(54)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa = unknown

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<400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Ile Cys Ala Ile
 1          5          10          15
Lys Leu Phe Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
 20          25          30
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
 35          40          45
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Ile Phe Pro Phe Gln Cys Phe Gly Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Gly Val Asn Gly Ala Gly Lys Ser Ser Thr Phe Lys Met Leu Thr Gly
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Thr Val Thr Arg Gly Asp Ala Phe Leu Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile
 85          90          95
Leu Ser Asn Ile His Glu Val His Gln Asn Met Gly Tyr Cys Pro Gln
100          105          110
Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Thr Gly Arg Glu His Val Glu Phe
115          120          125
Phe Ala Leu Leu Arg Gly Val Pro Glu Lys Glu Val Gly Lys Val Gly
130          135          140
Glu Trp Ala Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys Tyr
145          150          155          160
Ala Gly Asn Tyr Ser Gly Gly Asn Lys Arg Lys Leu Ser Thr Ala Met
165          170          175
Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Pro Pro Val Val Phe Leu Asp Glu Pro Thr Thr
180          185          190
Gly Met Asp Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Phe Leu Trp Asn Cys Ala Leu Ser
195          200          205
Val Val Lys Glu Gly Arg Ser Val Val Leu Thr Ser His Ser Met Glu
210          215          220
Glu Cys Glu Ala Leu Cys Thr Arg Met Ala Ile Met Val Asn Gly Arg
225          230          235          240
Phe Arg Cys Leu Gly Ser Val Gln His Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Gly Asp
245          250          255

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Gly Tyr Thr Ile Val Val Arg Ile Ala Gly Ser Asn Pro Asp Leu Lys
 260 265 270
 Pro Val Gln Asp Phe Phe Gly Leu Ala Phe Pro Gly Ser Val Leu Lys
 275 280 285
 Glu Lys His Arg Asn Met Leu Gln Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser
 290 295 300
 Ser Leu Ala Arg Ile Phe Ser Ile Leu Ser Gln Ser Lys Lys Arg Leu
 305 310 315 320
 His Ile Glu Asp Tyr Ser Val Ser Gln Thr Thr Leu Asp Gln Val Phe
 325 330 335
 Val Asn Phe Ala Lys Asp Gln Ser Asp Asp His Leu Lys Asp Leu
 340 345 350
 Ser Leu His Lys Asn Gln Thr Val Val Asp Val Ala Val Leu Thr Ser
 355 360 365
 Phe Leu Gln Asp Glu Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Tyr Val
 370 375 380

<210> SEQ ID NO 29
 <211> LENGTH: 897
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (39)...(842)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein A-1
 (APOA1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

agagactgcg agaaggaggt cccccacggc ccttcagg atg aaa gct gcg gtg ctg 56
 Met Lys Ala Ala Val Leu
 1 5
 acc ttg gcc gtg ctg ttc ctg acg ggg agc cag gct cgg cat ttc tgg 104
 Thr Leu Ala Val Leu Phe Leu Thr Gly Ser Gln Ala Arg His Phe Trp
 10 15 20
 cag caa gat gaa ccc ccc cag agc ccc tgg gat cga gtg aag gac ctg 152
 Gln Gln Asp Glu Pro Pro Gln Ser Pro Trp Asp Arg Val Lys Asp Leu
 25 30 35
 gcc act gtg tac gtg gat gtg ctg aaa gac agc ggc aga gac tat gtg 200
 Ala Thr Val Tyr Val Asp Val Leu Lys Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Tyr Val
 40 45 50
 tcc cag ttt gaa ggc tcc gcc ttg gga aaa cag cta aac cta aag ctg 248
 Ser Gln Phe Glu Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Lys Gln Leu Asn Leu Lys Leu
 55 60 65 70
 att gac aac tgg gac agc gtg acc tcc acc ttc agc aag ctg cgc gaa 296
 Leu Asp Asn Trp Asp Ser Val Thr Ser Thr Phe Ser Lys Leu Arg Glu
 75 80 85
 cag ctg gcc cct gtg acc cag gag ttc tgg gat aac ctg gaa aag gag 344
 Gln Leu Gly Pro Val Thr Gln Glu Phe Trp Asp Asn Leu Glu Lys Glu
 90 95 100
 aca gag gcc ctg agg cag gag atg agc aag gat ctg gag gag gtg aag 392
 Thr Glu Gly Leu Arg Gln Glu Met Ser Lys Asp Leu Glu Glu Val Lys
 105 110 115
 gcc aag gtg cag ccc tac ctg gac gac ttc cag aag aag tgg cag gag 440
 Ala Lys Val Gln Pro Tyr Leu Asp Asp Phe Gln Lys Lys Trp Gln Glu
 120 125 130

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gag atg gag ctc tac cgc cag aag gtg gag cgg ctg cgc gca gag ctc Glu Met Glu Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys Val Glu Pro Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu 135 140 145 150	488
caa gag ggc gcg cgc cag aag ctg cac gag ctg caa gag aag ctg agc Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Leu His Glu Leu Gln Glu Lys Leu Ser 155 160 165	536
cca ctg ggc gag gag atg cgc gac cgc ggc cgc gcc cat gtg gac ggc Pro Leu Gly Glu Glu Met Arg Asp Arg Ala Arg Ala His Val Asp Ala 170 175 180	584
ctg cgc acg cat ctg gcc ccc tac agc gac gag ctg cgc cag cgc ttg Leu Arg Thr His Leu Ala Pro Tyr Ser Asp Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu 185 190 195	632
gcc gcg cgc ctt gag gct ctc aag gag aac ggc ggc gcc aga ctg gcc Ala Ala Arg Leu Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Asn Gly Gly Ala Arg Leu Ala 200 205 210	680
gag tac cac gcc aag gcc acc gag cat ctg agc acg ctc agc gag aag Glu Tyr His Ala Lys Ala Thr Glu His Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Lys 215 220 225 230	728
gcc aag ccc gcg ctc gag gac ctc cgc cca ggc ctg ctg ccc gtg ctg Ala Lys Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Leu Leu Pro Val Leu 235 240 245	776
gag agc ttc aag gtc agc ttc ctg agc gct ctc gag gag tac act aag Glu Ser Phe Lys Val Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala Leu Glu Glu Tyr Thr Lys 250 255 260	824
aag ctc aac acc cag tga ggcgcgcgcc gccgcccccc ttcccggtgc Lys Leu Asn Thr Gln * 265	872
tcagaataaaa cggttccaaa gtggg	897

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
 <211> LENGTH: 267
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

Met Lys Ala Ala Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Leu Phe Leu Thr Gly Ser 1 5 10 15
Gln Ala Arg His Phe Trp Gln Gln Asp Glu Pro Pro Gln Ser Pro Trp 20 25 30
Asp Arg Val Lys Asp Leu Ala Thr Val Tyr Val Asp Val Leu Lys Asp 35 40 45
Ser Gly Arg Asp Tyr Val Ser Gln Phe Glu Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Lys 50 55 60
Gln Leu Asn Leu Lys Leu Leu Asp Asn Trp Asp Ser Val Thr Ser Thr 65 70 75 80
Phe Ser Lys Leu Arg Glu Gln Leu Gly Pro Val Thr Gln Glu Phe Trp 85 90 95
Asp Asn Leu Glu Lys Glu Thr Glu Gly Leu Arg Gln Glu Met Ser Lys 100 105 110
Asp Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Lys Val Gln Pro Tyr Leu Asp Asp Phe 115 120 125
Gln Lys Lys Trp Gln Glu Glu Met Glu Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys Val Glu 130 135 140
Pro Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Leu His Glu 145 150 155 160

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Leu Gln Glu Lys Leu Ser Pro Leu Gly Glu Glu Met Arg Asp Arg Ala
    165                                170                                175

Arg Ala His Val Asp Ala Leu Arg Thr His Leu Ala Pro Tyr Ser Asp
    180                                185                                190

Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Ala Arg Leu Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Asn
    195                                200                                205

Gly Gly Ala Arg Leu Ala Glu Tyr His Ala Lys Ala Thr Glu His Leu
    210                                215                                220

Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Lys Ala Lys Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Arg Gln
    225                                230                                235                                240

Gly Leu Leu Pro Val Leu Glu Ser Phe Lys Val Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala
    245                                250                                255

Leu Glu Glu Tyr Thr Lys Lys Leu Asn Thr Gln
    260                                265

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
<211> LENGTH: 14121
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (129)...(13820)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein B
    (APOB)

<400> SEQUENCE: 31
attccccaccg ggaacctggg ggctgagtgc cettctcggt tgctgccget gaggagcccg      60
cccagccagc cagggccgag aggcgcgagc caggccgcag cccaggagcc gccccaccgc      120
agctggcg atg gac ccg ccg agg ccc gcg ctg ctg gcg ctg ctg gcg ctg      170
Met Asp Pro Pro Arg Pro Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu
    1          5          10

cct gcg ctg ctg ctg ctg ctg ctg gcg ggc gcc agg gcc gaa gag gaa      218
Pro Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Glu Glu Glu
    15          20          25          30

atg ctg gaa aat gtc agc ctg gtc tgt cca aaa gat gcg acc cga ttc      266
Met Leu Glu Asn Val Ser Leu Val Cys Pro Lys Asp Ala Thr Arg Phe
    35          40          45

aag cac ctc cgg aag tac aca tac aac tat gag gct gag agt tcc agt      314
Lys His Leu Arg Lys Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser
    50          55          60

gga gtc cct ggg act gct gat tca aga agt gcc acc agg atc aac tgc      362
Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Ala Asp Ser Arg Ser Ala Thr Arg Ile Asn Cys
    65          70          75

aag gtt gag ctg gag gtt ccc cag ctc tgc agc ttc atc ctg aag acc      410
Lys Val Glu Leu Glu Val Pro Gln Leu Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Lys Thr
    80          85          90

agc cag tgc acc ctg aaa gag gtg tat ggc ttc aac cct gag ggc aaa      458
Ser Gln Cys Thr Leu Lys Glu Val Tyr Gly Phe Asn Pro Glu Gly Lys
    95          100          105          110

gcc ttg ctg aag aaa acc aag aac tct gag gag ttt gct gca gcc atg      506
Ala Leu Leu Lys Lys Thr Lys Asn Ser Glu Glu Phe Ala Ala Ala Met
    115          120          125

tcc agg tat gag ctc aag ctg gcc att cca gaa ggg aag cag gtt ttc      554
Ser Arg Tyr Glu Leu Lys Leu Ala Ile Pro Glu Gly Lys Gln Val Phe
    130          135          140

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ctt tac ccg gag aaa gat gaa cct act tac atc ctg aac atc aag agg Leu Tyr Pro Glu Lys Asp Glu Pro Thr Tyr Ile Leu Asn Ile Lys Arg 145 150 155	602
ggc atc att tct gcc ctc ctg gtt ccc cca gag aca gaa gaa gcc aag Gly Ile Ile Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Pro Glu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys 160 165 170	650
caa gtg ttg ttt ctg gat acc gtg tat gga aac tgc tcc act cac ttt Gln Val Ile Ser Phe Leu Asp Thr Val Tyr Gly Asn Cys Ser Thr His Phe 175 180 185 190	698
acc gtc aag acg agg aag gcc aat gtg gca aca gaa ata tcc act gaa Thr Val Lys Thr Arg Lys Gly Asn Val Ala Thr Glu Ile Ser Thr Glu 195 200 205	746
aga gac ctg ggg cag tgt gat cgc ttc aag ccc atc cgc aca ggc atc Arg Asp Leu Gly Gln Cys Asp Arg Phe Lys Pro Ile Arg Thr Gly Ile 210 215 220	794
agc cca ctt gct ctc atc aaa gcc atg acc cgc ccc ttg tca act ctg Ser Pro Leu Ala Leu Ile Lys Gly Met Thr Arg Pro Leu Ser Thr Leu 225 230 235	842
atc agc ago agc cag tcc tgt cag tac asa ctg gac gct aag agg aag Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Ser Cys Gln Tyr Thr Leu Asp Ala Lys Arg Lys 240 245 250	890
cat gtg gca gaa gcc atc tgc aag gag caa cac ctc ttc ctg cct ttc His Val Ala Glu Ala Ile Cys Lys Glu Gln His Leu Phe Leu Pro Phe 255 260 265 270	938
tcc tac aac aat aag tat ggg atg gta gca caa gtg aca cag act ttg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Lys Tyr Gly Met Val Ala Gln Val Thr Gln Thr Leu 275 280 285	986
aaa ctt gaa gac aca cca aag atc aac agc cgc ttc ttt ggt gaa ggt Lys Leu Glu Asp Thr Pro Lys Ile Asn Ser Arg Phe Phe Gly Glu Gly 290 295 300	1034
act aag aag atg ggc ctc gca ttt gag agc acc aaa tcc asa tca cct Thr Lys Lys Met Gly Leu Ala Phe Glu Ser Thr Lys Ser Thr Ser Pro 305 310 315	1082
cca aag cag gcc gaa gct gtt ttg aag act ctc cag gaa ctg aaa aaa Pro Lys Gln Ala Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Thr Leu Gln Glu Leu Lys Lys 320 325 330	1130
cta acc atc tct gag caa aat atc cag aga gct aat ctc ttc aat aag Leu Thr Ile Ser Glu Gln Asn Ile Gln Arg Ala Asn Leu Phe Asn Lys 335 340 345 350	1178
ctg gtt act gag ctg aga gcc ctc agt gat gaa gca gtc aca tct ctc Leu Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Gly Leu Ser Asp Glu Ala Val Thr Ser Leu 355 360 365	1226
ttg cca cag ctg att gag gtg tcc agc ccc atc act tta caa gcc ttg Leu Pro Gln Leu Ile Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Ile Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu 370 375 380	1274
gtt cag tgt gga cag cct cag tgc tcc act cac atc ctc cag tgg ctg Val Gln Cys Gly Gln Pro Gln Cys Ser Thr His Ile Leu Gln Trp Leu 385 390 395	1322
aaa cgt gtg cat gcc aac ccc ctt ctg ata gat gtg gtc acc tac ctg Lys Arg Val His Ala Asn Pro Leu Leu Ile Asp Val Val Thr Tyr Leu 400 405 410	1370
gtg gcc ctg atc ccc gag ccc tca gca cag cag ctg cga gag atc ttc Val Ala Leu Ile Pro Glu Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Leu Arg Glu Ile Phe 415 420 425 430	1418
aac atg gag agg gat cag cgc agc cga gcc acc ttg tat gag ctg agc Asn Met Ala Arg Asp Gln Arg Ser Arg Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ser 435 440 445	1466

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cac gcg gtc aac aac tat cat aag aca aac cct aca ggg acc cag gag His Ala Val Asn Asn Tyr His Lys Thr Asn Pro Thr Gly Thr Gln Glu 450 455 460	1514
ctg ctg gac att gct aat tac ctg atg gaa cag att caa gat gac tgc Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala Asn Tyr Leu Met Glu Gln Ile Gln Asp Asp Cys 465 470 475	1562
aot ggg gat gaa gat tac aoc tat ttg att ctg cgg gtc att gga aat Thr Gly Asp Glu Asp Tyr Thr Tyr Leu Ile Leu Arg Val Ile Gly Asn 480 485 490	1610
atg ggc caa acc atg gag cag tta act cca gaa ctc aag tct tca atc Met Gly Gln Thr Met Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Glu Leu Lys Ser Ser Ile 495 500 505 510	1658
ctc aaa tgt gtc caa agt aca aag cca tca ctg atg atc cag aaa gct Leu Lys Cys Val Gln Ser Thr Lys Pro Ser Leu Met Ile Gln Lys Ala 515 520 525	1706
gcc atc cag gct ctg cgg aaa atg gag cct aaa gac aag gac cag gag Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Arg Lys Met Glu Pro Lys Asp Lys Asp Gln Glu 530 535 540	1754
gtt ctt ctt cag act ttc ctt gat gat gct tct cgg gga gat aag cga Val Leu Leu Gln Thr Phe Leu Asp Asp Ala Ser Pro Gly Asp Lys Arg 545 550 555	1802
ctg gct gcc tat ctt atg ttg atg agg agt cct tca cag gca gat att Leu Ala Ala Tyr Leu Met Leu Met Arg Ser Pro Ser Gln Ala Asp Ile 560 565 570	1850
aac aaa att gtc caa att cta cca tgg gaa cag aat gag caa gtg aag Asn Lys Ile Val Gln Ile Leu Pro Trp Glu Gln Asn Glu Gln Val Lys 575 580 585 590	1898
aac ttt gtg gct tcc cat att gcc aat atc ttg aac tca gaa gaa ttg Asn Phe Val Ala Ser His Ile Ala Asn Ile Leu Asn Ser Glu Glu Leu 595 600 605	1946
gat atc caa gat ctg aaa aag tta gtg aaa gaa gct ctg aaa gaa tct Asp Ile Gln Asp Leu Lys Lys Leu Val Lys Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser 610 615 620	1994
caa ctt cca act gtc atg gac ttc aga aaa ttc tct cgg aac tat caa Gln Leu Pro Thr Val Met Asp Phe Arg Lys Phe Ser Arg Asn Tyr Gln 625 630 635	2042
ctc tac aaa tct gtt tct ctt cca tca ctt gac cca gcc tca gcc aaa Leu Tyr Lys Ser Val Ser Leu Pro Ser Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Lys 640 645 650	2090
ata gaa ggg aat ctt ata ttt gat cca aat aac tac ctt cct aaa gaa Ile Glu Gly Asn Leu Ile Phe Asp Pro Asn Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys Glu 655 660 665 670	2138
agc atg ctg aaa act acc ctc act gcc ttt gga ttt gct tca gct gac Ser Met Leu Lys Thr Thr Leu Thr Ala Phe Gly Phe Ala Ser Ala Asp 675 680 685	2186
ctc atc gag att ggc ttg gaa gga aaa ggc ttt gag cca asa ttg gaa Leu Ile Glu Ile Gly Leu Glu Gly Lys Gly Phe Glu Pro Thr Leu Glu 690 695 700	2234
gct ctt ttt ggg aag caa gga ttt ttc cca gac agt gtc aac aaa gct Ala Leu Phe Gly Lys Gln Gly Phe Phe Pro Asp Ser Val Asn Lys Ala 705 710 715	2282
ttg tac tgg gtt aat ggt caa gtt cct gat ggt gtc tct aag gtc tta Leu Tyr Trp Val Asn Gly Gln Val Pro Asp Gly Val Ser Lys Val Leu 720 725 730	2330
gtg gac caa ttt ggc tat aoc aaa gat gat aaa cct gag cag gat atg Val Asp His Phe Gly Tyr Thr Lys Asp Asp Lys His Glu Gln Asp Met 735 740 745 750	2378

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gta aat gga ata atg ctc agt gtt gag aag ctg att aaa gat ttg aaa Val Asn Gly Ile Met Leu Ser Val Glu Lys Leu Ile Lys Asp Leu Lys 755 760 765	2426
tcc aaa gaa gtc ccg gaa gcc aga gcc tac ctc cgc atc ttg gga gag Ser Lys Glu Val Pro Glu Ala Arg Ala Tyr Leu Arg Ile Leu Gly Glu 770 775 780	2474
gag ctt ggt ttt gcc agt ctc cat gac ctc cag ctc ctg gga aag ctg Glu Leu Gly Phe Ala Ser Leu His Asp Leu Gln Phe Leu Gly Lys Leu 785 790 795	2522
ctt ctg atg ggt gcc cgc act ctg cag ggg atc ccc cag atg att gga Leu Leu Met Gly Ala Arg Thr Leu Gln Gly Ile Pro Gln Met Ile Gly 800 805 810	2570
gag gtc atc agg aag ggc tca aag aat gac ttt ttt ctt cac tac atc Glu Val Ile Arg Lys Gly Ser Lys Asn Asp Phe Phe Leu His Tyr Ile 815 820 825 830	2618
ttc atg gag aat gcc ttt gaa ctc ccc act gga gct gga tta cag ttg Phe Met Glu Asn Ala Phe Glu Leu Pro Thr Gly Ala Gly Leu Gln Leu 835 840 845	2666
caa ata tct tca tct gga gtc att gct ccc gga gcc aag gct gga gta Gln Ile Ser Ser Ser Gly Val Ile Ala Pro Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly Val 850 855 860	2714
aaa ctg gaa gta gcc aac atg cag gct gaa ctg gtg gca aaa ccc tcc Lys Leu Glu Val Ala Asn Met Gln Ala Glu Leu Val Ala Lys Pro Ser 865 870 875	2762
gtg tct gtg gag ttt gtg aca aat atg ggc atc atc att ccg gac ttc Val Ser Val Glu Phe Val Thr Asn Met Gly Ile Ile Ile Pro Asp Phe 880 885 890	2810
gct agg agt ggg gtc cag atg aac acc aac ttc ttc cac gag tcg ggt Ala Arg Ser Gly Val Gln Met Asn Thr Asn Phe Phe His Glu Ser Gly 895 900 905 910	2858
ctg gag gct cat gtt gcc cta aaa gct ggg aag ctg aag ttt atc att Leu Glu Ala His Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys Phe Ile Ile 915 920 925	2906
cct tcc cca aag aga cca gtc aag ctg ctc agt gga ggc aac aca tta Pro Ser Pro Lys Arg Pro Val Lys Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Leu 930 935 940	2954
cat ttg gtc tct acc acc aaa acg gag gtg atc cca cct ctc att gag His Leu Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Thr Glu Val Ile Pro Pro Leu Ile Glu 945 950 955	3002
aac agg cag tcc tgg tca gtt tgc aag caa gtc ttt cct ggc ctg aat Asn Arg Gln Ser Trp Ser Val Cys Lys Gln Val Phe Pro Gly Leu Asn 960 965 970	3050
tac tgc acc tca ggc gct tac tcc aac gcc agc tcc aca gac tcc gcc Tyr Cys Thr Ser Gly Ala Tyr Ser Asn Ala Ser Ser Thr Asp Ser Ala 975 980 985 990	3098
tcc tac tat ccg ctg acc ggg gac acc aga tta gag ctg gaa ctg agg Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Leu Thr Gly Asp Thr Arg Leu Glu Leu Glu Leu Arg 995 1000 1005	3146
cct aca gga gag att gag cag tat tct gtc agc gca acc tat gag ctc Pro Thr Gly Glu Ile Glu Gln Tyr Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Tyr Glu Leu 1010 1015 1020	3194
cag aga gag gac aga gcc ttg gtg gat acc ctg aag ttt gta act caa Gln Arg Glu Asp Arg Ala Leu Val Asp Thr Leu Lys Phe Val Thr Gln 1025 1030 1035	3242
gca gaa ggt gcg aag cag act gag gct acc atg aca ttc aaa tat aat Ala Glu Gly Ala Lys Gln Thr Glu Ala Thr Met Thr Phe Lys Tyr Asn 1040 1045 1050	3290

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cgg cag agt atg acc ttg tcc agt gaa gtc caa att ccg gat ttt gat Arg Gln Ser Met Thr Leu Ser Ser Glu Val Gln Ile Pro Asp Phe Asp 1055 1060 1065 1070	3338
gtt gac ctc gga aca atc ctc aga gtt aat gat gaa tct act gag ggc Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Ile Leu Arg Val Asn Asp Glu Ser Thr Glu Gly 1075 1080 1085	3386
aaa acg tot tac aga ctc acc ctg gac att cag aac aag aaa att act Lys Thr Ser Tyr Arg Leu Thr Leu Asp Ile Gln Asn Lys Lys Ile Thr 1090 1095 1100	3434
gag gtc gcc ctc atg ggc cac cta agt tgt gac aca aag gaa gaa aga Glu Val Ala Leu Met Gly His Leu Ser Cys Asp Thr Lys Glu Glu Arg 1105 1110 1115	3482
aaa atc aag ggt gtt att tcc ata ccc cgt ttg caa gca gaa gcc aga Lys Ile Lys Gly Val Ile Ser Ile Pro Arg Leu Gln Ala Glu Ala Arg 1120 1125 1130	3530
agt gag atc ctc gcc cac tgg tcy cct gcc aaa ctg ctt ctc caa atg Ser Glu Ile Leu Ala His Trp Ser Pro Ala Lys Leu Leu Leu Gln Met 1135 1140 1145 1150	3578
gac tca tct gct aca gct tat ggc tcc aca gtt tcc aag agg gtg gca Asp Ser Ser Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly Ser Thr Val Ser Lys Arg Val Ala 1155 1160 1165	3626
tgg cat tat gat gaa gag aag att gaa ttt gaa tgg aac aca ggc acc Trp His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Lys Ile Glu Phe Glu Trp Asn Thr Gly Thr 1170 1175 1180	3674
aat gta gat acc aaa aaa atg act tcc aat ttc cct gtg gat ctc tcc Asn Val Asp Thr Lys Lys Met Thr Ser Asn Phe Pro Val Asp Leu Ser 1185 1190 1195	3722
gat tat cct aag agc ttg cat atg tat gct aat aga ctc ctg gat cac Asp Tyr Pro Lys Ser Leu His Met Tyr Ala Asn Arg Leu Leu Asp His 1200 1205 1210	3770
aga gtc cct gaa aca gac atg act ttc cgg cac gtg ggt tcc aaa tta Arg Val Pro Glu Thr Asp Met Thr Phe Arg His Val Gly Ser Lys Leu 1215 1220 1225 1230	3818
ata gtt gca atg agc tca tgg ctt cag aag gca tct ggg agt ctt cct Ile Val Ala Met Ser Ser Trp Leu Gln Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Leu Pro 1235 1240 1245	3866
tat acc cag act ttg caa gac cac ctc aat agc ctg aag gag ttc aac Tyr Thr Gln Thr Leu Gln Asp His Leu Asn Ser Leu Lys Glu Phe Asn 1250 1255 1260	3914
ctc cag aac atg gga ttg cca gac ttc cac atc cca gaa aac ctc ttc Leu Gln Asn Met Gly Leu Pro Asp Phe His Ile Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe 1265 1270 1275	3962
tta aaa agc gat ggc cgg gtc aaa tat acc ttg aac aag aac agt ttg Leu Lys Ser Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Leu 1280 1285 1290	4010
aaa att gag att cct ttg cct ttt ggt ggc aaa tcc tcc aga gat cta Lys Ile Glu Ile Pro Leu Pro Phe Gly Gly Lys Ser Ser Arg Asp Leu 1295 1300 1305 1310	4058
aag atg tta gag act gtt agg aca cca gcc ctc cac ttc aag tct gtg Lys Met Leu Glu Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu His Phe Lys Ser Val 1315 1320 1325	4106
gga ttc cat ctg cca tct cga gag ttc caa gtc cct act ttt acc att Gly Phe His Leu Pro Ser Arg Glu Phe Gln Val Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile 1330 1335 1340	4154
ccc aag ttg tat caa ctg caa gtg cct ctc ctg ggt gtt cta gac ctc Pro Lys Leu Tyr Gln Leu Gln Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Val Leu Asp Leu 1345 1350 1355	4202

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atg aag gct gac tct gtg gtt gac ctg ctt tcc tac aat gtg caa gga Met Lys Ala Asp Ser Val Val Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asn Val Gln Gly 1395 1400 1405	4346
tct gga gaa aca aca tat gac cac aag aat acg ttc aca cta tca tgt Ser Gly Glu Thr Thr Tyr Asp His Lys Asn Thr Phe Thr Leu Ser Cys 1410 1415 1420	4394
gat ggg tct cta cgc cac aaa ttt cta gat tgg aat atc aaa ttc agt Asp Gly Ser Leu Arg His Lys Phe Leu Asp Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Ser 1425 1430 1435	4442
cat gta gaa aaa ctt gga aac aac cca gtc tca aaa ggt tta cta ata His Val Glu Lys Leu Gly Asn Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ile 1440 1445 1450	4490
ttc gat gaa tct agt tcc tgg gga cca cag atg tct gct tca gtt cat Phe Asp Ala Ser Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Gln Met Ser Ala Ser Val His 1455 1460 1465 1470	4538
ttg gac tcc aaa aag aaa cag cat ttg ttt gtc aaa gaa gtc aag att Leu Asp Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln His Leu Phe Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ile 1475 1480 1485	4586
gat ggg cag ttc aga gtc tct tgg ttc tat gct aaa ggc aca tat ggc Asp Gly Gln Phe Arg Val Ser Ser Phe Tyr Ala Lys Gly Thr Tyr Gly 1490 1495 1500	4634
ctg tct tgt cag agg gat cct aac act ggc cgg ctc aat gga gag tcc Leu Ser Cys Gln Arg Asp Pro Asn Thr Gly Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser 1505 1510 1515	4682
aac ctg agg ttt aac tcc tcc tac ctc caa ggc acc aac cag ata aca Asn Leu Arg Phe Asn Ser Ser Tyr Leu Gln Gly Thr Asn Gln Ile Thr 1520 1525 1530	4730
gga aga tat gaa gat gga acc ctc tcc ctc acc tcc acc tct gat ctg Gly Arg Tyr Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asp Leu 1535 1540 1545 1550	4778
caa agt ggc atc att aaa aat act gct tcc cta aag tat gag aac tac Gln Ser Gly Ile Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Ser Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asn Tyr 1555 1560 1565	4826
gag ctg act tta aaa tct gac acc aat ggg aag tat aag aac ttt gcc Glu Leu Thr Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Asn Gly Lys Tyr Lys Asn Phe Ala 1570 1575 1580	4874
act tct aac aag atg gat atg acc ttc tot aag caa aat gca ctg ctg Thr Ser Asn Lys Met Asp Met Thr Phe Ser Lys Gln Asn Ala Leu Leu 1585 1590 1595	4922
cgt tot gaa tat cag gct gat tac gag tca ttg agg ttc ttc agc ctg Arg Ser Glu Tyr Gln Ala Asp Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Ser Leu 1600 1605 1610	4970
ctt tct gga tca cta aat tcc cat ggt ctt gag tta aat gct gac atc Leu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Ser His Gly Leu Glu Leu Asn Ala Asp Ile 1615 1620 1625 1630	5018
tta ggc act gac aaa att aat agt ggt gct cac aag gcg aca cta agg Leu Gly Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Ser Gly Ala His Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg 1635 1640 1645	5066
att ggc caa gat gga ata tct acc agt gaa acg acc aac ttg aag tgt Ile Gly Gln Asp gly ile Ser Thr Ser Ala Thr Thr Asn Leu Lys Cys 1650 1655 1660	5114

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ggg gca tct atg aaa tta aca aca aat ggc cgc ttc agg gaa cac aat Gly Ala Ser Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Glu His Asn 1680 1685 1690	5210
gca aaa ttc agt ctg gat ggg aaa gcc gcc ctc aca gag cta tca ctg Ala Lys Phe Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Leu 1695 1700 1705 1710	5258
gga agt gct tat cag gcc atg att ctg ggt gtc gac agc aaa aac att Gly Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ala Met Ile Leu Gly Val Asp Ser Lys Asn Ile 1715 1720 1725	5306
ttc aac ttc aag gtc agt caa gaa gga ctt aag ctc tca aat gac atg Phe Asn Phe Lys Val Ser Gln Glu Gly Leu Lys Leu Ser Asn Asp Met 1730 1735 1740	5354
atg ggc tca tat gct gaa atg aaa ttt gac cac aca aac agt ctg aac Met Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Met Lys Phe Asp His Thr Asn Ser Leu Asn 1745 1750 1755	5402
att gca ggc tta tca ctg gac ttc tct tca aaa ctt gac aac att tac Ile Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Lys Leu Asp Asn Ile Tyr 1760 1765 1770	5450
agc tct gac aag ttt tat aag caa act gtt aat tta cag cta cag ccc Ser Ser Asp Lys Phe Tyr Lys Gln Thr Val Asn Leu Gln Leu Gln Pro 1775 1780 1785 1790	5498
tat tct ctg gta act act tta aac agt gac ctg aaa tac aat gct ctg Tyr Ser Leu Val Thr Thr Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ala Leu 1795 1800 1805	5546
gat ctc acc aac aat ggg aaa cta cgg cta gaa ccc ctg aag ctg cat Asp Leu Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Leu Arg Leu Glu Pro Leu Lys Leu His 1810 1815 1820	5594
gtg gct ggt aac cta aaa gga gcc tac caa aat aat gaa ata aaa cac Val Ala Gly Asn Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gln Asn Asn Glu Ile Lys His 1825 1830 1835	5642
atc tat gcc atc tct tct gct gcc tta tca gca agc tat aaa gca gac Ile Tyr Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ala Asp 1840 1845 1850	5690
act gtt gct aag gtt cag ggt gtg gag ttt agc cat cgg ctc aac aca Thr Val Ala Lys Val Gln Gly Val Glu Phe Ser His Arg Leu Asn Thr 1855 1860 1865 1870	5738
gac atc gct ggg ctg gct tca gcc att gac atg agc aca aac tat aat Asp Ile Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Ile Asp Met Ser Thr Asn Tyr Asn 1875 1880 1885	5786
tca gac tca ctg cat ttc agc aat gtc ttc cgt tct gta atg gcc cgg Ser Asp Ser Leu His Phe Ser Asn Val Phe Arg Ser Val Met Ala Pro 1890 1895 1900	5834
ttt acc atg acc atc gat gca cat aca aat ggc aat ggg aaa ctc gct Phe Thr Met Thr Ile Asp Ala His Thr Asn Gly Asn Gly Lys Leu Ala 1905 1910 1915	5882
ctc tgg gga gaa cat act ggg cag ctg tat agc aaa ttc ctg ttg aaa Leu Trp Gly Glu His Thr Gly Gln Leu Tyr Ser Lys Phe Leu Leu Lys 1920 1925 1930	5930
gca gaa cct ctg gca ttt act ttc tct cat gat tac aaa ggc tcc aca Ala Glu Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Phe Ser His Asp Tyr Lys Gly Ser Thr 1935 1940 1945 1950	5978
agt cat cat ctc gtg tct agg aaa agc atc agt gca gct ctt gaa cac Ser His His Leu Val Ser Arg Lys Ser Ile Ser Ala Ala Leu Glu His 1955 1960 1965	6026

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ctc aag acc caa ttt aac aac aat gaa tac agc cag gac ttg gat got Leu Lys Thr Gln Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ser Gln Asp Leu Asp Ala 1985 1990 1995	6122
tac aac act aaa gat aaa att ggc gtg gag ctt act gga cga act ctg Tyr Asn Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Thr Leu 2000 2005 2010	6170
gct gac cta act cta cta gac tcc cca att aaa gtg cca ctt tta ctc Ala Asp Leu Thr Leu Leu Asp Ser Pro Ile Lys Val Pro Leu Leu Leu 2015 2020 2025 2030	6218
agt gag ccc atc aat atc att gat gct tta gag atg aga gat gcc gtt Ser Glu Pro Ile Asn Ile Ile Asp Ala Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Ala Val 2035 2040 2045	6266
gag aag ccc caa gaa ttt aca att gtt gct ttt gta aag tat gat aaa Glu Lys Pro Gln Glu Phe Thr Ile Val Ala Phe Val Lys Tyr Asp Lys 2050 2055 2060	6314
aac caa gat gtt cac tcc att aac ctc cca ttt ttt gag acc ttg caa Asn Gln Asp Val His Ser Ile Asn Leu Pro Phe Phe Glu Thr Leu Gln 2065 2070 2075	6362
gaa tat ttt gag agg aat cga caa acc att ata gtt gta gtg gaa aac Glu Tyr Phe Glu Arg Asn Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Val Val Val Glu Asn 2080 2085 2090	6410
gta cag aga aac ctg aag cac atc aat att gat caa ttt gta aga aaa Val Gln Arg Asn Leu Lys His Ile Asn Ile Asp Gln Phe Val Arg Lys 2095 2100 2105 2110	6458
tac aga gca gcc ctg gga aaa ctc cca cag caa gct aat gat tat ctg Tyr Arg Ala Ala Leu Gly Lys Leu Pro Gln Gln Ala Asn Asp Tyr Leu 2115 2120 2125	6506
aat tca ttc aat tgg gag aga caa gtt tca cat gcc aag gag aaa ctg Asn Ser Phe Asn Trp Glu Arg Gln Val Ser His Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu 2130 2135 2140	6554
act gct ctc aca aaa aag tat aga att aca gaa aat gat ata caa att Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Glu Asn Asp Ile Gln Ile 2145 2150 2155	6602
gca tta gat gat gcc aaa atc aac ttt aat gaa aaa cta tct caa ctg Ala Leu Asp Asp Ala Lys Ile Asn Phe Asn Glu Lys Leu Ser Gln Leu 2160 2165 2170	6650
cag aca tat atg ata caa ttt gat cag tat att aaa gat agt tat gat Gln Thr Tyr Met Ile Gln Phe Asp Gln Tyr Ile Lys Asp Ser Tyr Asp 2175 2180 2185 2190	6698
tta cat gat ttg aaa ata got att gct aat att att gat gaa atc att Leu His Asp Leu Lys Ile Ala Ile Ala Asn Ile Ile Asp Glu Ile Ile 2195 2200 2205	6746
gaa aaa tte aaa agt ctt gat gag cac tat cat atc cgt gta aat tte Glu Lys Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Glu His Tyr His Ile Arg Val Asn Leu 2210 2215 2220	6794
gta aaa aca atc cat gat cta cat ttg ttt att gaa aat att gat ttt Val Lys Thr Ile His Asp Leu His Leu Phe Ile Glu Asn Ile Asp Phe 2225 2230 2235	6842
aac aaa agt gga agt agt act gca tcc tgg att caa aat gtg gat act Asn Lys Ser Gly Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Trp Ile Gln Asn Val Asp Thr 2240 2245 2250	6890
aag tac caa atc aga atc cag ata caa gaa aaa ctg cag cag ott aag Lys Tyr Gln Ile Arg Ile Gln Ile Gln Glu Lys Leu Gln Gln Leu Lys 2255 2260 2265 2270	6938

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aga cac ata cag aat ata gac atc cag cac cta gct gga aag tta aaa Arg His Ile Gln Asn Ile Asp Ile Gln His Leu Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys 2275 2280 2285	6986
caa cac att gag gct att gat gtt aga gtg ctt tta gat caa ttg gga Gln His Ile Ser Phe Glu Ala Ile Asp Val Arg Val Leu Leu Asp Gln Leu Gly 2290 2295 2300	7034
act aca att tca ttt gaa aga ata aat gat gtt ctt gag cat gtc aaa Thr Thr Ile Ser Phe Glu Arg Ile Asn Asp Val Leu Glu His Val Lys 2305 2310 2315	7082
cac ttt gtt ata aat ctt att ggg gat ttt gaa gta gct gag aaa atc His Phe Val Ile Asn Leu Ile Gly Asp Phe Glu Val Ala Glu Lys Ile 2320 2325 2330	7130
aat gcc ttc aga gcc aaa gtc cat gag tta atc gag agg tat gaa gta Asn Ala Phe Arg Ala Lys Val His Glu Leu Ile Glu Arg Tyr Glu Val 2335 2340 2345 2350	7178
gac caa caa atc cag gtt tta atg gat aaa tta gta gag ttg acc cac Asp Gln Gln Ile Gln Val Leu Met Asp Lys Leu Val Glu Leu Thr His 2355 2360 2365	7226
caa tac aag ttg aag gag act att cag aag cta agc aat gtc cta caa Gln Tyr Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Ile Gln Lys Leu Ser Asn Val Leu Gln 2370 2375 2380	7274
caa gtt aag ata aaa gat tac ttt gag aaa ttg gtt gga ttt att gat Gln Val Lys Ile Lys Asp Tyr Phe Glu Lys Leu Val Gly Phe Ile Asp 2385 2390 2395	7322
gat gct gtg aag aag ctt aat gaa tta tct ttt aaa aca ttc att gaa Asp Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Leu Ser Phe Lys Thr Phe Ile Glu 2400 2405 2410	7370
gat gtt aac aaa ttc ctt gac atg ttg ata aag aaa tta aag tca ttt Asp Val Asn Lys Phe Leu Asp Met Leu Ile Lys Lys Leu Lys Ser Phe 2415 2420 2425 2430	7418
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act cag aga ctc aat ggt gaa att cag gct ctg gaa cta cca caa aaa Thr Gln Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ile Gln Ala Leu Glu Leu Pro Gln Lys 2450 2455 2460	7514
gct gaa gca tta aaa ctg ttt tta gag gaa acc aag gcc aca gtt gca Ala Glu Ala Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Glu Thr Lys Ala Thr Val Ala 2465 2470 2475	7562
gtg tat ctg gaa agc cta cag gac acc aaa ata acc tta atc atc aat Val Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Leu Ile Ile Asn 2480 2485 2490	7610
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ctt cag aaa gct acc ttc cag aca cct gat ttt ata gtc ccc cta aca Leu Gln Lys Ala Thr Phe Gln Thr Pro Asp Phe Ile Val Pro Leu Thr 2610 2615 2620	7994
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ata aaa atc cca tcc agg ttt tcc aca cca gaa ttt acc atc ctt aac Ile Lys Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Thr Pro Glu Phe Thr Ile Leu Asn 2640 2645 2650	8090
acc ttc cac att cct tcc ttt aca att gac ttt gtc gaa atg aaa gta Thr Phe His Ile Pro Ser Phe Thr Ile Asp Phe Val Glu Met Lys Val 2655 2660 2665 2670	8138
aag atc atc aga acc att gac cag atg cag aac agt gag ctg cag tgg Lys Ile Ile Arg Thr Ile Asp Gln Met Gln Asn Ser Glu Leu Gln Trp 2675 2680 2685	8186
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cca gaa ttc ata atc cca act ctc aac ctt aat gat ttt caa gtt cct Pro Glu Phe Ile Ile Pro Thr Leu Asn Leu Asn Asp Phe Gln Val Pro 2720 2725 2730	8330
gac ctt cac ata cca gaa ttc cag ctt ccc cac atc tca cac aca att Asp Leu His Ile Pro Glu Phe Gln Leu Pro His Ile Ser His Thr Ile 2735 2740 2745 2750	8378
gaa gta cct act ttt ggc aag cta tac agt att ctg aaa atc caa tct Glu Val Pro Thr Phe Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Lys Ile Gln Ser 2755 2760 2765	8426
cct ctt ttc aca tta gat gca aat gct gac ata ggg aat gga acc acc Pro Leu Phe Thr Leu Asp Ala Asn Ala Asp Ile Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr 2770 2775 2780	8474
tca gca aac gaa gca ggt atc gca gct tcc atc act gcc aaa gga gag Ser Ala Asn Glu Ala Gly Ile Ala Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Glu 2785 2790 2795	8522
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atc ccc aaa ctg gac ttc tct agt cag gct gac ctg cgc aac gag atc Ile Pro Lys Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Gln Ala Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile 2895 2900 2905 2910	8858
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ctg tcc aat aag atc aat agc aaa cac cta aga gta aac caa aac ttg Leu Ser Asn Lys Ile Asn Ser Lys His Leu Arg Val Asn Gln Asn Leu 2960 2965 2970	9050
gtt tat gaa tct ggc tcc ctc aac ttt tct aaa ctt gaa att caa tca Val Tyr Glu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Gln Ser 2975 2980 2985 2990	9098
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atg gca ctg ttt gga gaa ggg aag gca gag ttt act ggg agg cat gat Met Ala Leu Phe Gly Glu Gly Lys Ala Glu Phe Thr Gly Arg His Asp 3010 3015 3020	9194
gct cat tta aat gga aag gtt att gga act ttg aaa aat tct ctt ttc Ala His Leu Asn Gly Lys Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Lys Asn Ser Leu Phe 3025 3030 3035	9242
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aat ttg aaa gtt cgt ttt cca tta agg tta aca ggg aag ata gac ttc Asn Leu Lys Val Arg Phe Pro Leu Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Ile Asp Phe 3055 3060 3065 3070	9338
ctg aat aac tat gca ctg ttt ctg agt ccc agt gcc cag caa gca agt Leu Asn Asn Tyr Ala Leu Phe Leu Ser Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Ala Ser 3075 3080 3085	9386
tgg caa gta agt gct agg ttc aat cag tat aag tac aac caa aat ttc Trp Gln Val Ser Ala Arg Phe Asn Gln Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Gln Asn Phe 3090 3095 3100	9434
tct gct gga aac aac gag aac att atg gag gcc cat gta gga ata aat Ser Ala Gly Asn Asn Glu Asn Ile Met Glu Ala His Val Gly Ile Asn 3105 3110 3115	9482
gga gaa gca aat cgt gat ttc tta aac att cct tta aca att cct gaa Gly Glu Ala Asn Leu Asp Phe Leu Asn Ile Pro Leu Thr Ile Pro Glu 3120 3125 3130	9530
atg cgt cta cct tac aca ata atc aca act cct cca ctg aaa gat ttc Met Arg Leu Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ile Thr Thr Pro Pro Leu Lys Asp Phe 3135 3140 3145 3150	9578
tct cta tgg gaa aaa aca ggc ttg aag gaa ttc ttg aaa acg aca aag Ser Leu Trp Glu Lys Thr Gly Leu Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Thr Thr Lys 3155 3160 3165	9626
caa tca ttt gat tta agt gta aaa gct cag tat aag aaa aac aaa caa Gln Ser Phe Asp Leu Ser Val Lys Ala Gln Tyr Lys Lys Asn Lys His 3170 3175 3180	9674

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cag agc atc aaa tcc ttt gac agg cat ttt gaa aaa aac aga aac aat Gln Ser Ile Lys Ser Phe Asp Arg His Phe Glu Lys Asn Arg Asn Asn 3200 3205 3210	9770
gaa tta gat ttt gtc acc aaa tcc tat aat gaa aca aaa att aag ttt Ala Leu Asp Phe Val Thr Lys Ser Tyr Asn Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Phe 3215 3220 3225 3230	9818
gat aag tac aaa gct gaa aaa tct cac gac gag ctc ccc agg acc ttt Asp Lys Tyr Lys Ala Glu Lys Ser His Asp Glu Leu Pro Arg Thr Phe 3235 3240 3245	9866
caa att cct gga tac act gtt cca gtt gtc aat gtt gaa gtg tct cca Gln Ile Pro Gly Tyr Thr Val Pro Val Asn Val Glu Val Ser Pro 3250 3255 3260	9914
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tac aca tta atc ctg cca tca tta gag ctg cca gtc ctt cat gtc cct Tyr Thr Leu Ile Leu Pro Ser Leu Glu Leu Pro Val Leu His Val Pro 3295 3300 3305 3310	10058
aga aat ctc aag ctt tct ctt cca cat ttc aag gaa ttg tgt acc ata Arg Asn Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Pro His Phe Lys Glu Leu Cys Thr Ile 3315 3320 3325	10106
agc cat att ttt att cct gcc atg ggc aat att acc tat gat ttc tcc Ser His Ile Phe Ile Pro Ala Met Gly Asn Ile Thr Tyr Asp Phe Ser 3330 3335 3340	10154
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cag tca gat att gtt gct cat ctc ctt tot tca tct tca tct gtc att Gln Ser Asp Ile Val Ala His Leu Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Val Ile 3360 3365 3370	10250
gat gca ctg cag tac aaa tta gag ggc acc aca aga ttg aca aga aaa Asp Ala Leu Gln Tyr Lys Leu Glu Gly Thr Thr Arg Leu Thr Arg Lys 3375 3380 3385 3390	10298
agg gga ttg aag tta gcc aca gct ctg tot ctg agc aac aaa ttt gtg Arg Gly Leu Lys Leu Ala Thr Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Lys Phe Val 3395 3400 3405	10346
gag ggt agt cat aac agt act gtg agc tta acc acg aaa aat atg gaa Glu Gly Ser His Asn Ser Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Thr Lys Asn Met Glu 3410 3415 3420	10394
gtg tca gtg gca aaa acc aca aca gcc gaa att cca att ttg aga atg Val Ser Val Ala Lys Thr Thr Lys Ala Glu Ile Pro Ile Leu Arg Met 3425 3430 3435	10442
aat ttc aag caa gaa ctt aat gga aat acc aag tca aaa cct act gtc Asn Phe Lys Gln Glu Leu Asn Gly Asn Thr Lys Ser Lys Pro Thr Val 3440 3445 3450	10490
tot tcc tcc atg gaa ttt aag tat gat ttc aat tct tca atg ctg tac Ser Ser Ser Met Glu Phe Lys Tyr Asp Phe Asn Ser Ser Met Leu Tyr 3455 3460 3465 3470	10538
tot acc gct aaa gga gca gtt gac cac aag ctt agc ttg gaa agc ctc Ser Thr Ala Lys Gly Ala Val Asp His Lys Leu Ser Leu Glu Ser Leu 3475 3480 3485	10586

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act tac ttg aat aac aag agc aca ogg tot toa gtg aag ctg cag ggc Thr Tyr Leu Asn Ser Lys Ser Thr Arg Ser Ser Val Lys Leu Gln Gly 3520 3525 3530	10730
act tcc aaa att gat gat atc tgg aac ctt gaa gta aaa gaa aat ttt Thr Ser Lys Ile Asp Asp Ile Trp Asn Leu Glu Val Lys Glu Asn Phe 3535 3540 3545 3550	10778
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acg aaa aac cac tta cag cta gag ggc ctc ttt ttc acc aac gga gaa Thr Lys Asn His Leu Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu Phe Phe Thr Asn Gly Glu 3570 3575 3580	10874
cat aca agc aaa gcc acc ctg gaa ctc tot cca tgg caa atg tca gct His Thr Ser Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Pro Trp Gln Met Ser Ala 3585 3590 3595	10922
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toc cag ttc acg ctt cca aaa agt gtt tca gat ggc att gct gct ttg Ser Gln Phe Thr Leu Pro Lys Ser Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Ala Leu 3825 3830 3835	11642
gat cta aat gca gta gcc aac aag atc gca gac ttt gag ttg ccc acc Asp Leu Asn Ala Val Ala Asn Lys Ile Ala Asp Phe Glu Leu Pro Thr 3840 3845 3850	11690
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gta cct gct gga att gtc att cct tcc ttt caa gca ctg act gca cgc Val Pro Ala Gly Ile Val Ile Pro Ser Phe Gln Ala Leu Thr Ala Arg 3875 3880 3885	11786
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4400 4405 4410

tta gtt gct ctt aag gac ttc cat tct gaa tat att gtc agt gcc tct 13418
Leu Val Ala Leu Lys Asp Phe His Ser Glu Tyr Ile Val Ser Ala Ser
4415 4420 4425 4430

aac ttt act tcc caa ctc tca agt caa gtt gag caa ttt ctg cac aga 13466
Asn Phe Thr Ser Gln Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Gln Phe Leu His Arg
4435 4440 4445

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Asn Ile Gln Glu Tyr Leu Ser Ile Leu Thr Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys Gly
4450 4455 4460

aaa gag aag att gca gag ctt tct gcc act gct cag gaa ata att aaa 13562
Lys Glu Lys Ile Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala Thr Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile Lys
4465 4470 4475

agc cag gcc att gcg acg aag aaa ata att tct gat tac cac cag cag 13610
Ser Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Lys Lys Ile Ile Ser Asp Tyr His Gln Gln
4480 4485 4490

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Phe Arg Tyr Lys Leu Gln Asp Phe Ser Asp Gln Leu Ser Asp Tyr Tyr
4495 4500 4505 4510

gaa aaa ttt att gct gaa tcc aaa aga ttg att gac ctg tcc att caa 13706
Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Ile Gln
4515 4520 4525

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Asn Tyr His Thr Phe Leu Ile Tyr Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu
4530 4535 4540

caa tca acc aca gtc atg aac ccc tac atg aag ctt gct cca gga gaa 13802
Gln Ser Thr Thr Val Met Asn Pro Tyr Met Lys Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu
4545 4550 4555

ctt act atc atc ctc taa ttttttataa gaaatcttca tttattcttca 13850
Leu Thr Ile Ile Leu *
4560

ttttccaatt gaactttcac atagcacaga aaaaattcaa actgactata ttgataaaac 13910

catcacagtga gccagccttg cagtaggcag tagactataa gcagaagcac atatgaactg 13970

gacotgcacc aaagctggca ccagggtctg gaaggtctct gaactcagaa ggatggcatt 14030

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
 <211> LENGTH: 4563
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

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Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Glu Glu Glu Met Leu
20        25        30

Glu Asn Val Ser Leu Val Cys Pro Lys Asp Ala Thr Arg Phe Lys His
35        40        45

Leu Arg Lys Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Val
50        55        60

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Pro Gly Thr Ala Asp Ser Arg Ser Ala Thr Arg Ile Asn Cys Lys Val	65	70	75	80
Glu Leu Glu Val Pro Gln Leu Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Lys Thr Ser Gln	85	90	95	
Cys Thr Leu Lys Glu Val Tyr Gly Phe Asn Pro Glu Gly Lys Ala Leu	100	105	110	
Leu Lys Lys Thr Lys Asn Ser Glu Phe Ala Ala Met Ser Arg	115	120	125	
Tyr Glu Leu Lys Leu Ala Ile Pro Glu Gly Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Tyr	130	135	140	
Pro Glu Lys Asp Glu Pro Thr Tyr Ile Leu Asn Ile Lys Arg Gly Ile	145	150	155	160
Ile Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Gln Val	165	170	175	
Leu Phe Leu Asp Thr Val Tyr Gly Asn Cys Ser Thr His Phe Thr Val	180	185	190	
Lys Thr Arg Lys Gly Asn Val Ala Thr Glu Ile Ser Thr Glu Arg Asp	195	200	205	
Leu Gly Gln Cys Asp Arg Phe Lys Pro Ile Arg Thr Gly Ile Ser Pro	210	215	220	
Leu Ala Leu Ile Lys Gly Met Thr Arg Pro Leu Ser Thr Leu Ile Ser	225	230	235	240
Ser Ser Gln Ser Cys Gln Tyr Thr Leu Asp Ala Lys Arg Lys His Val	245	250	255	
Ala Glu Ala Ile Cys Lys Glu Gln His Leu Phe Leu Pro Phe Ser Tyr	260	265	270	
Asn Asn Lys Tyr Gly Met Val Ala Gln Val Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Leu	275	280	285	
Glu Asp Thr Pro Lys Ile Asn Ser Arg Phe Phe Gly Glu Gly Thr Lys	290	295	300	
Lys Met Gly Leu Ala Phe Glu Ser Thr Lys Ser Thr Ser Pro Pro Lys	305	310	315	320
Gln Ala Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Thr Leu Gln Glu Leu Lys Lys Leu Thr	325	330	335	
Ile Ser Glu Gln Asn Ile Gln Arg Ala Asn Leu Phe Asn Lys Leu Val	340	345	350	
Thr Glu Leu Arg Gly Leu Ser Asp Glu Ala Val Thr Ser Leu Leu Pro	355	360	365	
Gln Leu Ile Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Ile Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu Val Gln	370	375	380	
Cys Gly Gln Pro Gln Cys Ser Thr His Ile Leu Gln Trp Leu Lys Arg	385	390	395	400
Val His Ala Asn Pro Leu Leu Ile Asp Val Val Thr Tyr Leu Val Ala	405	410	415	
Leu Ile Pro Glu Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Leu Arg Glu Ile Phe Asn Met	420	425	430	
Ala Arg Asp Gln Arg Ser Arg Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ser His Ala	435	440	445	
Val Asn Asn Tyr His Lys Thr Asn Pro Thr Gly Thr Gln Glu Leu Leu	450	455	460	

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Asp	Ile	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Met	Glu	Gln	Ile	Gln	Asp	Asp	Cys	Thr	Gly	465	470	475	480
Asp	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Arg	Val	Ile	Gly	Asn	Met	Gly	485	490	495	
Gln	Thr	Met	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ile	Leu	Lys	500	505	510	
Cys	Val	Gln	Ser	Thr	Lys	Pro	Ser	Leu	Met	Ile	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ile	515	520	525	
Gln	Ala	Leu	Arg	Lys	Met	Glu	Pro	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asp	Gln	Glu	Val	Leu	530	535	540	
Leu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Gly	Asp	Lys	Arg	Leu	Ala	545	550	555	560
Ala	Tyr	Leu	Met	Leu	Met	Arg	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asn	Lys	565	570	575	
Ile	Val	Gln	Ile	Leu	Pro	Trp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Lys	Asn	Phe	580	585	590	
Val	Ala	Ser	His	Ile	Ala	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ile	595	600	605	
Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Leu	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Gln	Leu	610	615	620	
Pro	Thr	Val	Met	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Tyr	625	630	635	640
Lys	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ala	Lys	Ile	Glu	645	650	655	
Gly	Asn	Leu	Ile	Phe	Asp	Pro	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Lys	Glu	Ser	Met	660	665	670	
Leu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Leu	Ile	675	680	685	
Glu	Ile	Gly	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Phe	Glu	Pro	Thr	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	690	695	700	
Phe	Gly	Lys	Gln	Gly	Phe	Phe	Pro	Asp	Ser	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Tyr	705	710	715	720
Trp	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Val	Pro	Asp	Gly	Val	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	725	730	735	
His	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	His	Glu	Gln	Asp	Met	Val	Asn	740	745	750	
Gly	Ile	Met	Leu	Ser	Val	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	755	760	765	
Glu	Val	Pro	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Ile	Leu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Leu	770	775	780	
Gly	Phe	Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Asp	Leu	Gln	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	785	790	795	800
Met	Gly	Ala	Arg	Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gln	Met	Ile	Gly	Glu	Val	805	810	815	
Ile	Arg	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asp	Phe	Phe	Leu	His	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Met	820	825	830	
Glu	Asn	Ala	Phe	Glu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Gln	Leu	Gln	Ile	835	840	845	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	Ile	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	850	855	860	

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Glu Val Ala Asn Met	Gln Ala Glu Leu Val	Ala Lys Pro Ser Val Ser
865	870	880
Val Glu Phe Val Thr	Asn Met Gly Ile Ile Ile	Pro Asp Phe Ala Arg
	885	890 895
Ser Gly Val Gln Met	Asn Thr Asn Phe Phe His	Glu Ser Gly Leu Glu
	900	905 910
Ala His Val Ala Leu Lys	Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys Phe	Ile Ile Pro Ser
	915	920 925
Pro Lys Arg Pro Val Lys	Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr	Leu His Leu
	930	935 940
Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Thr	Glu Val Ile Pro Pro Leu Ile	Glu Asn Arg
	945	950 955 960
Gln Ser Trp Ser Val Cys	Lys Gln Val Phe Pro Gly Leu	Asn Tyr Cys
	965	970 975
Thr Ser Gly Ala Tyr Ser	Asn Ala Ser Ser Thr Asp Ser	Ala Ser Tyr
	980	985 990
Tyr Pro Leu Thr Thr Gly	Asp Thr Arg Leu Glu Leu Glu	Leu Arg Pro Thr
	995	1000 1005
Gly Glu Ile Glu Gln Tyr	Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Tyr	Glu Leu Gln Arg
	1010	1015 1020
Glu Asp Arg Ala Leu Val	Asp Thr Leu Lys Phe Val Thr	Gln Ala Glu
	1025	1030 1035 1040
Gly Ala Lys Gln Thr Glu	Ala Thr Met Thr Phe Lys Tyr	Asn Arg Gln
	1045	1050 1055
Ser Met Thr Leu Ser Ser	Glu Val Gln Ile Pro Asp Phe	Asp Val Asp
	1060	1065 1070
Leu Gly Thr Ile Leu Arg	Val Asn Asp Glu Ser Thr	Glu Gly Lys Thr
	1075	1080 1085
Ser Tyr Arg Leu Thr Leu	Asp Ile Gln Asn Lys Lys	Ile Thr Glu Val
	1090	1095 1100
Ala Leu Met Gly His Leu	Ser Cys Asp Thr Lys Glu Glu	Arg Lys Ile
	1105	1110 1115 1120
Lys Gly Val Ile Ser Ile	Pro Arg Leu Gln Ala Glu	Ala Arg Ser Glu
	1125	1130 1135
Ile Leu Ala His Trp Ser	Pro Ala Lys Leu Leu Leu	Gln Met Asp Ser
	1140	1145 1150
Ser Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly	Ser Thr Val Ser Lys Arg	Val Ala Trp His
	1155	1160 1165
Tyr Asp Glu Glu Lys Ile	Glu Phe Glu Trp Asn Thr	Gly Thr Asn Val
	1170	1175 1180
Asp Thr Lys Lys Met Thr	Ser Asn Phe Pro Val Asp	Leu Ser Asp Tyr
	1185	1190 1195 1200
Pro Lys Ser Leu His Met	Tyr Ala Asn Arg Leu Leu	Asp His Arg Val
	1205	1210 1215
Pro Glu Thr Asp Met Thr	Phe Arg His Val Gly Ser	Lys Leu Ile Val
	1220	1225 1230
Ala Met Ser Ser Trp Leu	Gln Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser	Leu Pro Tyr Thr
	1235	1240 1245
Gln Thr Leu Gln Asp His	Leu Asn Ser Leu Lys Glu	Phe Asn Leu Gln
	1250	1255 1260

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Asn Met Gly Leu Pro Asp Phe His Ile Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe Leu Lys	1265	1270	1275	1280
Ser Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Leu Lys Ile	1285	1290	1295	
Glu Ile Pro Leu Pro Phe Gly Gly Lys Ser Ser Arg Asp Leu Lys Met	1300	1305	1310	
Leu Glu Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu His Phe Lys Ser Val Gly Phe	1315	1320	1325	
His Leu Pro Ser Arg Glu Phe Gln Val Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile Pro Lys	1330	1335	1340	
Leu Tyr Gln Leu Gln Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Val Leu Asp Leu Ser Thr	1345	1350	1355	1360
Asn Val Tyr Ser Asn Leu Tyr Asn Trp Ser Ala Ser Tyr Ser Gly Gly	1365	1370	1375	
Asn Thr Ser Thr Asp His Phe Ser Leu Arg Ala Arg Tyr His Met Lys	1380	1385	1390	
Ala Asp Ser Val Val Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asn Val Gln Gly Ser Gly	1395	1400	1405	
Glu Thr Thr Tyr Asp His Lys Asn Thr Phe Thr Leu Ser Cys Asp Gly	1410	1415	1420	
Ser Leu Arg His Lys Phe Leu Asp Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Ser His Val	1425	1430	1435	1440
Glu Lys Leu Gly Asn Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ile Phe Asp	1445	1450	1455	
Ala Ser Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Gln Met Ser Ala Ser Val His Leu Asp	1460	1465	1470	
Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln His Leu Phe Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ile Asp Gly	1475	1480	1485	
Gln Phe Arg Val Ser Ser Phe Tyr Ala Lys Gly Thr Tyr Gly Leu Ser	1490	1495	1500	
Cys Gln Arg Asp Pro Asn Thr Gly Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser Asn Leu	1505	1510	1515	1520
Arg Phe Asn Ser Ser Tyr Leu Gln Gly Thr Asn Gln Ile Thr Gly Arg	1525	1530	1535	
Tyr Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asp Leu Gln Ser	1540	1545	1550	
Gly Ile Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Ser Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asn Tyr Glu Leu	1555	1560	1565	
Thr Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Asn Gly Lys Tyr Lys Asn Phe Ala Thr Ser	1570	1575	1580	
Asn Lys Met Asp Met Thr Phe Ser Lys Gln Asn Ala Leu Leu Arg Ser	1585	1590	1595	1600
Glu Tyr Gln Ala Asp Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Ser Leu Leu Ser	1605	1610	1615	
Gly Ser Leu Asn Ser His Gly Leu Glu Leu Asn Ala Asp Ile Leu Gly	1620	1625	1630	
Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Ser Gly Ala His Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg Ile Gly	1635	1640	1645	
Gln Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser Ala Thr Thr Asn Leu Lys Cys Ser Leu	1650	1655	1660	

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Leu Val Leu Glu Asn Glu Leu Asn Ala Glu Leu Gly Leu Ser Gly Ala
 1665 1670 1675 1680
 Ser Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Glu His Asn Ala Lys
 1685 1690 1695
 Phe Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Leu Gly Ser
 1700 1705 1710
 Ala Tyr Gln Ala Met Ile Leu Gly Val Asp Ser Lys Asn Ile Phe Asn
 1715 1720 1725
 Phe Lys Val Ser Gln Glu Gly Leu Lys Leu Ser Asn Asp Met Met Gly
 1730 1735 1740
 Ser Tyr Ala Glu Met Lys Phe Asp His Thr Asn Ser Leu Asn Ile Ala
 1745 1750 1755 1760
 Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Lys Leu Asp Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ser
 1765 1770 1775
 Asp Lys Phe Tyr Lys Gln Thr Val Asn Leu Gln Leu Gln Pro Tyr Ser
 1780 1785 1790
 Leu Val Thr Thr Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ala Leu Asp Leu
 1795 1800 1805
 Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Leu Arg Leu Glu Pro Leu Lys Leu His Val Ala
 1810 1815 1820
 Gly Asn Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gln Asn Asn Glu Ile Lys His Ile Tyr
 1825 1830 1835 1840
 Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ala Asp Thr Val
 1845 1850 1855
 Ala Lys Val Gln Gly Val Glu Phe Ser His Arg Leu Asn Thr Asp Ile
 1860 1865 1870
 Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Ile Asp Met Ser Thr Asn Tyr Asn Ser Asp
 1875 1880 1885
 Ser Leu His Phe Ser Asn Val Phe Arg Ser Val Met Ala Pro Phe Thr
 1890 1895 1900
 Met Thr Ile Asp Ala His Thr Asn Gly Asn Gly Lys Leu Ala Leu Trp
 1905 1910 1915 1920
 Gly Glu His Thr Gly Gln Leu Tyr Ser Lys Phe Leu Leu Lys Ala Glu
 1925 1930 1935
 Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Phe Ser His Asp Tyr Lys Gly Ser Thr Ser His
 1940 1945 1950
 His Leu Val Ser Arg Lys Ser Ile Ser Ala Ala Leu Glu His Lys Val
 1955 1960 1965
 Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Gln Thr Gly Thr Trp Lys Leu Lys
 1970 1975 1980
 Thr Gln Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ser Gln Asp Leu Asp Ala Tyr Asn
 1985 1990 1995 2000
 Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Thr Leu Ala Asp
 2005 2010 2015
 Leu Thr Leu Leu Asp Ser Pro Ile Lys Val Pro Leu Leu Ser Glu
 2020 2025 2030
 Pro Ile Asn Ile Ile Asp Ala Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Ala Val Glu Lys
 2035 2040 2045
 Pro Gln Glu Phe Thr Ile Val Ala Phe Val Lys Tyr Asp Lys Asn Gln
 2050 2055 2060

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Asp Val His Ser Ile Asn Leu Pro Phe Phe Glu Thr Leu Gln Glu Tyr	
2065	2070 2075 2080
Phe Glu Arg Asn Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Val Val Val Glu Asn Val Gln	
	2085 2090 2095
Arg Asn Leu Lys His Ile Asn Ile Asp Gln Phe Val Arg Lys Tyr Arg	
	2100 2105 2110
Ala Ala Leu Gly Lys Leu Pro Gln Gln Ala Asn Asp Tyr Leu Asn Ser	
	2115 2120 2125
Phe Asn Trp Glu Arg Gln Val Ser His Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu Thr Ala	
	2130 2135 2140
Leu Thr Lys Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Glu Asn Asp Ile Gln Ile Ala Leu	
	2145 2150 2155 2160
Asp Asp Ala Lys Ile Asn Phe Asn Glu Lys Leu Ser Gln Leu Gln Thr	
	2165 2170 2175
Tyr Met Ile Gln Phe Asp Gln Tyr Ile Lys Asp Ser Tyr Asp Leu His	
	2180 2185 2190
Asp Leu Lys Ile Ala Ile Ala Asn Ile Ile Asp Glu Ile Ile Glu Lys	
	2195 2200 2205
Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Glu His Tyr His Ile Arg Val Asn Leu Val Lys	
	2210 2215 2220
Thr Ile His Asp Leu His Leu Phe Ile Glu Asn Ile Asp Phe Asn Lys	
	2225 2230 2235 2240
Ser Gly Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Trp Ile Gln Asn Val Asp Thr Lys Tyr	
	2245 2250 2255
Gln Ile Arg Ile Gln Ile Gln Glu Lys Leu Gln Gln Leu Lys Arg His	
	2260 2265 2270
Ile Gln Asn Ile Asp Ile Gln His Leu Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys Gln His	
	2275 2280 2285
Ile Glu Ala Ile Asp Val Arg Val Leu Leu Asp Gln Leu Gly Thr Thr	
	2290 2295 2300
Ile Ser Phe Glu Arg Ile Asn Asp Val Leu Glu His Val Lys His Phe	
	2305 2310 2315 2320
Val Ile Asn Leu Ile Gly Asp Phe Glu Val Ala Glu Lys Ile Asn Ala	
	2325 2330 2335
Phe Arg Ala Lys Val His Glu Leu Ile Glu Arg Tyr Glu Val Asp Gln	
	2340 2345 2350
Gln Ile Gln Val Leu Met Asp Lys Leu Val Glu Leu Thr His Gln Tyr	
	2355 2360 2365
Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Ile Gln Lys Leu Ser Asn Val Leu Gln Gln Val	
	2370 2375 2380
Lys Ile Lys Asp Tyr Phe Glu Lys Leu Val Gly Phe Ile Asp Asp Ala	
	2385 2390 2395 2400
Val Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Leu Ser Phe Lys Thr Phe Ile Glu Asp Val	
	2405 2410 2415
Asn Lys Phe Leu Asp Met Leu Ile Lys Lys Leu Lys Ser Phe Asp Tyr	
	2420 2425 2430
His Gln Phe Val Asp Glu Thr Asn Asp Lys Ile Arg Glu Val Thr Gln	
	2435 2440 2445
Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ile Gln Ala Leu Glu Leu Pro Gln Lys Ala Glu	
	2450 2455 2460

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Ala Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Glu Thr Lys	Ala Thr Val Ala Val Tyr
2465	2475 2480
Leu Glu Ser Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Leu Ile Ile Asn Trp Leu	
2485	2490 2495
Gln Glu Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ala His Met Lys Ala Lys Phe	
2500	2505 2510
Arg Glu Thr Leu Glu Asp Thr Arg Asp Arg Met Tyr Gln Met Asp Ile	
2515	2520 2525
Gln Gln Glu Leu Gln Arg Tyr Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Gln Val Tyr Ser	
2530	2535 2540
Thr Leu Val Thr Tyr Ile Ser Asp Trp Trp Thr Leu Ala Ala Lys Asn	
2545	2550 2555 2560
Leu Thr Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Tyr Ser Ile Gln Asp Trp Ala Lys Arg	
2565	2570 2575
Met Lys Ala Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Phe Thr Val Pro Glu Ile Lys Thr	
2580	2585 2590
Ile Leu Gly Thr Met Pro Ala Phe Glu Val Ser Leu Gln Ala Leu Gln	
2595	2600 2605
Lys Ala Thr Phe Gln Thr Pro Asp Phe Ile Val Pro Leu Thr Asp Leu	
2610	2615 2620
Arg Ile Pro Ser Val Gln Ile Asn Phe Lys Asp Leu Lys Asn Ile Lys	
2625	2630 2635 2640
Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Thr Pro Glu Phe Thr Ile Leu Asn Thr Phe	
2645	2650 2655
His Ile Pro Ser Phe Thr Ile Asp Phe Val Glu Met Lys Val Lys Ile	
2660	2665 2670
Ile Arg Thr Ile Asp Gln Met Gln Asn Ser Glu Leu Gln Trp Pro Val	
2675	2680 2685
Pro Asp Ile Tyr Leu Arg Asp Leu Lys Val Glu Asp Ile Pro Leu Ala	
2690	2695 2700
Arg Ile Thr Leu Pro Asp Phe Arg Leu Pro Glu Ile Ala Ile Pro Glu	
2705	2710 2715 2720
Phe Ile Ile Pro Thr Leu Asn Leu Asn Asp Phe Gln Val Pro Asp Leu	
2725	2730 2735
His Ile Pro Glu Phe Gln Leu Pro His Ile Ser His Thr Ile Glu Val	
2740	2745 2750
Pro Thr Phe Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Lys Ile Gln Ser Pro Leu	
2755	2760 2765
Phe Thr Leu Asp Ala Asn Ala Asp Ile Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Ser Ala	
2770	2775 2780
Asn Glu Ala Gly Ile Ala Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Glu Ser Lys	
2785	2790 2795 2800
Leu Glu Val Leu Asn Phe Asp Phe Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Leu Ser Asn	
2805	2810 2815
Pro Lys Ile Asn Pro Leu Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser Val Lys Phe Ser Ser	
2820	2825 2830
Lys Tyr Leu Arg Thr Glu His Gly Ser Glu Met Leu Phe Phe Gly Asn	
2835	2840 2845
Ala Ile Glu Gly Lys Ser Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Leu His Thr Glu Lys	
2850	2855 2860

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Asn Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ile Val Lys Ile Asn Asn Gln 2865 2870 2875 2880	
Leu Thr Leu Asp Ser Asn Thr Lys Tyr Phe His Lys Leu Asn Ile Pro 2885 2890 2895	
Lys Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Gln Ala Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile Lys Thr 2900 2905 2910	
Leu Leu Lys Ala Gly His Ile Ala Trp Thr Ser Ser Gly Lys Gly Ser 2915 2920 2925	
Trp Lys Trp Ala Cys Pro Arg Phe Ser Asp Glu Gly Thr His Glu Ser 2930 2935 2940	
Gln Ile Ser Phe Thr Ile Glu Gly Pro Leu Thr Ser Phe Gly Leu Ser 2945 2950 2955 2960	
Asn Lys Ile Asn Ser Lys His Leu Arg Val Asn Gln Asn Leu Val Tyr 2965 2970 2975	
Glu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Gln Ser Gln Val 2980 2985 2990	
Asp Ser Gln His Val Gly His Ser Val Leu Thr Ala Lys Gly Met Ala 2995 3000 3005	
Leu Phe Gly Glu Gly Lys Ala Glu Phe Thr Gly Arg His Asp Ala His 3010 3015 3020	
Leu Asn Gly Lys Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Lys Asn Ser Leu Phe Phe Ser 3025 3030 3035 3040	
Ala Gln Pro Phe Glu Ile Thr Ala Ser Thr Asn Asn Glu Gly Asn Leu 3045 3050 3055	
Lys Val Arg Phe Pro Leu Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Ile Asp Phe Leu Asn 3060 3065 3070	
Asn Tyr Ala Leu Phe Leu Ser Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Ala Ser Trp Gln 3075 3080 3085	
Val Ser Ala Arg Phe Asn Gln Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Gln Asn Phe Ser Ala 3090 3095 3100	
Gly Asn Asn Glu Asn Ile Met Glu Ala His Val Gly Ile Asn Gly Glu 3105 3110 3115 3120	
Ala Asn Leu Asp Phe Leu Asn Ile Pro Leu Thr Ile Pro Glu Met Arg 3125 3130 3135	
Leu Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ile Thr Thr Pro Pro Leu Lys Asp Phe Ser Leu 3140 3145 3150	
Trp Glu Lys Thr Gly Leu Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Thr Thr Lys Gln Ser 3155 3160 3165	
Phe Asp Leu Ser Val Lys Ala Gln Tyr Lys Lys Asn Lys His Arg His 3170 3175 3180	
Ser Ile Thr Asn Pro Leu Ala Val Leu Cys Glu Phe Ile Ser Gln Ser 3185 3190 3195 3200	
Ile Lys Ser Phe Asp Arg His Phe Glu Lys Asn Arg Asn Asn Ala Leu 3205 3210 3215	
Asp Phe Val Thr Lys Ser Tyr Asn Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Phe Asp Lys 3220 3225 3230	
Tyr Lys Ala Glu Lys Ser His Asp Glu Leu Pro Arg Thr Phe Gln Ile 3235 3240 3245	
Pro Gly Tyr Thr Val Pro Val Val Asn Val Glu Val Ser Pro Phe Thr 3250 3255 3260	

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Ile Glu Met Ser Ala Phe Gly Tyr Val Phe Pro Lys Ala Val Ser Met		
3265	3270	3275 3280
Pro Ser Phe Ser Ile Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Arg Val Pro Ser Tyr Thr		
	3285	3290 3295
Leu Ile Leu Pro Ser Leu Glu Leu Pro Val Leu His Val Pro Arg Asn		
	3300	3305 3310
Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Pro His Phe Lys Glu Leu Cys Thr Ile Ser His		
	3315	3320 3325
Ile Phe Ile Pro Ala Met Gly Asn Ile Thr Tyr Asp Phe Ser Phe Lys		
	3330	3335 3340
Ser Ser Val Ile Thr Leu Asn Thr Asn Ala Glu Leu Phe Asn Gln Ser		
	3345	3350 3355 3360
Asp Ile Val Ala His Leu Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Val Ile Asp Ala		
	3365	3370 3375
Leu Gln Tyr Lys Leu Glu Gly Thr Thr Arg Leu Thr Arg Lys Arg Gly		
	3380	3385 3390
Leu Lys Leu Ala Thr Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Lys Phe Val Glu Gly		
	3395	3400 3405
Ser His Asn Ser Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Thr Lys Asn Met Glu Val Ser		
	3410	3415 3420
Val Ala Lys Thr Thr Lys Ala Glu Ile Pro Ile Leu Arg Met Asn Phe		
	3425	3430 3435 3440
Lys Gln Glu Leu Asn Gly Asn Thr Lys Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Ser Ser		
	3445	3450 3455
Ser Met Glu Phe Lys Tyr Asp Phe Asn Ser Ser Met Leu Tyr Ser Thr		
	3460	3465 3470
Ala Lys Gly Ala Val Asp His Lys Leu Ser Leu Glu Ser Leu Thr Ser		
	3475	3480 3485
Tyr Phe Ser Ile Glu Ser Ser Thr Lys Gly Asp Val Lys Gly Ser Val		
	3490	3495 3500
Leu Ser Arg Glu Tyr Ser Gly Thr Ile Ala Ser Glu Ala Asn Thr Tyr		
	3505	3510 3515 3520
Leu Asn Ser Lys Ser Thr Arg Ser Ser Val Lys Leu Gln Gly Thr Ser		
	3525	3530 3535
Lys Ile Asp Asp Ile Trp Asn Leu Glu Val Lys Glu Asn Phe Ala Gly		
	3540	3545 3550
Glu Ala Thr Leu Gln Arg Ile Tyr Ser Leu Trp Glu His Ser Thr Lys		
	3555	3560 3565
Asn His Leu Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu Phe Phe Thr Asn Gly Glu His Thr		
	3570	3575 3580
Ser Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Pro Trp Gln Met Ser Ala Leu Val		
	3585	3590 3595 3600
Gln Val His Ala Ser Gln Pro Ser Ser Phe His Asp Phe Pro Asp Leu		
	3605	3610 3615
Gly Gln Glu Val Ala Leu Asn Ala Asn Thr Lys Asn Gln Lys Ile Arg		
	3620	3625 3630
Trp Lys Asn Glu Val Arg Ile His Ser Gly Ser Phe Gln Ser Gln Val		
	3635	3640 3645
Glu Leu Ser Asn Asp Gln Glu Lys Ala His Leu Asp Ile Ala Gly Ser		
	3650	3655 3660

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Leu Glu Gly His Leu Arg Phe Leu Lys Asn Ile Ile Leu Pro Val Tyr	
3665	3670 3675 3680 3685
Asp Lys Ser Leu Trp Asp Phe Leu Lys Leu Asp Val Thr Thr Ser Ile	
	3685 3690 3695
Gly Arg Arg Gln His Leu Arg Val Ser Thr Ala Phe Val Tyr Thr Lys	
	3700 3705 3710
Asn Pro Asn Gly Tyr Ser Phe Ser Ile Pro Val Lys Val Leu Ala Asp	
	3715 3720 3725
Lys Phe Ile Thr Pro Gly Leu Lys Leu Asn Asp Leu Asn Ser Val Leu	
	3730 3735 3740
Val Met Pro Thr Phe His Val Pro Phe Thr Asp Leu Gln Val Pro Ser	
	3745 3750 3755 3760
Cys Lys Leu Asp Phe Arg Glu Ile Gln Ile Tyr Lys Lys Leu Arg Thr	
	3765 3770 3775
Ser Ser Phe Ala Leu Asn Leu Pro Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Pro	
	3780 3785 3790
Glu Val Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Tyr Ser Gln Pro Glu Asp Ser Leu Ile	
	3795 3800 3805
Pro Phe Phe Glu Ile Thr Val Pro Glu Ser Gln Leu Thr Val Ser Gln	
	3810 3815 3820
Phe Thr Leu Pro Lys Ser Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Ala Leu Asp Leu	
	3825 3830 3835 3840
Asn Ala Val Ala Asn Lys Ile Ala Asp Phe Glu Leu Pro Thr Ile Ile	
	3845 3850 3855
Val Pro Glu Gln Thr Ile Glu Ile Pro Ser Ile Lys Phe Ser Val Pro	
	3860 3865 3870
Ala Gly Ile Val Ile Pro Ser Phe Gln Ala Leu Thr Ala Arg Phe Glu	
	3875 3880 3885
Val Asp Ser Pro Val Tyr Asn Ala Thr Trp Ser Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn	
	3890 3895 3900
Lys Ala Asp Tyr Val Glu Thr Val Leu Asp Ser Thr Cys Ser Ser Thr	
	3905 3910 3915 3920
Val Gln Phe Leu Glu Tyr Glu Leu Asn Val Leu Gly Thr His Lys Ile	
	3925 3930 3935
Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ala Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Thr Leu Ala His Arg	
	3940 3945 3950
Asp Phe Ser Ala Glu Tyr Glu Glu Asp Gly Lys Phe Glu Gly Leu Gln	
	3955 3960 3965
Glu Trp Glu Gly Lys Ala His Leu Asn Ile Lys Ser Pro Ala Phe Thr	
	3970 3975 3980
Asp Leu His Leu Arg Tyr Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser	
	3985 3990 3995 4000
Ala Ala Ser Pro Ala Val Gly Thr Val Gly Met Asp Met Asp Glu Asp	
	4005 4010 4015
Asp Asp Phe Ser Lys Trp Asn Phe Tyr Tyr Ser Pro Gln Ser Ser Pro	
	4020 4025 4030
Asp Lys Lys Leu Thr Ile Phe Lys Thr Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Glu Ser	
	4035 4040 4045
Asp Glu Glu Thr Gln Ile Lys Val Asn Trp Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ser	
	4050 4055 4060

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Gly Leu Leu Thr Ser Leu Lys Asp Asn Val Pro Lys Ala Thr Gly Val 4065 4070 4075 4080
Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Val Asn Lys Tyr His Trp Glu His Thr Gly Leu Thr 4085 4090 4095
Leu Arg Glu Val Ser Ser Lys Leu Arg Arg Asn Leu Gln Asn Asn Ala 4100 4105 4110
Glu Trp Val Tyr Gln Gly Ala Ile Arg Gln Ile Asp Asp Ile Asp Val 4115 4120 4125
Arg Phe Gln Lys Ala Ala Ser Gly Thr Thr Gly Thr Tyr Gln Glu Trp 4130 4135 4140
Lys Asp Lys Ala Gln Asn Leu Tyr Gln Glu Leu Leu Thr Gln Glu Gly 4145 4150 4155 4160
Gln Ala Ser Phe Gln Gly Leu Lys Asp Asn Val Phe Asp Gly Leu Val 4165 4170 4175
Arg Val Thr Gln Lys Phe His Met Lys Val Lys His Leu Ile Asp Ser 4180 4185 4190
Leu Ile Asp Phe Leu Asn Phe Pro Arg Phe Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Pro 4195 4200 4205
Gly Ile Tyr Thr Arg Glu Glu Leu Cys Thr Met Phe Ile Arg Glu Val 4210 4215 4220
Gly Thr Val Leu Ser Gln Val Tyr Ser Lys Val His Asn Gly Ser Glu 4225 4230 4235 4240
Ile Leu Phe Ser Tyr Phe Gln Asp Leu Val Ile Thr Leu Pro Phe Glu 4245 4250 4255
Leu Arg Lys His Lys Leu Ile Asp Val Ile Ser Met Tyr Arg Glu Leu 4260 4265 4270
Leu Lys Asp Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Phe Lys Ala Ile Gln 4275 4280 4285
Ser Leu Lys Thr Thr Glu Val Leu Arg Asn Leu Gln Asp Leu Leu Gln 4290 4295 4300
Phe Ile Phe Gln Leu Ile Glu Asp Asn Ile Lys Gln Leu Lys Glu Met 4305 4310 4315 4320
Lys Phe Thr Tyr Leu Ile Asn Tyr Ile Gln Asp Glu Ile Asn Thr Ile 4325 4330 4335
Phe Asn Asp Tyr Ile Pro Tyr Val Phe Lys Leu Leu Lys Glu Asn Leu 4340 4345 4350
Cys Leu Asn Leu His Lys Phe Asn Glu Phe Ile Gln Asn Glu Leu Gln 4355 4360 4365
Glu Ala Ser Gln Glu Leu Gln Gln Ile His Gln Tyr Ile Met Ala Leu 4370 4375 4380
Arg Glu Glu Tyr Phe Asp Pro Ser Ile Val Gly Trp Thr Val Lys Tyr 4385 4390 4395 4400
Tyr Glu Leu Glu Glu Lys Ile Val Ser Leu Ile Lys Asn Leu Leu Val 4405 4410 4415
Ala Leu Lys Asp Phe His Ser Glu Tyr Ile Val Ser Ala Ser Asn Phe 4420 4425 4430
Thr Ser Gln Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Gln Phe Leu His Arg Asn Ile 4435 4440 4445
Gln Glu Tyr Leu Ser Ile Leu Thr Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys Gly Lys Glu 4450 4455 4460

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Lys Ile Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala Thr Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile Lys Ser Gln
 4465 4470 4475 4480
 Ala Ile Ala Thr Lys Lys Ile Ile Ser Asp Tyr His Gln Gln Phe Arg
 4485 4490 4495
 Tyr Lys Leu Gln Asp Phe Ser Asp Gln Leu Ser Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Lys
 4500 4505 4510
 Phe Ile Ala Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Ile Gln Asn Tyr
 4515 4520 4525
 His Thr Phe Leu Ile Tyr Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Gln Ser
 4530 4535 4540
 Thr Thr Val Met Asn Pro Tyr Met Lys Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu Leu Thr
 4545 4550 4555 4560
 Ile Ile Leu

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 <211> LENGTH: 2196
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (13)...(1983)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding
 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR)

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

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tgc ttg gag ggc agt gcc agc agt ggc agt gag agc tcc aaa gat agt	99
Cys Leu Glu Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Ser	
15 20 25	
tgg aga tgt tcc acc ccg gcc ctg gac cct gag ogg cat gag aga ctc	147
Ser Arg Cys Ser Thr Pro Gly Leu Asp Pro Glu Arg His Glu Arg Leu	
30 35 40 45	
cgg gag aag atg agg cgg cga ttg gaa tot ggt gac aag tgg ttc tcc	195
Arg Glu Lys Met Arg Arg Leu Glu Ser Gly Asp Lys Trp Phe Ser	
50 55 60	
ctg gaa ttc ttc cct cct cga act gct gag gga gct gtc aat ctc atc	243
Leu Glu Phe Phe Pro Pro Arg Thr Ala Glu Gly Ala Val Asn Leu Ile	
65 70 75	
tca agg ttt gac cgg atg gca gca ggt ggc ccc ctc tac ata gac gtg	291
Ser Arg Phe Asp Arg Met Ala Ala Gly Gly Pro Leu Tyr Ile Asp Val	
80 85 90	
acc tgg cac cca gca ggt gac cct ggc tca gac aag gag acc tcc tcc	339
Thr Trp His Pro Ala Gly Asp Pro Gly Ser Asp Lys Glu Thr Ser Ser	
95 100 105	
atg atg atc gcc agc acc gcc gtg aac tac tgt ggc ctg gag acc atc	387
Met Met Ile Ala Ser Thr Ala Val Asn Tyr Cys Gly Leu Glu Thr Ile	
110 115 120 125	
ctg cac atg acc tgc tgc cgt cag cgc ctg gag gag atc acg ggc cat	435
Leu His Met Thr Cys Cys Arg Gln Arg Leu Glu Glu Ile Thr Gly His	
130 135 140	
ctg cac aaa gct aag cag ctg ggc ctg aag aac atc atg gcg ctg cgg	483
Leu His Lys Ala Lys Gln Leu Gly Leu Lys Asn Ile Met Ala Leu Arg	
145 150 155	

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gga gac cca ata ggt gac cag tgg gaa gag gag gag gga ggc ttc aac Gly Asp Pro Ile Gly Asp Gln Trp Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Phe Asn 160 165 170	531
tac gca gtg gac ctg gtg aag cac atc cga agt gag ttt ggt gac tac Tyr Ala Val Asp Leu Val Lys His Ile Arg Ser Glu Phe Gly Asp Tyr 175 180 185	579
ttt gac atc tgt gtg gca ggt tac ccc aaa ggc cac ccc gaa gca ggg Phe Asp Ile Cys Val Ala Gly Tyr Pro Lys Gly His Pro Glu Ala Gly 190 195 200 205	627
agc ttt gag gct gac ctg aag cac ttg aag gag aag gtg tct gcg gga Ser Phe Glu Ala Asp Leu Lys His Leu Lys Glu Lys Val Ser Ala Gly 210 215 220	675
gcc gat ttc atc atc acg cag ctt ttc ttt gag gct gac aca ttc ttc Ala Asp Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Phe Phe Glu Ala Asp Thr Phe Phe 225 230 235	723
cgc ttt gtg aag gca tgc acc gac atg ggc atc act tgc ccc atc gtc Arg Phe Val Lys Ala Cys Thr Asp Met Gly Ile Thr Cys Pro Ile Val 240 245 250	771
ccc ggg atc ttt ccc atc cag ggc tac cac tcc ctt cgg cag ctt gtg Pro Gly Ile Phe Pro Ile Gln Gly Tyr His Ser Leu Arg Gln Leu Val 255 260 265	819
aag ctg tcc aag ctg gag gtg cca cag gag atc aag gac gtg att gag Lys Leu Ser Lys Leu Glu Val Pro Gln Glu Ile Lys Asp Val Ile Glu 270 275 280 285	867
cca atc aaa gac aac gat gct gcc atc cgc aac tat ggc atc gag ctg Pro Ile Lys Asp Asn Asp Ala Ala Ile Arg Asn Tyr Gly Ile Glu Leu 290 295 300	915
gcc gtg agc ctg tgc cag gag ctt ctg gcc agt ggc ttg gtg cca ggc Ala Val Ser Leu Cys Gln Glu Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu Val Pro Gly 305 310 315	963
ctc cac ttc tac acc ctc aac cgc gag atg gct acc aca gag gtg ctg Leu His Phe Tyr Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Met Ala Thr Thr Glu Val Leu 320 325 330	1011
aag cgc ctg ggg atg tgg act gag gac ccc agg cgt ccc cta ccc tgg Lys Arg Leu Gly Met Trp Thr Glu Asp Pro Arg Arg Pro Leu Pro Trp 335 340 345	1059
gct ctc agt gcc cac ccc aag cgc cga gag gaa gat gta cgt ccc atc Ala Leu Ser Ala His Pro Lys Arg Arg Glu Glu Asp Val Arg Pro Ile 350 355 360 365	1107
ttc tgg gcc tcc aga cca aag agt tac atc tac cgt acc cag gag tgg Phe Trp Ala Ser Arg Pro Lys Ser Tyr Ile Tyr Arg Thr Gln Glu Trp 370 375 380	1155
gac gag ttc cct aac ggc cgc tgg ggc aat tcc tct tcc cct gcc ttt Asp Glu Phe Pro Asn Gly Arg Trp Gly Asn Ser Ser Ser Pro Ala Phe 385 390 395	1203
ggg gag ctg aag gac tac tac ctc ttc tac ctg aag agc aag tcc ccc Gly Glu Leu Lys Asp Tyr Tyr Leu Phe Tyr Leu Lys Ser Lys Ser Pro 400 405 410	1251
aag gag gag ctg ctg aag atg tgg ggg gag gag ctg acc agt gaa gca Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Met Trp Gly Glu Glu Leu Thr Ser Glu Ala 415 420 425	1299
agt gtc ttt gaa gtc ttt gtt ctt tac ctc tgc gga gaa cca aac cgg Ser Val Phe Glu Val Phe Val Leu Tyr Leu Ser Gly Glu Pro Asn Arg 430 435 440 445	1347
aat ggt cac aaa gtg act tgc ctg ccc tgg aac gat gag ccc ctg gcg Asn Gly His Lys Val Thr Cys Leu Pro Trp Asn Asp Glu Pro Leu Ala 450 455 460	1395

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gct gag acc agc ctg ctg aag gag gag ctg ctg cgg gtg aac cgc cag Ala Glu Thr Ser Leu Leu Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Asn Arg Gln 465 470 475	1443
ggc atc ctc acc atc aac tca cag ccc aac atc aac ggg aag cgg tcc Gly Ile Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser Gln Pro Asn Ile Leu Asn Gly Lys Pro Ser 480 485 490	1491
tcc gac ccc atc atc gtg ggc tgg ggc ccc agc ggg ggc tat gtc ttc cag Ser Asp Pro Ile Val Gly Trp Gly Pro Ser Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Phe Gln 495 500 505	1539
aag gcc tac tta gag ttt ttc act tcc cgc gag aca gcg gaa gca ctt Lys Ala Tyr Leu Glu Phe Phe Thr Ser Arg Glu Thr Ala Glu Ala Leu 510 515 520 525	1587
ctg caa gtg ctg aag aag tac gag ctg cgg gtt aat tac cac att gtc Leu Gln Val Leu Lys Lys Tyr Glu Leu Arg Val Asn Tyr His Leu Val 530 535 540	1635
aat gtg aag ggt gaa aac atc acc aat gcc cct gaa ctg cag cgg aat Asn Val Lys Gly Glu Asn Ile Thr Asn Ala Pro Glu Leu Gln Pro Asn 545 550 555	1683
gct gtc act tgg ggc atc ttc cct ggg cga gag atc atc cag ccc acc Ala Val Thr Trp Gly Ile Phe Pro Gly Arg Glu Ile Ile Gln Pro Thr 560 565 570	1731
gta gtg gat ccc gtc agc ttc atg ttc tgg aag gac gag gcc ttt gcc Val Val Asp Pro Val Ser Phe Met Phe Trp Lys Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala 575 580 585	1779
ctg tgg att gag cgg tgg gga aag ctg tat gag gag gag tcc cgg tcc Leu Trp Ile Glu Arg Trp Gly Lys Leu Tyr Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ser 590 595 600 605	1827
cgc acc atc atc cag tac atc cac gac aac tac ttc ctg gtc aac ctg Arg Thr Ile Ile Gln Tyr Ile His Asp Asn Tyr Phe Leu Val Asn Leu 610 615 620	1875
gtg gac aat gac ttc cca ctg gac aac tgc ctc tgg cag gtg gtg gaa Val Asp Asn Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Asn Cys Leu Trp Gln Val Val Glu 625 630 635	1923
gac aca ttg gag ctt ctc aac agg ccc acc cag aat gcg aga gaa acg Asp Thr Leu Glu Leu Leu Asn Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Ala Arg Glu Thr 640 645 650	1971
gag gct cca tga ccctgcgtcc tgacgacctg cggtggagcc actcctgtcc Glu Ala Pro *	2023
cgcccttcctc ctccacagtg ctgcttctct tgggaactcc actctccttc gtgtctctcc	2083
caccccgccc tccactcccc cacctgacaa tggcagctag actggagtga ggcttccagg	2143
ctcttctctgg acctgagtgg gccccacatg ggaacctagt actctctgct cta	2196

<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 656

<212> TYPE: PRN

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

Met Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Gly Asn Ser Ser Leu Asn Pro Cys Leu Glu 1 5 10 15
Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Ser Ser Arg Cys 20 25 30
Ser Thr Pro Gly Leu Asp Pro Glu Arg His Glu Arg Leu Arg Glu Lys 35 40 45

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Met	Arg	Arg	Arg	Leu	Glu	Ser	Gly	Asp	Lys	Trp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Glu	Phe
50						55				60					
Phe	Pro	Pro	Arg	Thr	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ala	Val	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ser	Arg	Phe
65				70					75						80
Asp	Arg	Met	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Trp	His
			85						90					95	
Pro	Ala	Gly	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Met	Met	Ile
			100					105					110		
Ala	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Asn	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Leu	His	Met
			115				120						125		
Thr	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Thr	Gly	His	Leu	His	Lys
			130			135					140				
Ala	Lys	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Met	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Asp	Pro
145					150					155					160
Ile	Gly	Asp	Gln	Trp	Glu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Gly	Gly	Phe	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	
Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	His	Ile	Arg	Ser	Glu	Phe	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Ile
			180					185					190		
Cys	Val	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Gly	His	Pro	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu
			195				200					205			
Ala	Asp	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Phe
			210			215					220				
Ile	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Phe	Phe	Glu	Ala	Asp	Thr	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Val
225				230						235					240
Lys	Ala	Cys	Thr	Asp	Met	Gly	Ile	Thr	Cys	Pro	Ile	Val	Pro	Gly	Ile
				245					250					255	
Phe	Pro	Ile	Gln	Gly	Tyr	His	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gln	Leu	Val	Lys	Leu	Ser
			260					265					270		
Lys	Leu	Glu	Val	Pro	Gln	Glu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Val	Ile	Glu	Pro	Ile	Lys
			275				280					285			
Asp	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ile	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ala	Val	Ser
			290			295					300				
Leu	Cys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Leu	Val	Pro	Gly	Leu	His	Phe
305				310						315					320
Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Arg	Glu	Met	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Val	Leu	Lys	Arg	Leu
				325						330				335	
Gly	Met	Trp	Thr	Glu	Asp	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Leu	Pro	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser
				340				345					350		
Ala	His	Pro	Lys	Arg	Arg	Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Arg	Pro	Ile	Phe	Trp	Ala
			355			360						365			
Ser	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Gln	Glu	Trp	Asp	Glu	Phe
			370			375					380				
Pro	Asn	Gly	Arg	Trp	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ala	Phe	Gly	Glu	Leu
385					390					395					400
Lys	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ser	Pro	Lys	Glu	Glu
				405					410					415	
Leu	Leu	Lys	Met	Trp	Gly	Glu	Glu	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ser	Val	Phe
			420					425					430		
Glu	Val	Phe	Val	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asn	Arg	Asn	Gly	His
			435				440						445		

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Lys Val Thr Cys Leu Pro Trp Asn Asp Glu Pro Leu Ala Ala Glu Thr
 450 455 460
 Ser Leu Leu Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Asn Arg Gln Gly Ile Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Ile Asn Ser Gln Pro Asn Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Ser Ser Asp Pro
 485 490 495
 Ile Val Gly Trp Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Phe Gln Lys Ala Tyr
 500 505 510
 Leu Glu Phe Phe Thr Ser Arg Glu Thr Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Gln Val
 515 520 525
 Leu Lys Lys Tyr Glu Leu Arg Val Asn Tyr His Leu Val Asn Val Lys
 530 535 540
 Gly Glu Asn Ile Thr Asn Ala Pro Glu Leu Gln Pro Asn Ala Val Thr
 545 550 555 560
 Trp Gly Ile Phe Pro Gly Arg Glu Ile Ile Gln Pro Thr Val Val Asp
 565 570 575
 Pro Val Ser Phe Met Phe Trp Lys Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala Leu Trp Ile
 580 585 590
 Glu Arg Trp Trp Gly Lys Leu Tyr Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ser Arg Thr Ile
 595 600 605
 Ile Gln Tyr Ile His Asp Asn Tyr Phe Leu Val Asn Leu Val Asp Asn
 610 615 620
 Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Asn Cys Leu Trp Gln Val Val Glu Asp Thr Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Leu Leu Asn Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Ala Arg Glu Thr Glu Ala Pro
 645 650 655

 <210> SEQ ID NO 35
 <211> LENGTH: 3834
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (117)...(1949)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding selectin E (SELE)

 <400> SEQUENCE: 35

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 ccaaaacgga aagtatttca agcctaaacc ttgggttgaa aagaactctt gaagtc atg 119
 Met
 1

 att gct tca cag ttt ctg tca gct ctg act ttg gtg ctt ctg att aaa 167
 ile ala ser gln phe leu ser ala leu thr leu val leu leu ile lys
 5 10 15

 gag agt gga gcc tgg tct tac aac acc tcc acg gaa gct atg act tat 215
 glu ser gly ala trp ser tyr asn thr ser thr glu ala met thr tyr
 20 25 30

 gat gag gcc agt gct tat tgt cag caa agg tac aca cac ctg gtt gca 263
 asp glu ala ser ala tyr cys gln gln arg tyr thr his leu val ala
 35 40 45

 att caa aac aaa gaa gag att gag tac cta aac tcc ata ttg agc tat 311
 ile gln asn lys glu glu ile glu tyr leu asn ser ile leu ser tyr
 50 55 60 65

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tca cca agt tat tac tgg att gga atc aga aaa gtc aac aat gtg tgg Ser Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Trp Ile Gly Ile Arg Lys Val Asn Asn Val Trp	359
70 75 80	
gtc tgg gta gga acc cag aaa cct ctg aca gaa gaa gcc aag aac tgg Val Trp Val Gly Thr Gln Lys Pro Leu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Trp	407
85 90 95	
gct cca ggt gaa ccc aac aat agg caa aaa gat gag gac tgc gtg gag Ala Pro Gly Glu Pro Asn Asn Arg Gln Lys Asp Glu Asp Cys Val Glu	455
100 105 110	
atc tac atc aag aga gaa aaa gat gtg ggc atg tgg aat gat gag agg Ile Tyr Ile Lys Arg Glu Lys Asp Val Gly Met Trp Asn Asp Glu Arg	503
115 120 125	
tgc agc aag aag aag ctt gcc cta tgc tac aca gct gcc tgt acc aat Cys Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Ala Leu Cys Tyr Thr Ala Ala Cys Thr Asn	551
130 135 140 145	
aca tcc tgc agt ggc cac ggt gaa tgt gta gag acc atc aat aat tac Thr Ser Cys Ser Gly His Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn Tyr	599
150 155 160	
act tgc aag tgt gac cct ggc ttc agt gga ctc aag tgt gag caa att Thr Cys Lys Cys Asp Pro Gly Phe Ser Gly Leu Lys Cys Glu Gln Ile	647
165 170 175	
gtg aac tgt aca gcc ctg gaa tcc cct gag cat gga agc ctg gtt tgc Val Asn Cys Thr Ala Leu Glu Ser Pro Glu His Gly Ser Leu Val Cys	695
180 185 190	
agt cac cca ctg gga aac ttc agc tac aat tct tcc tgc tct atc agc Ser His Pro Leu Gly Asn Phe Ser Tyr Asn Ser Ser Cys Ser Ile Ser	743
195 200 205	
tgt gat agg ggt tac ctg cca agc agc atg gag acc atg cag tgt atg Cys Asp Arg Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ser Ser Met Glu Thr Met Gln Cys Met	791
210 215 220 225	
tcc tct gga gaa tgg agt gct cct att cca gcc tgc aat gtg gtt gag Ser Ser Gly Glu Trp Ser Ala Pro Ile Pro Ala Cys Asn Val Val Glu	839
230 235 240	
tgt gat gct gtg aca aat cca gcc aat ggg ttc gtg gaa tgt ttc caa Cys Asp Ala Val Thr Asn Pro Ala Asn Gly Phe Val Glu Cys Phe Gln	887
245 250 255	
aac cct gga agc ttc cca tgg aac aca acc tgt aca ttt gac tgt gaa Asn Pro Gly Ser Phe Pro Trp Asn Thr Thr Cys Thr Phe Asp Cys Glu	935
260 265 270	
gaa gga ttt gaa cta atg gga gcc cag agc ctt cag tgt acc tca tct Glu Gly Phe Glu Leu Met Gly Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln Cys Thr Ser Ser	983
275 280 285	
ggg aat tgg gac aac gag aag cca acg tgt aaa gct gtg aca tgc agg Gly Asn Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Lys Ala Val Thr Cys Arg	1031
290 295 300 305	
gcc gtc cgc cag cct cag aat ggc tct gtg agg tgc agc cat tcc cct Ala Val Arg Gln Pro Gln Asn Gly Ser Val Arg Cys Ser His Ser Pro	1079
310 315 320	
gct gga gag ttc acc ttc aaa tca tcc tgc aac ttc acc tgt gag gaa Ala Gly Glu Phe Thr Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr Cys Glu Glu	1127
325 330 335	
ggc ttc atg ttg cag gga cca gcc cag gtt gaa tgc acc act caa ggg Gly Phe Met Leu Gln Gly Pro Ala Gln Val Glu Cys Thr Thr Gln Gly	1175
340 345 350	
cag tgg aca cag caa atc cca gtt tgt gaa gct ttc cag tgc aca gcc Gln Trp Trp Gln Gln Ile Pro Val Cys Glu Ala Phe Gln Cys Thr Ala	1223
355 360 365	

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ttg tcc aac ccc gag cga ggc tac atg aat tgt ctt cct agt gct tct Leu Ser Asn Pro Glu Arg Gly Tyr Met Asn Cys Leu Pro Ser Ala Ser 370 375 380 385	1271
ggc agt ttc cgt tat ggg tcc agc tgt gag ttc tcc tgt gag cag ggt Phe Val Leu Lys Gly Ser Ser Cys Glu Phe Ser Cys Glu Gln Gly 390 395 400	1319
ttt gtg ttg aag gga tcc aaa agg ctc caa tgt ggc ccc aca ggg gag Phe Val Leu Lys Gly Ser Lys Arg Leu Gln Cys Gly Pro Thr Gly Glu 405 410 415	1367
tgg gac aac gag aag ccc aca tgt gaa gct gtg aga tgc gat gct gtc Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Glu Ala Val Arg Cys Asp Ala Val 420 425 430	1415
cac cag ccc ccg aag ggt ttg gtg agg tgt gct cat tcc cct att gga His Gln Pro Pro Lys Gly Leu Val Arg Cys Ala His Ser Pro Ile Gly 435 440 445	1463
gaa ttc acc tac aag tcc tct tgt gcc ttc agc tgt gag gag gga ttt Glu Phe Thr Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Ala Phe Ser Cys Glu Glu Gly Phe 450 455 460 465	1511
gaa tta tat gga tca act caa ctt gag tgc aca tct cag gga caa tgg Glu Leu Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gln Leu Glu Cys Thr Ser Gln Gly Gln Trp 470 475 480	1559
aca gaa gag gtt cct tcc tgc caa gtg gta aaa tgt tca agc ctg gca Thr Glu Glu Val Pro Ser Cys Gln Val Val Lys Cys Ser Ser Leu Ala 485 490 495	1607
gtt ccg gga aag atc aac atg agc tgc agt ggg gag ccc gtg ttt ggc Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Asn Met Ser Cys Ser Gly Glu Pro Val Phe Gly 500 505 510	1655
act gtg tgc aag ttc gcc tgt cct gaa gga tgg acg ctc aat ggc tct Thr Val Cys Lys Phe Ala Cys Pro Glu Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Gly Ser 515 520 525	1703
gca got cgg aca tgt gga gcc aca gga cac tgg tat ggc ctg cta cct Ala Ala Arg Thr Cys Gly Ala Thr Gly His Trp Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro 530 535 540 545	1751
acc tgt gaa got ccc act gag tcc aac att ccc ttg gta gct gga ctt Thr Cys Glu Ala Pro Thr Glu Ser Asn Ile Pro Leu Val Ala Gly Leu 550 555 560	1799
tct gct gct gga ctc tcc ctc ctg aca tta gca cca ttt ctc ctc tgg Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Pro Phe Leu Leu Trp 565 570 575	1847
ctt cgg aaa tgc tta cgg aaa gca aag aaa ttt gtt cct gcc agc agc Leu Arg Lys Cys Leu Arg Lys Ala Lys Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ser Ser 580 585 590	1895
tgc caa agc ctt gaa tca gac gga agc tac caa aag cct tct tac atc Cys Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gln Lys Pro Ser Tyr Ile 595 600 605	1943
ctt taa gttcaaaaga atcagaacaa ggtgcattgt gggcaactaga gggatacaact Leu * 610	1999
gaagttaaca gagacagata actctcctcg ggtctctggc ccttcttgcc tactatgcca	2059
gatgccttta tggctgaaac cgcaacaccc atcaccactt caatagatca aagtcagca	2119
ggcaaggagc gcttcaact gaaaagactc agtgttccct ttctactct caggatcaag	2179
aaagtgttg ctaatgaagg gaaaggatat ttcttcccaa gcaaaggatga agagaccaag	2239
actotgaaat ctacagaattc cttttctaac tctcacttgc tagctgtaaa atcttggcac	2299
agaaacacaa tattttgttg cttttttttt ttgtcccttc acagtgttcc gacagctgat	2359

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agattacccc ctcatgtgtt attaacaat tatgtttacat ctgttttaaa tttatttcaa 2779
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taatagttaa tccctatttg tttcttctg tatgttaggg tgctctggaa gagaggaatg 3259
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tgaaaaaaa agtttcagag aagttctggc tgaacactgg caacgacaaa gccaacagtc 3499
aaaacagaga tgtgataagg atcagaacag cagaggttct tttaaagggg cagaaaaact 3559
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tctttgaat tgtttaagt tttgaaatat ttatgtaaac tgcattagaa attagctgtg 3679
tgaantacca ggtgtggttg tgtttgagtt ttattgagaa ttttaaatga taacttaaaa 3739
tattttataa tttttaaagt atatatattat ttaagcttat gtcagaccta tttgacataa 3799
cactataaag gttgacaata aatgtgctta tgttt 3834

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<210> SEQ ID NO 36
<211> LENGTH: 610
<212> TYPE: PRN
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

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<400> SEQUENCE: 36

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Met Ile Ala Ser Gln Phe Leu Ser Ala Leu Thr Leu Val Leu Leu Ile
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Lys Glu Ser Gly Ala Trp Ser Tyr Asn Thr Ser Thr Glu Ala Met Thr
 20            25            30
Tyr Asp Glu Ala Ser Ala Tyr Cys Gln Gln Arg Tyr Thr His Leu Val
 35            40            45
Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Ser
 50            55            60
Tyr Ser Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Trp Ile Gly Ile Arg Lys Val Asn Asn Val
 65            70            75            80
Trp Val Trp Val Gly Gln Thr Gln Lys Pro Leu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn
 85            90            95

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Trp Ala Pro Gly Glu Pro Asn Asn Arg Gln Lys Asp Glu Asp Cys Val
 100 105 110
 Glu Ile Tyr Ile Lys Arg Glu Lys Asp Val Gly Met Trp Asn Asp Glu
 115 120 125
 Arg Cys Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Ala Leu Cys Tyr Thr Ala Ala Cys Thr
 130 135 140
 Asn Thr Ser Cys Ser Gly His Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Thr Cys Lys Cys Asp Pro Gly Phe Ser Gly Leu Lys Cys Glu Gln
 165 170 175
 Ile Val Asn Cys Thr Ala Leu Glu Ser Pro Glu His Gly Ser Leu Val
 180 185 190
 Cys Ser His Pro Leu Gly Asn Phe Ser Tyr Asn Ser Ser Cys Ser Ile
 195 200 205
 Ser Cys Asp Arg Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ser Ser Met Glu Thr Met Gln Cys
 210 215 220
 Met Ser Ser Gly Glu Trp Ser Ala Pro Ile Pro Ala Cys Asn Val Val
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Cys Asp Ala Val Thr Asn Pro Ala Asn Gly Phe Val Glu Cys Phe
 245 250 255
 Gln Asn Pro Gly Ser Phe Pro Trp Asn Thr Thr Cys Thr Phe Asp Cys
 260 265 270
 Glu Glu Gly Phe Glu Leu Met Gly Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln Cys Thr Ser
 275 280 285
 Ser Gly Asn Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Lys Ala Val Thr Cys
 290 295 300
 Arg Ala Val Arg Gln Pro Gln Asn Gly Ser Val Arg Cys Ser His Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Pro Ala Gly Glu Phe Thr Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr Cys Glu
 325 330 335
 Glu Gly Phe Met Leu Gln Gly Pro Ala Gln Val Glu Cys Thr Thr Gln
 340 345 350
 Gly Gln Trp Thr Gln Gln Ile Pro Val Cys Glu Ala Phe Gln Cys Thr
 355 360 365
 Ala Leu Ser Asn Pro Glu Arg Gly Tyr Met Asn Cys Leu Pro Ser Ala
 370 375 380
 Ser Gly Ser Phe Arg Tyr Gly Ser Ser Cys Glu Phe Ser Cys Glu Gln
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Phe Val Leu Lys Gly Ser Lys Arg Leu Gln Cys Gly Pro Thr Gly
 405 410 415
 Glu Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Glu Ala Val Arg Cys Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Val His Gln Pro Pro Lys Gly Leu Val Arg Cys Ala His Ser Pro Ile
 435 440 445
 Gly Glu Phe Thr Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Ala Phe Ser Cys Glu Glu Gly
 450 455 460
 Phe Glu Leu Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gln Leu Glu Cys Thr Ser Gln Gly Gln
 465 470 475 480
 Trp Thr Glu Glu Val Pro Ser Cys Gln Val Val Lys Cys Ser Ser Leu
 485 490 495

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Ala Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Asn Met Ser Cys Ser Gly Glu Pro Val Phe
500 505 510

Gly Thr Val Cys Lys Phe Ala Cys Pro Glu Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Gly
515 520 525

Ser Ala Ala Arg Thr Cys Gly Ala Thr Gly His Trp Ser Gly Leu Leu
530 535 540

Pro Thr Cys Glu Ala Pro Thr Glu Ser Asn Ile Pro Leu Val Ala Gly
545 550 555 560

Leu Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Pro Phe Leu Leu
565 570 575

Trp Leu Arg Lys Cys Leu Arg Lys Ala Lys Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ser
580 585 590

Ser Cys Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gln Lys Pro Ser Tyr
595 600 605

Ile Leu
610

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
 <211> LENGTH: 1922
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (406)...(1428)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding nucleotide binding
 protein (G Protein), beta polypeptide 3 (GNB3)

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

ccacaatagg ggcagacctg tccatccttc tctgtgggtc cctgtacct ttctccccc 60
 acaggtacag accacagggc agctggttgg ggtttgtcga gaagaaggat tatccagatc 120
 agtactttct aatctcagct cctgcctgta cctaccata ctaccacaaac cctcttcccc 180
 accacccctga gctgaggagc acagtttgag gcccccccaa cccccggcgg gtctggggcca 240
 ggccaggcca ggccagctcc tctggcagca gagcctgggc aggtgacggg cgggcgcggg 300
 cgtgcagctg gaggggagtaa ggaggctccc aggaaccgga gctggaaacc cggccgaggt 360
 ccagccagag cccaagagcc agagtgaacc ctgcacctgt cagcc atg ggg gag atg 417
 Met Gly Glu Met
 1

gag caa ctg cgt cag gaa gcg gag cag ctc aag aag cag att gca gat 465
 Glu Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Lys Lys Gln Ile Ala Asp
 5 10 15 20

gcc agg aaa gcc tgt gct gac gtt act ctg gca gag ctg gtg tct gcc 513
 Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Ala Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Leu Val Ser Gly
 25 30 35

cta gag gtg gtg gga cga gtc cag atg cgg acg cgg cgg acg tta agg 561
 Leu Glu Val Val Gly Arg Val Gln Met Arg Thr Arg Arg Thr Leu Arg
 40 45 50

gga cac ctg gcc aag att tac gcc atg cac tgg gcc act gat tct aag 609
 Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys
 55 60 65

ctg ctg gta agt gcc tcg caa gat ggg aag ctg atc gtg tgg gac agc 657
 Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Val Trp Asp Ser
 70 75 80

tac acc acc aac aag gtg cag gcc atc cca ctg cgc tcc tcc tgg gtc 705
 Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg Ser Ser Trp Val
 85 90 95 100

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atg acc tgt gcc tat gcc cca tca ggg aac ttt gtg gca tgt ggg ggg Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Phe Val Ala Cys Gly Gly	753
105 110 115	
ctg gac aac atg tgt tcc atc tac aac ctc aaa tcc cgt gag ggc aat Leu Asp Asn Met Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Ser Arg Glu Gly Asn	801
120 125 130	
gtc aag gtc agc cgg gag ctt tct gct cac aca ggt tat ctc tcc tgc Val Lys Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Ser Ala His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys	849
135 140 145	
tgc cgc ttc ctg gat gac aac aat att gtg acc agc tcg ggg gac acc Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Asn Ile Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Thr	897
150 155 160	
acg tgt gcc ttg tgg gac att gag act ggg cag cag aag act gta ttt Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Gln Lys Thr Val Phe	945
165 170 175 180	
gtg gga cac acg ggt gac tgc atg agc ctg gct gtg tct cct gac ttc Val Gly His Thr Gly Asp Cys Met Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Pro Asp Phe	993
185 190 195	
aat ctc ttc att tcg ggg gcc tgt gat gcc agt gcc aag ctc tgg gat Asn Leu Phe Ile Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala Lys Leu Trp Asp	1041
200 205 210	
gtg cga gag ggg acc tgc cgt cag act ttc act ggc cac gag tcg gac Val Arg Glu Gly Thr Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Thr Gly His Glu Ser Asp	1089
215 220 225	
atc aac gcc atc tgt ttc ttc ccc aat gga gag gcc atc tgc acg ggc Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Ile Cys Thr Gly	1137
230 235 240	
tcg gat gac gct tcc tgc cgc ttg ttt gac ctg cgg gca gac cag gag Ser Asp Asp Ala Ser Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg Ala Asp Gln Glu	1185
245 250 255 260	
ctg atc tgc ttc tcc cac gag agc atc atc tgc ggc atc acg tcc gtg Leu Ile Cys Phe Ser His Glu Ser Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val	1233
265 270 275	
gcc ttc tcc ctc agt ggc cgc cta cta ttc gct ggc tac gac gac ttc Ala Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe	1281
280 285 290	
aac tgc aat gtc tgg gac tcc atg aag tct gag cgt gtg ggc atc ctc Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Ser Met Lys Ser Glu Arg Val Gly Ile Leu	1329
295 300 305	
tct ggc cac gat aac agg gtg agc tgc ctg gga gtc aca gct gac ggg Ser Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val Thr Ala Asp Gly	1377
310 315 320	
atg gct gtg gcc aca ggt tcc tgg gac agc ttc ctc aaa atc tgg aac Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Trp Asn	1425
325 330 335 340	
tga ggagggtgga gaaggaggag tggaggcag tgaacacact cagcagcccc	1478
ctgcccgacc ccatctcatt cagggtgtct ottctatatt cagggtgcca ttccactaa	1518
gccttctct ttgagggcag tggggagcat gggactgtc ctltgggagg cagcatcagg	1598
gacacagggg caaagaactg ccccatctcc tcccatggcc ttccctcccc acagtcctca	1658
cagcctctcc cttaatgagc aaggacaacc tgccctccc cagcctttg caggccacgc	1718
agacttgagt ctgaggcccc aggccttagg attcctcccc cagagccact acotttgtcc	1778
aggcctgggt ggtatagggc gtttggccct gtgactatgg ctctggcacc actagggtcc	1838

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tgggccctctt cttattcatg ctttctcctt ttctacactt tttttctctc ctaagacacc 1898
 tgcaataaag tgtagacacc tgggt 1922

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
 <211> LENGTH: 340
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

Met Gly Glu Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Ile Ala Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Ala Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Glu
 20 25 30
 Leu Val Ser Gly Leu Glu Val Val Gly Arg Val Gln Met Arg Thr Arg
 35 40 45
 Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Ala
 50 55 60
 Thr Asp Ser Lys Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Val Trp Asp Ser Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Trp Val Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Phe Val
 100 105 110
 Ala Cys Gly Glu Leu Asp Asn Met Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Ser
 115 120 125
 Arg Glu Gly Asn Val Lys Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Ser Ala His Thr Gly
 130 135 140
 Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Asn Ile Val Thr Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Gly Asp Thr Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Gln Gln
 165 170 175
 Lys Thr Val Phe Val Gly His Thr Gly Asp Cys Met Ser Leu Ala Val
 180 185 190
 Ser Pro Asp Phe Asn Leu Phe Ile Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala
 195 200 205
 Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Arg Glu Gly Thr Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Thr Gly
 210 215 220
 His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Cys Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Ser Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg
 245 250 255
 Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Ile Cys Phe Ser His Glu Ser Ile Ile Cys Gly
 260 265 270
 Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly
 275 280 285
 Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Ser Met Lys Ser Glu Arg
 290 295 300
 Val Gly Ile Leu Ser Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Ala Asp Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu
 325 330 335

<210>	SEQ ID NO 39	
<211>	LENGTH: 2443	
<212>	TYPE: DNA	
<213>	ORGANISM: Homo sapien	
<220>	FEATURE:	
<221>	NAME/KEY: CDS	
<222>	LOCATION: (162)...(1253)	
<223>	OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding angiotensin receptor 2 (AGTR2)	
<400>	SEQUENCE: 39	
acgtccaccg	gtctgagaga	acgagtaagc
atgaaggagt	gtgttttagc	actaagcaag
caacccaagg	cataagaact	aggagctgct
acc ctt gcc act act agc	aaa aac att acc agc	ggt ctt cac ttc ggg
Thr Leu Ala Thr Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile	Thr Ser Glu Leu His Phe Gly	
	10	15
ctt ggc aac aat gag tct acc	tty aac tgt tca cag	
Leu Val Asn Ile Ser Glu Asn Glu Ser Thr	Leu Asn Cys Ser Gln	
	25	30
aaa cca tca gat aag cat tta gat gca att cct att	ctt tac tac att	
Lys Pro Ser Asp Lys His Leu Asp Ala Ile Pro Ile	Leu Tyr Tyr Ile	
	40	45
ata ttt gta att gga ttt ctg gtc aat att gtc	gtg gtt aca ctg ttt	
Ile Phe Val Ile Gly Phe Leu Val Asn Ile Val Val	Val Thr Leu Phe	
	55	60
tgt tgt caa aag ggt cct aaa aag gtt tct agc	ata tac atc ttc aac	
Cys Cys Gln Lys Gly Pro Lys Lys Val Ser Ser	Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asn	
	70	75
ctc gct gtg gct gat tta ctc ctt ttg gct act ctt	cct cta tgg gca	
Leu Ala Val Ala Asp Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Thr Leu	Pro Leu Trp Ala	
	90	95
acc tat tat tct tat tga tat gac tgg ctc ttt	gga cct gtg atg tgc	
Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Trp Leu Phe	Gly Pro Val Met Cys	
	105	110
aaa gtt ttt ggt tct ttt ctt acc ctc aac atg ttt	gca asc att ttt	
Lys Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Leu Thr Leu Asn Met Phe	Ala Ser Ile Phe	
	120	125
ttt atc acc tgc atg agt gtt gat agg tac caa tot	gtc atc tac ccc	
Phe Ile Thr Cys Met Ser Val Asp Arg Tyr Gln Ser	Val Ile Tyr Pro	
	135	140
ttt ctg tct caa aga aga aat ccc tgg cca gca tot	tat ata gtt ccc	
Phe Leu Ser Gln Arg Arg Asn Pro Trp Gln Ala Ser	Tyr Ile Val Pro	
	150	155
ctt gtt tgg tgt atg gcc tgt ttg tcc tca ttg cca	aca ttt tat ttt	
Leu Val Trp Cys Met Ala Cys Leu Ser Ser Leu Pro	Thr Phe Tyr Phe	
	170	175
Arg gac gtc aga acc att gaa tac tta gga gtg aat	gct tgc att atg	
Cys Asp Val Arg Thr Ile Gln Val Ala Cys Ile Met		
	185	190
gct ttc cca cct gag aaa tat gcc aca tgg toa gct	ggg att gcc tta	
Ala Phe Pro Pro Gln Lys Tyr Ala Gln Trp Ser Ala	Gly Ile Ala Leu	
	200	205

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atg aaa aat atc ctt ggt ttt att atc cct tta ata ttc ata gca aca Met Lys Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ile Pro Leu Ile Phe Ile Ala Thr 215 220 225	848
tgc tat ttt gga att aga aaa cac tta ctg aag acg aat agc tat ggg Cys Tyr Phe Gly Ile Arg Lys His Leu Leu Lys Thr Asn Ser Tyr Gly 230 235 240 245	896
aag aac agg ata acc cgt gac caa gtc ctg aag atg gca gct gct gtt Lys Asn Arg Ile Thr Arg Asp Gln Val Leu Lys Met Ala Ala Val 250 255 260	944
gtt ctg gcc ttc atc att tgg tgc ctt ccc ttc cat gtt ctg acc ttc Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Ile Trp Cys Leu Pro Phe His Val Leu Thr Phe 265 270 275	992
ctg gat gct ctg gcc tgg atg ggt gtc att aat agc tgc gaa gtt ata Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala Trp Met Gly Val Ile Asn Ser Cys Glu Val Ile 280 285 290	1040
gca gtc att gac ctg gca ctt cct ttt gcc atc ctc ttg gga ttc acc Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Pro Phe Ala Ile Leu Leu Gly Phe Thr 295 300 305	1088
aac agc tgc gtt aat ccg ttt ctg tat tgt ttt gtt gga aac cgg ttc Asn Ser Cys Val Asn Pro Phe Leu Tyr Cys Phe Val Gly Asn Arg Phe 310 315 320 325	1136
caa cag aag ctc cgc agt gtg ttt agg gtt cca att act tgg ctc caa Gln Lys Lys Leu Arg Ser Val Phe Arg Val Pro Ile Thr Trp Leu Gln 330 335 340	1184
ggg aaa aga gag agt atg tct tgc cgg aaa agc agt tct ctt aga gaa Gly Lys Arg Glu Ser Met Ser Cys Arg Lys Ser Ser Ser Leu Arg Glu 345 350 355	1232
atg gag acc ttt gtg tct taa acggagagca aaatgcatgt aatcaacatg Met Glu Thr Phe Val Ser * 360	1283
gctacttgct ttgaggctca ccagaatttat ttttaagttg ttttaataaa ataataaaat	1343
ttcccctaata cttttctgaa tctttctgaaa ccaaattgtaa ctatgtttat cgtccagtga	1403
ctttcaggaa tgcgccattgt tttctgatat gtttgtacaa gatttcattg gtgagacata	1463
tttacaaact agaagtaact ggtgatataat ctcaaatgtt aattaataat agattgtgaa	1523
taatgatttg gggattcaga tttctctttg aaacatgctt gtgtttctta gtggggtttt	1583
atatccattt ttatcaggat ttctctcttga accagaacca gtatttcaac tcattgcata	1643
atttacaaga caacattgta agagagatga gcacttctaa gttgagtata ttataataga	1703
ttagtactgg attattcagg ctttaggcatt atgcttcttt aaaaacgcta taaattatat	1763
tcctcttgca tttaacttga gtggagggtt atagttaatc tataactaca tattgaatag	1823
ggctaggaat atagattaaa tcatactcct atgcttttagc ttatttttac agttatagaa	1883
agcaagatgt actataaact agaattgcac ttatataat ttgtgtgttc actaaactct	1943
gaataaacac tttttaaaaa actttctact catlttaaatg attgtttaaa ggtttctatt	2003
ttctctgata cttttttgaa atcagtaaac actgtgtatt gtgttaaaat gtaaaaggta	2063
cttttcaact ctttgacttt tttagatgtgc tgcttttgata tataggacat tgatttgatt	2123
tttattatta atgcttttgt tctgggttgt ttactaaaat atctgggtgg cttaaaaaaa	2183
actctttaac ttgtaataaa cctttaactg gcattaggaaa tggatccag aatggaattt	2243
tgtactatgg ggtctgggtg ggggcaaaaga gcccaagtca attactgttt tggtaacca	2303
aaaggaacct gtcaggcgag tacaatgtga ctttgaaaaat atataccgtg ggggtagttt	2363

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taccctatat ctataaacac tgtttgttcc agaattctgta tgattctatg gagctatttt 2423

aaaccaattg caggtctaga 2443

<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 363

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

Met Lys Gly Asn Ser Thr Leu Ala Thr Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile Thr Ser
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu His Phe Gly Leu Val Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Asn Glu Ser Thr
20 25 30

Leu Asn Cys Ser Gln Lys Pro Ser Asp Lys His Leu Asp Ala Ile Pro
35 40 45

Ile Leu Tyr Tyr Ile Ile Phe Val Ile Gly Phe Leu Val Asn Ile Val
50 55 60

Val Val Thr Leu Phe Cys Cys Gln Lys Gly Pro Lys Lys Val Ser Ser
65 70 75 80

Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asn Leu Ala Val Ala Asp Leu Leu Leu Ala Thr
85 90 95

Leu Pro Leu Trp Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Trp Leu Phe
100 105 110

Gly Pro Val Met Cys Lys Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Leu Thr Leu Asn Met
115 120 125

Phe Ala Ser Ile Phe Phe Ile Thr Cys Met Ser Val Asp Arg Tyr Gln
130 135 140

Ser Val Ile Tyr Pro Phe Leu Ser Gln Arg Arg Asn Pro Trp Gln Ala
145 150 155 160

Ser Tyr Ile Val Pro Leu Val Trp Cys Met Ala Cys Leu Ser Ser Leu
165 170 175

Pro Thr Phe Tyr Phe Arg Asp Val Arg Thr Ile Glu Tyr Leu Gly Val
180 185 190

Asn Ala Cys Ile Met Ala Phe Pro Pro Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gln Trp Ser
195 200 205

Ala Gly Ile Ala Leu Met Lys Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ile Pro Leu
210 215 220

Ile Phe Ile Ala Thr Cys Tyr Phe Gly Ile Arg Lys His Leu Leu Lys
225 230 235 240

Thr Asn Ser Tyr Gly Lys Asn Arg Ile Thr Arg Asp Gln Val Leu Lys
245 250 255

Met Ala Ala Ala Val Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Ile Trp Cys Leu Pro Phe
260 265 270

His Val Leu Thr Phe Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala Trp Met Gly Val Ile Asn
275 280 285

Ser Cys Glu Val Ile Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Pro Phe Ala Ile
290 295 300

Leu Leu Gly Phe Thr Asn Ser Cys Val Asn Pro Phe Leu Tyr Cys Phe
305 310 315 320

Val Gly Asn Arg Phe Gln Gln Lys Leu Arg Ser Val Phe Arg Val Pro
325 330 335

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Ile Thr Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Arg Glu Ser Met Ser Cys Arg Lys Ser
 340 345 350

Ser Ser Leu Arg Glu Met Glu Thr Phe Val Ser
 355 360

<210> SEQ ID NO 41

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

actgcctgat aaccatgctg

20

<210> SEQ ID NO 42

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

atacttacac accaggaggg

20

<210> SEQ ID NO 43

<211> LENGTH: 19

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

atgcctgctc caaaggcac

19

<210> SEQ ID NO 44

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

atgcctgctc caaaggcacc

20

<210> SEQ ID NO 45

<211> LENGTH: 21

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

atgcctgctc caaaggcaca t

21

<210> SEQ ID NO 46

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 46
tactttctggt tctctgagcg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 47
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 47
actcaccttg aactcgtctc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 48
tggtttctctg agcgagtcctt 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 49
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 49
tggtttctctg agcgagtcctt c 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 50
tggtttctctg agcgagtcctt tc 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 51
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 51
tgcagatgga ctttggttc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 52
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 52
tgcttgccctt ctgctacaag 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 53
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

cttcacctgag cactgtgtg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

cttcacctgag cactgtgtgg t 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

cttcacctgag cactgtgtga 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 56
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

aacagctcag gacgaaactg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

agaaggagtt gacctgttc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

ggaagctcaa gtggccttc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
<211> LENGTH: 20

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 59
ggaagctcaa gtggccttcc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 60
ggaagctcaa gtggccttca ac 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 61
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 61
aagtcactgg cagagctgg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 62
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 62
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What is claimed:

1. A method for detecting the presence or absence in a subject of at least one allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a gene associated with cardiovascular disease, comprising:

the step of detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject that is associated with high serum cholesterol or an allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject that is associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL).

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

4. The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting the presence or absence in a subject of at least one allelic variant of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the other gene is selected from the group consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

6. The method of claim 2, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

7. The method of claim 3, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

8. The method of claim 3, wherein the SNP is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene coding sequence and the allelic variant is represented by a T nucleotide in the sense strand or an A nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

9. The method of claim 7, wherein the SNP is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene sequence and the allelic variant is represented by an A nucleotide in the sense strand or a T nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step is by a method selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

11. The method of claim 8, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the coding sequence of the COX6B gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 86, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

12. The method of claim 9, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 2577, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

13. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step comprises mass spectrometry.

14. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step utilizes a signal moiety selected from the group consisting of: radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

15. The method of claims 11, wherein the nucleic acid primer is extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide.

16. The method of claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid primer is extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide.

17. The method of claim 15, wherein the dideoxynucleotide is dideoxyguanosine (ddG).

18. The method of claim 16, wherein the dideoxynucleotide is dideoxyguanosine (ddG).

19. The method of claim 11, wherein the primer is extended in the presence of at least two dideoxynucleotides and the dideoxynucleotides are dideoxyguanosine (ddG) and dideoxycytosine (ddC).

20. The method of claim 12, wherein the primer is extended in the presence of at least two dideoxynucleotides and the dideoxynucleotides are dideoxyguanosine (ddG) and dideoxycytosine (ddC).

21. A method for indicating a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a subject, comprising:

the step of detecting in a target nucleic acid obtained from the subject the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol or at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum HDL wherein the presence of an allelic variant is indicative of a predisposition to cardiovascular disease compared to a subject who does not comprise the allelic variant.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

23. The method of claim 21, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

24. The method of claim 22, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

25. The method of claim 23, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

26. The method of claim 24, wherein the SNP is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene coding sequence and the allelic variant is represented by a T nucleotide in the sense strand or an A nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

27. The method of claim 25, wherein the SNP is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene sequence and the allelic variant is represented by an A nucleotide in the sense strand or a T nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

28. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step is by a method selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

29. The method of claim 26, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the coding sequence of the COX6B gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 86, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

30. The method of claim 27, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 2577, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

31. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step comprises mass spectrometry.

32. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step utilizes a signal moiety selected from the group consisting of: radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

33. The method of claim 21, further comprising detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of the two allelic variants is associated with a predisposition to cardiovascular disease compared to a subject who does not comprise the combination of allelic variants.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein the other gene is selected from the group consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

35. The method of claim 33, wherein the two allelic variants are of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene and the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

36. A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum cholesterol, comprising:

(a) combining a candidate agent with a cell comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high levels of serum cholesterol and operably linked to a promoter such that the nucleotide sequence is expressed as a COX6B protein in the cell; and

(b) determining the affect of the agent upon the expression and/or activity of the COX6B protein.

37. A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum cholesterol, comprising:

(a) combining a candidate agent with a transgenic mouse comprising a transgenic nucleotide sequence stably integrated into the genome of the mouse a transgenic nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene which has been associated with high levels of serum cholesterol and operably linked to a promoter, wherein the transgenic nucleotide sequence is expressed and the transgenic animal develops a high level of serum cholesterol; and

(b) determining the affect of the agent upon the serum cholesterol level.

38. The method of claim 36, wherein the allelic variant is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

39. The method of claims 37, wherein the allelic variant is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

40. A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:

- (a) combining a candidate agent with a cell comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low levels of serum HDL and operably linked to a promoter such that the nucleotide sequence is expressed as a GPI-1 protein in the cell; and
- (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the expression and/or activity of the GPI-1 protein.
- 41.** A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:
- (a) combining a candidate agent with a transgenic mouse comprising a transgenic nucleotide sequence stably integrated into the genome of the mouse encoding an allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low levels of serum HDL operably linked to a promoter, wherein the transgenic nucleotide sequence is expressed and the transgenic animal develops a low level of serum HDL; and
- (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the serum HDL level.
- 42.** The method of claim 40, wherein the allelic variant is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 43.** The method of claim 41, wherein the allelic variant is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 44.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a cardiovascular drug, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high serum cholesterol or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL);
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 45.** The method of claim 44, wherein the allelic variant is of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene.
- 46.** The method of claim 44, wherein the allelic variant is of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 47.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a cardiovascular drug, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high serum cholesterol; and
- detecting the presence or absence of or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL);
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B and at least one allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene is indicative of a positive response.
- 48.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high cholesterol;
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 49.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high cholesterol; and
- detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant of at least one other gene of the subject associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of both allelic variants is indicative of a positive response.
- 50.** The method of claim 48, wherein the allelic variant of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene is at position 86.
- 51.** The method of claims 49, wherein the allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vb (COX6B) gene is at position 86.
- 52.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low HDL; wherein the presence of an allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 53.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum high density lipoprotein (HDL) levels, comprising:
- (a) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL of the subject; and
- (b) detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant in at least one other gene of subject associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of both allelic variants is indicative of a positive response.
- 54.** The method of claim 52, wherein the allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene is at position 2577.
- 55.** The method of claims 53, wherein the allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene is at position 2577.
- 56.** The method of claim 49, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI (GPI-1) gene, cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r

reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

57. The method of claim 53, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

58. A primer or probe that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol in combination with a primer or probe that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL.

59. The primers or probes of claim 58, further comprising primers or probes that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

60. The primers or probes of claim 58, wherein the polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene comprises nucleotide 86 of the coding strand and the polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene comprises nucleotide 2577.

61. The primers or probes of claim 59, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

62. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol.

63. The kit of claim 62 further comprising instructions for use.

64. The kit of claim 62, wherein the polymorphic region comprises nucleotide 86 of the coding strand.

65. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high cholesterol; and
- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

66. The kit of claim 65, further comprising instructions for use.

67. The kit of claim 65, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

68. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL).

69. The kit of claim 68 further comprising instructions for use.

70. The kit of claim 68, wherein the polymorphic region comprises nucleotide 2577 of the coding strand.

71. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL); and
- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

72. The kit of claim 71, further comprising instructions for use.

73. The kit of claim 71, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

74. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high cholesterol; and
- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL.

75. The kit of claim 74, further comprising instructions for use.

76. The kit of claim 74, further comprising at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

77. The kit of claim 76, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

78. A method of diagnosing a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a human, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb (COX6B) gene in the DNA.

79. The method of claim 78, wherein at least one variant is a C to T transversion at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb gene (COX6B) coding region.

80. The method of claim 78, further comprising the step of:

detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a second gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

81. The method of claim 80, wherein the second gene is selected from the group consisting of human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

82. A method of diagnosing a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a human, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene in the DNA.

83. The method of claim 82, wherein at least one variant is a G to A transversion at position 2577 of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

84. A method of determining a response of a human to a cardiovascular drug, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb (COX6B) gene in the DNA or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene in the DNA.

85. The method of claim 78, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

86. The method of claim 82, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

87. The method of claim 84, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

88. A microarray, comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence of a polymorphic region from a human cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb (COX6B) gene.

89. The microarray of claim 88, wherein the polymorphic region comprises position 86 of the human cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb (COX6B) coding region.

90. A microarray comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence of a polymorphic region from a human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

91. The microarray of claim 90, wherein the polymorphic region comprises a locus selected from the group consisting of position 2577 of the human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene, position 2829 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2519 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2289 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 1938 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 1563 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2656 of the human GPI-1 gene, and position 2664 of the human GPI-1 gene.

92. The microarray of claim 91, wherein the polymorphic region comprises position 2577 of the human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

93. A kit comprising:

- (a) at least one probe specific for a polymorphic region of a human gene selected from the group consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit Vlb (COX6B); N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene; and
- (b) instructions for use.

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